The Little Green Data Book

Agriculture

Forests and biodiversity

Oceans

Energy and emissions

Water and sanitation

Environment and health

National accounting aggregates



2017 | THE LITTLE GREEN DATA BOOK



© 2017 International Bank for Reconstruction and Development / The World Bank

1818 H Street NW, Washington, DC 20433

Telephone: 202-473-1000; Internet: www.worldbank.org

Some rights reserved

1 2 3 4 20 19 18 17

This work is a product of the staff of The World Bank with external contributions. The findings, interpretations, and conclusions expressed in this work do not necessarily reflect the views of The World Bank, its Board of Executive Directors, or the governments they represent. The World Bank does not guarantee the accuracy of the data included in this work. The boundaries, colors, denominations, and other information shown on any map in this work on not imply any judgment on the part of The World Bank concerning the legal status of any territory or the endorsement or acceptance of such boundaries.

Nothing herein shall constitute or be considered to be a limitation upon or waiver of the privileges and immunities of The World Bank, all of which are specifically reserved.

Rights and Permissions



This work is available under the Creative Commons Attribution 3.0 IGO license (CC BY 3.0 IGO) http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/3.0/igo. Under the Creative Commons Attribution license, you are free to copy, distribute, transmit, and adapt this work, including for commercial purposes, under the following conditions:

Attribution—Please cite the work as follows: World Bank. 2017. The Little Green Data Book 2017. Washington, DC: World Bank. doi:10.1596/978-1-4648-1034-3. License: Creative Commons Attribution CC BY 3.0 IGO

Translations—If you create a translation of this work, please add the following disclaimer along with the attribution: This translation was not created by The World Bank and should not be considered an official World Bank translation. The World Bank shall not be liable for any content or error in this translation.

Adaptations—If you create an adaptation of this work, please add the following disclaimer along with the attribution: This is an adaptation of an original work by The World Bank. Views and opinions expressed in the adaptation are the sole responsibility of the author or authors of the adaptation and are not endorsed by The World Bank.

Third-party content—The World Bank does not necessarily own each component of the content contained within the work. The World Bank therefore does not warrant that the use of any third-party-owned individual component or part contained in the work will not infringe on the rights of those third parties. The risk of claims resulting from such infringement rests solely with you. If you wish to re-use a component of the work, it is your responsibility to determine whether permission is needed for that re-use and to obtain permission from the copyright owner. Examples of components can include, but are not limited to, tables, figures, or images.

All queries on rights and licenses should be addressed to World Bank Publications, The World Bank Group, 1818 H Street NW, Washington, DC 20433, USA; e-mail: pubrights@worldbank.org.

ISBN (paper): 978-1-4648-1034-3 ISBN (electronic): 978-1-4648-1035-0 DOI: 10.1596/978-1-4648-1034-3

Design by Communications Development Incorporated, Washington, D.C.

Contents

Acknowledgments iv
Foreword
Data notesvii
Regional tables
World
East Asia and Pacific
Europe and Central Asia4
Latin America and the Caribbean
Middle East and North Africa 6
North America7
South Asia
Sub-Saharan Africa
Income group tables
Low income
Lower middle income
Upper middle income
High income
Country tables (in alphabetical order)
Notes
Glossary
References

Acknowledgments

The Little Green Data Book 2017 is based on World Development Indicators 2017 and its online database. Defining, gathering, and disseminating international statistics is a collective effort of many people and organizations. The indicators presented in World Development Indicators are the fruit of decades of work at many levels, from the field workers who administer censuses and household surveys to the committees and working parties of the national and international statistical agencies that develop the nomenclature, classifications, and standards fundamental to the international statistical system. Nongovernmental organizations have also made important contributions. We are indebted to the World Development Indicators partners, as detailed in World Development Indicators 2017.

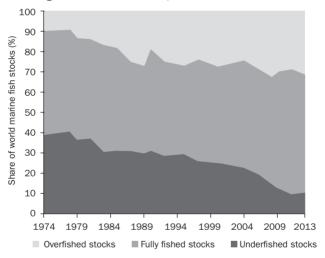
The Little Green Data Book 2017 is the result of close collaboration between the staff of the Development Data Group of the Development Economics Vice Presidency and the Environment and Natural Resources Global Practice. Charlotte De Fontaubert, Mahyar Eshragh-Tabary, Laura Ivers, Esther Naikal, Ana Florina Pirlea, William Prince, and Jomo Tariku contributed to its preparation. Jomo Tariku coordinated the production of the book. Barton Matheson Willse & Worthington typeset the book. The work was carried out under the direction of Haishan Fu and Karin Kemper. Staff from The World Bank's Formal Publishing Program oversaw publication and dissemination of the book.

Foreword

Welcome to *The Little Green Data Book 2017*, where we take the pulse of development and the environment through more than 50 indicators for all countries around the world. This year's edition features the blue economy, and provides indicators on capture fisheries, aquaculture production, and marine-related areas. We chose this focus to draw attention to the economic importance of fisheries for sustainable development.

According to the UN Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO), approximately one in ten people worldwide rely on fisheries and aquaculture for their livelihoods. At the same time, close to 90 percent of global fish stocks are either fully fished or overfished, meaning that only 10 percent of these resources remain to sustain these livelihoods and a growing global population.

State of global marine fish stocks, 1974-2013



Source: FAO 2016.

Despite their global importance, fisheries are measured and assessed on the basis of data that are frequently incomplete, limited, or even inaccurate. This impedes countries from effectively evaluating the importance of the sector as a path for sustainable development and hinders effective management of this important natural resource. A few recent initiatives have contributed to improving our understanding of what is really at stake.

The Sunken Billions, a joint World Bank and FAO report issued in 2009, first estimated foregone revenues as a result of overfishing at \$51 billion dollars in 2004. In 2017, using improved data, Sunken Billions Revisited provided an updated estimate of foregone revenues from overfishing at \$88 billion for 2004; in 2012 it stood at \$83 billion. These updated figures show that more than \$80 billion is lost each year compared to what could be achieved with sustainable fisheries management. Moreover, the report found that

Foreword

fisheries reform, in the form of a global reduction in fishing by 44 percent would increase fish populations by a factor of 2.7, from approximately 215 million metric tons to more than 580 million tons. In addition, even with less fishing taking place but with this increase in biomass, fishing would become much more efficient and annual harvests would actually increase by 13 percent and the price for landed fish would rise by 24 percent.

Another initiative informing this debate is the World Bank's development of natural wealth accounts for global marine fisheries. Such accounts were first established in 2012 to document fisheries' current value and estimate what they could be under better, more sustainable management. The picture painted was serious, showing that the economic performance of fisheries worldwide was substantially below what it could be, and that rebuilding fisheries could lead to an increase in global fisheries wealth, from \$120 billion to \$900 billion. An update of these numbers is now underway and will be included in the forthcoming publication, *The Changing Wealth of Nations 2017*.

These findings translate into significant opportunities at the national level. For example, in the case of Mauritania, a study (Mele, 2014) of its capital resources found that natural capital was much higher than initially thought, at 44 percent of the country's estimated total wealth. This new assessment drove home the importance of natural capital as an engine for economic growth, and showed that fisheries present a more sustainable path to development. At present, the fisheries sector represents more than 25 percent of the country's natural capital, but only 3 percent of its gross domestic product (GDP), highlighting an opportunity to better manage this renewable natural capital for food security, nutrition, and job creation.

As these recent studies confirm, fisheries reforms, based on significant reduction in overfishing, stand to increase significantly the overall economic benefits that can be derived from fisheries. We hope that the data on fisheries included in this edition of *The Little Green Data Book* help to improve global understanding of how to better manage this natural resource for sustainable economic growth, poverty reduction, and enhanced food security.

Karin Kemper Senior Director Environment and Natural Resources Global Practice Haishan Fu
Director
Development Data Group

Data notes

The data in this book are for the most recent year available as noted in the glossary.

- Growth rates are calculated as annual averages and represented as percentages.
- Figures in italics indicate data for years or periods other than those specified in the glossary.

Symbols used:

- indicates that data are not available or that aggregates cannot be calculated because of missing data.
- 0 or 0.0 indicates zero or small enough that the number would round to zero at the displayed number of decimal places.
 - \$ indicates current U.S. dollars.

Lettered notes on country tables can be found in the *Notes* on page 230. Data are shown for economies with populations greater than 30,000 or for smaller economies if they are members of the World Bank. The term *country* (used interchangeably with *economy*) does not imply political independence or official recognition by the World Bank but refers to any economy for which the authorities report separate social or economic statistics.

The selection of indicators in these pages includes some of those being used to monitor progress toward the Sustainable Development Goals. For more information about the seventeen goals—ending poverty, protecting the planet, and ensuring prosperity for all by 2030—please see the other books and online resources in the *World Development Indicators* 2017 family of products.

The cutoff date for data is May 11, 2017.

Regional tables

The country/territory composition of regions is based on the World Bank's analytical regions for FY 17 and may differ from common geographic usage.

East Asia and Pacific

American Samoa; Australia; Brunei Darussalam; Cambodia; China; Fiji; French Polynesia; Guam; Hong Kong SAR, China; Indonesia; Japan; Kiribati; Democratic People's Republic of Korea; Republic of Korea; Lao People's Democratic Republic; Macao SAR, China; Malaysia; Marshall Islands; Federated States of Micronesia; Mongolia; Myanmar; Nauru, New Caledonia; New Zealand; Northern Mariana Islands; Palau; Papua New Guinea; Philippines; Samoa; Singapore; Solomon Islands; Thailand; Timor-Leste; Tonga; Tuvalu; Vanuatu; Vietnam

Europe and Central Asia

Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Austria, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Channel Islands, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Faroe Islands, Finland, France, Georgia, Germany, Gibraltar, Greece, Greenland, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Isle of Man, Italy, Kazakhstan, Kosovo, Kyrgyz Republic, Latvia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Russian Federation, San Marino, Serbia, Slovak Republic, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Tajikistan, Turkey, Turkmenistan, Ukraine, United Kingdom, Uzbekistan

Latin America and the Caribbean

Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Aruba, The Bahamas, Barbados, Belize, Bolivia, Brazil, British Virgin Islands, Cayman Islands, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Curaçao, Dominica, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Grenada, Guatemala, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Jamaica, Mexico, Nicaragua, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, Puerto Rico, Sint Marrten (Dutch part), St. Kitts and Nevis, St. Lucia, St. Martin (French part), St. Vincent and the Grenadines, Suriname, Trinidad and Tobago, Turks and Caicos Islands, Uruguay, República Bolivariana de Venezuela, Virgin Islands (U.S.)

Middle East and North Africa

Algeria, Bahrain, Djibouti, Arab Republic of Egypt, Islamic Republic of Iran, Iraq, Israel, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Malta, Morocco, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Syrian Arab Republic, Tunisia, United Arab Emirates, West Bank and Gaza, Republic of Yemen

North America

Bermuda, Canada, United States

South Asia

Afghanistan, Bangladesh, Bhutan, India, Maldives, Nepal, Pakistan, Sri Lanka

Sub-Saharan Africa

Angola, Benin, Botswana, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cabo Verde, Cameroon, Central African Republic, Chad, Comoros, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Republic of Congo, Côte d'Ivoire, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Gabon, The Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Kenya, Lesotho, Liberia, Madagascar, Malawi, Mali, Mauritania, Maurituia, Mozambique, Namibia, Niger, Nigeria, Rwanda, São Tomé and Príncipe, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Somalia, South Africa, South Sudan, Sudan, Swaziland, Tanzania, Togo, Uganda, Zambia, Zimbabwe



World
Population (millions

GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$)	10,551
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$)	8,383
Urban population (% of total)	53.9
Agriculture	
Agricultural land (% land area)	38
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$)	1.983
Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	3,907
Forests and biodiversity Forest area (% land area)	30.8
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	0.1
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	14.8
Threatened species, mammals	3,406
Threatened species, birds	4,393 8,124
Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	15,056
	-
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	199,741
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	-0.1
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	6.4
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	12.2 284,300
Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km)	150,398
Francis and aminatons	
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)	1,929
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	10.1
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	3,144
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	66.3 16.2
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	5.0
Water and sanitation	
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	5,926
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	9.3
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	70
Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population)	91 85
Urban (% of urban population)	96
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	68
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	50 82
Olban (% of diban population)	
Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	44
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	92
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five)	
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)	
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	43
National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and de	gradation
Gross savings (% of GNI)	26.4 16.4
	4.2
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI)	4.2
Consumption or insed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.5
Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.5 0.2
Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.5 0.2 0.1
Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.5 0.2 0.1 1.4 0.2

East Asia & Pacific

Population (millions) 2,279.1 Land area (1,000 sq. km) 24,387 GDP (\$ billions) 21,738.0

GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	9,771 7,546 56.6
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	49 1,657 4,958
Forests and biodiversity Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	26.3 -0.2 15.6 918 1,097 1,549 3,515
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km)	132,587 0.9 6.5 17.0 203,050 67,121
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	2,137 7.7 3,682 76.4 15.0 6.3
Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	4,529 11.3 71 94 90 97 77 64 87
Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	44 97 17
National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and d Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI) CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	egradation 39.1 20.7 2.7 0.3 0.2 0.0 2.1 0.3 18.1

Europe & Central Asia

Population (millions) 907.8 Land area (1,000 sq. km) 27,440 GDP (\$ billions) 20,114.8

CNI per cenite World Bank Atles method (\$)	24,275
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$)	18,328
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$)	
Urban population (% of total)	70.9
Agriculture	
Agricultural land (% land area)	29
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$)	14,018
Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	3,910
Forests and biodiversity	
Forest area (% land area)	38.0
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	-0.1
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	12.6
Threatened species, mammals	350
Threatened species, hidhinals Threatened species, birds	638
Threatened species, fish	1,220
Threatened species, higher plants	1,032
0	
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	18,438
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	-0.9
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	2.9
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	13.0
Coral reef area (sq. km)	
Mangroves area (sq. km)	
Energy and emissions	
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)	3,157
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	5.9
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	5.369
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	49.8
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)	16.6
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	7.3
Water and sanitation	
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	7,850
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	7.4
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	47
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	98
Rural (% of rural population)	96
Urban (% of urban population)	99
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	93
Rural (% of rural population)	89
Urban (% of urban population)	95
Fundament and boots	
Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	19
PM _{2.5} pondition, mean annual exposure (pg/cu. m) PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	89
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five)	
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)	
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	11
	loguadatia:-
National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and of Gross savings (% of GNI)	legradation 22.5
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	16.1
	4.8
	4 ^
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	
Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.6
Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.6 0.1
Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.6 0.1 0.0
Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	4.6 0.6 0.1 0.0 1.0 0.1

Latin America & Caribbean

Population (millions) 633.0 Land area (1,000 sq. km) 20,039 GDP (\$ billions) 5,349.3

GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	8,968 7,249 79.9
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	38 7,188 4,169
Forests and biodiversity Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	46.3 0.4 23.3 622 1,011 1,642 5,108
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km)	14,416 -3.5 7.7 15.5 20,320 41,330
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	1,337 17.1 2,122 43.1 46.5 3.0
Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	22,160 2.4 71 95 84 97 83 64 88
Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	18 85 18
National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degregross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI) CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI) Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	17.7 10.2 4.9 0.9 0.1 1.1 0.2 9.4

Middle East & North Africa

Population (millions) 424.2 Land area (1,000 sq. km) 11,236 GDP (\$ billions) 3,138.6

GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	8,229 6,251 64.2
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	33 6,275 2,299
Forests and biodiversity Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	2.1 -0.8 11.7 224 279 610 290
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km)	4,857 2.0 9.4 3.8 15,470 513
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	2,365 0.6 2,906 96.3 2.6 6.0
Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	555 138.4 85 93 89 96 91 87
Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	61 100 23
National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and deg Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI) CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI) Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	24.7 9.9 5.2 4.7 0.0 0.1 2.1 0.2 12.9

North America

Population (millions) 357.3 Land area (1,000 sq. km) 18,241 GDP (\$ billions) 19,595.3

GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	55,117 47,319 81.6
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	26 78,898 6,867
Forests and biodiversity Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	36.0 -0.1 11.6 53 93 318 480
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km)	6,522 0.1 0.3 16.4 1,620 3,030
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	6,871 4.8 13,230 61.2 12.9 16.1
Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	15,991 9.3 34 99 98 99 100 100
Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	8 8 6
National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degrees savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI) CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI) Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	egradation 18.8 15.5 5.0 0.1 0.1 0.0 0.9 0.1 7.3

South Asia

Population (millions) **1,744.2** Land area (1,000 sq. km) **4,772** GDP (\$ billions) **2,683.3**

GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$)	1,535 1,365
Urban population (% of total)	33.0
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area)	57
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$)	1,131
Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	3,083
Forests and biodiversity Forest area (% land area)	17.5
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	-0.4
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	6.6
Threatened species, mammals	251 238
Threatened species, birds Threatened species, fish	383
Threatened species, higher plants	752
Oceans	45.474
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	15,171 1.9
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	7.3
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	2.3
Coral reef area (sq. km)	15,440
Mangroves area (sq. km)	10,343
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)	576
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	25.6
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	707
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)	80.0 11.6
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	1.4
Water and sanitation	
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	1,152 51.6
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	91
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	92
Rural (% of rural population)	91
Urban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	95 45
Rural (% of rural population)	35
Urban (% of urban population)	65
Environment and health	74
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (μg/cu. m) PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	100
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five)	
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)	-:-
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	53
National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and de	egradation 31.3
Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	10.5
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	2.8
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.4 0.1
Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.1
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	3.0
Air pollution damage (% of GNI) Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	1.2
	18.6

Sub-Saharan Africa

1,631

1,239

Population (millions) 1,001.0 Land area (1,000 sq. km) 23,618 GDP (\$ billions) 1,595.8

GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$)

Adjusted net national income per capita (\$)

Urban population (% of total)	37.7
Agriculture	
Agricultural land (% land area)	42
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	1,219
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	1,452
	1,402
Forests and biodiversity	25.7
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	0.5
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	15.3
Threatened species, mammals	918
Threatened species, birds	876
Threatened species, fish	2,023
Threatened species, higher plants	3,740
Oceans	
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	7,416
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	1.8
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	17.0
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	6.1 17,980
Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km)	28,061
- Intaligioves alea (sq. kill)	20,001
Energy and emissions	701
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	57.4
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	497
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	64.3
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)	21.2
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	0.8
Water and sanitation	
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	3,986
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	3.2
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	81
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	68 56
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	87
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	30
Rural (% of rural population)	23
Urban (% of urban population)	40
Environment and health	
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	36
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	99
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five)	.5
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)	14
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	83
National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and de	
Gross savings (% of GNI)	14.4 13.8
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI)	3.3
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	1.7
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.9
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	2.3
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	1.6
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	1.2
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	-3.9

Income group tables

For operational and analytical purposes the World Bank's main criterion for classifying economies is gross national income (GNI) per capita. Each economy in The Little Data Book is classified as low income, lower middle income, upper middle income, or high income. Note: Classifications are fixed during the World Bank's fiscal year (ending on June 30), thus countries remain in the categories in which they are classified irrespective of any revisions to their per capita income data.

Low-income economies are those with a GNI per capita of \$1,025 or less in 2015.

Lower middle-income economies are those with a GNI per capita between \$1,026 and \$4,035.

Upper middle-income economies are those with a GNI per capita between \$4.036 and \$12.475.

High-income economies are those with a GNI per capita of \$12,476 or more.

Low income

Population (millions) **638.3** Land area (1,000 sq. km) **13,382** GDP (\$ billions) **394.3**

GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	619 497 30.7
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	39 504 1,486
Forests and biodiversity Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	27.4 0.5 15.2 619 599 1,156 1,962
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km)	3,954 2.2 3.1 3.5 12,520 15,778
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	79.1 0.3
Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	4,629 3.3 90 66 56 87 28 23 40
Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	39 99 6 16 76
National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degrada Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI) CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI) Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	14.7 10.6 3.2 0.4 1.5 6.6 1.2 1.7 -3.8

Lower middle income

Population (millions) 2,927.5 Land area (1,000 sq. km) 21,753 GDP (\$ billions) 5,860.3

CALL non conite Month Bont Atlan mother (\$)	2 020
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$)	2,029
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$)	1,767
Urban population (% of total)	39.0
Agriculture	
Agricultural land (% land area)	44
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	
	1,614
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$)	
Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	3,185
Forests and biodiversity	24.0
Forest area (% land area)	24.3
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	0.4
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	12.0
	1,134
Threatened species, mammals	,
Threatened species, birds	1,199
Threatened species, fish	2,011
Threatened species, higher plants	3,971
Oceans	
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	58,665
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	2.4
	12.0
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	5.0
Coral reef area (sq. km)	128,580
Mangroves area (sq. km)	68,563
Energy and emissions	
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)	651
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	28.5
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	777
	74.9
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)	14.9
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	1.4
Water and sanitation	
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	3,003
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	18.4
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	88
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	90
	87
Rural (% of rural population)	
Urban (% of urban population)	94
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	52
Rural (% of rural population)	42
Urban (% of urban population)	67
Environment and health	_
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	58
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	99
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five)	
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)	
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	53
Notional appointing aggregates assume denichter and de	aradatic:
National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and de	
Gross savings (% of GNI)	27.6
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	9.7
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	3.0
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.8
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.3
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.4
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	2.3
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	0.9
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	16.1
Augustou not suvings (70 of unit)	10.1

Upper middle income

Population (millions) 2,593.9 Land area (1,000 sq. km) 59,525 GDP (\$ billions) 20,630.9

GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$)	
	8,263
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$)	6,302
Urban population (% of total)	64.1
— Population (% of total)	01
Agriculture	
Agricultural land (% land area)	35
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$)	2,208
Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	4,104
Forests and biodiversity	
Forest area (% land area)	34.9
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	0.0
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	15.3
Threatened species, mammals	1,05
Threatened species, birds	1,51
Threatened species, fish	2,31
Threatened species, higher plants	6,808
Oceans	
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	103,240
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	-0.
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	5.3
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	9.9
Coral reef area (sq. km)	48,88
Mangroves area (sq. km)	50,77
Energy and emissions	
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)	2,19
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	7.3
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	3,49
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	71.
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)	21.0
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	6.0
Water and sanitation	
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	8,26
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	6.3
	6
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population)	
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	9
Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population)	9
Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	99
Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	9: 9 9 8
Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	66 99 99 80 6
Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	9: 9 9 8: 6
Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Environment and health	99 9 9 81 6 8
Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	99 9 9 88 66 8
Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	9: 9 9 9 8: 6 6 8
Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Environment and health PM2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM2.5 exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five)	9 9 9 8 6 8 4 9
Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	9: 9 9 8: 6
Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Environment and health PM2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM2.5 exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	9 9 9 8 6 8 4 9
Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Urban (% of urban population) Environment and health PM_1.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM2.5 exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and	9 9 9 8 6 6 8 4 9
Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (μg/cu. m) PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and Gross savings (% of GNI)	9 9 9 8 6 8 4 9 1 degradation 36.
Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	9 9 9 8 6 8 4 9 1: degradation 36. 18.
Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Urban (% of urban population) Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI)	9 9 9 8 6 6 8 4 9 1 degradation 36. 18. 3.
Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Urban (% of urban population) Environment and health PM2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM2.5 exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI)	9 9 9 8 6 6 8 4 9 1: degradation 36. 18. 3.
Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Urban (% of urban population) Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (μg/cu. m) PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acuter resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	9 9 9 8 6 6 8 4 9 1 1 degradation 36. 18. 3. 1. 0.
Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Urban (% of urban population) Environment and health PM2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM2.5 pollution (% of Ghildren under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and (Gross savings (% of GNI)) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	99 98 86 68 4: 99 11: degradation 36. 18. 3. 1. 0.
Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Urban (% of urban population) Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (μg/cu. m) PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acuter resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	99 9 9 86 68 8

High income

Population (millions) 1,187.1 Land area (1,000 sg. km) 35,073 GDP (\$ billions) 47,418.1

GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	41,932 33,454 81.1
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	36 30,017 5,919
Forests and biodiversity Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	28.9 -0.0 15.7 527 923 2,263 2,176
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km)	33,549 -1.5 2.6 23.7 83,900 15,283
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	4,605 5.3 9,066 60.7 12.0 11.0
Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	8,733 9,88 41 100 99 100 99 99
Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	17 62
National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI) CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI) Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	22.2 16.6 4.8 0.3 0.1 0.0 0.8 0.1 9.1

Country tables

China

Unless otherwise noted, data for China do not include data for Hong Kong SAR. China: Macao SAR. China: or Taiwan. China.

Cyprus

GNI and GDP data and data calculated using GNI and GDP refer to the area controlled by the government of Cyprus.

Georgia

GNI, GDP, and population data and data calculated using GNI, GDP and population exclude Abkhazia and South Ossetia.

Kosovo, Montenegro, and Serbia

Data for each country are shown separately where available. However, some indicators for Serbia prior to 2006 include data for Montenegro; these data are noted in the tables. Moreover, data for most indicators for Serbia from 1999 onward exclude data for Kosovo, which in 1999 became a territory under international administration pursuant to UN Security Council Resolution 1244 (1999). Kosovo became a member of the World Bank on June 29, 2009, and its data are shown where available.

Moldova

GNI, GDP, and population data and data calculated using GNI, GDP and population exclude Transnistria.

Morocco

GNI and GDP data and data calculated using GNI and GDP include Former Spanish Sahara.

South Sudan and Sudan

South Sudan declared its independence on July 9, 2011. Data are shown separately for South Sudan where available. Data reported for Sudan exclude South Sudan unless otherwise noted.

Tanzania

GNI and GDP data and data calculated using GNI and GDP refer to mainland Tanzania only.

For more information, see World Development Indicators 2017 or data.worldbank.org.

<u>Afghanistan</u>

Population (millions) **32.5** Land area (1,000 sq. km) **653** GDP (\$ billions) **19.3**

	Country data	South Asia group	Low- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$)	610 525	1,535 1,365	619 497
Urban population (% of total)	26.7	33.0	30.7
Agriculture			
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	58 5.7	57	39
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$)		1,131	504
Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	2,018	3,083	1,486
Forests and biodiversity			
Forest area (% land area)	2.1 0.0	17.5 -0.4	27.4 0.5
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	0.0	-0.4 6.6	15.2
Threatened species, mammals	11	251	619
Threatened species, birds	17	238	599
Threatened species, fish	5	383	1,156
Threatened species, higher plants	5	752	1,962
Oceans		45 474	0.054
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	2.2 0.0	15,171 1.9	3,954 2.2
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	9.4	7.3	3.1
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	0.0	2.3	3.5
Coral reef area (sq. km)		15,440	12,520
Mangroves area (sq. km)		10,343	15,778
Energy and emissions			
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)		576	 79.1
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)		25.6 707	79.1
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)		80.0	
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)		11.6	
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	0.7	1.4	0.3
Water and sanitation			
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	1,491 43.0	1,152 51.6	4,629 3.3
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	99	91	90
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	55	92	66
Rural (% of rural population)	47	91	56
Urban (% of urban population)	78	95	87
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	32 27	45 35	28 23
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	45	65	40
Environment and health			
Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	48	74	39
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	100	100	99
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five			6
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	29 91	53	16 76
	. 41	d d	
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple Gross savings (% of GNI)	-11.9	degradat 31.3	ion 14.7
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	12.2	10.5	10.6
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	1.6	2.8	3.2
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.1 0.0	0.4 0.1	0.4 1.5
Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.1	6.6
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	5.9	3.0	1.2
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	4.5	1.2	1.7
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	-33.2	18.6	-3.8



Population (millions) 2.9 Land area (1.000 sq. km) 27 GDP (\$ billions) 11.4 Europe & Upper Central middle-Country Asia income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 4.280 24.275 8.263 18,328 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 3.450 6,302 Urban population (% of total) 57.4 70.9 64.1 Agriculture 29 35 Agricultural land (% land area) 43 178 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) 2,208 Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 3.854 14.018 4.893 3.910 4.104 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity 34.9 28 2 38.0 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -0.0-0.10.0 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 2.3 12.6 15.2 3 350 1.056 Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds 10 638 1.511 1,220 2,315 44 Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants 0 1,032 6.808 **Oceans** 7.9 18.438 103.240 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 43 -0.5 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -0.9Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 11.6 2.9 5.3 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 1.5 13.0 9.9 48 880 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 50.774 **Energy and emissions** 2,192 Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 807 3.157 5.9 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 94 7.3 2.306 5.369 3.495 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 0.0 49.8 71.1 100.0 16.6 21.0 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 1.7 7.3 6.6 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 9.296 7.850 8.261 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 4.9 7.4 6.3 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 39 47 68 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 95 98 95 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 95 96 91 Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) 95 99 97 93 93 80 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 90 89 67 Rural (% of rural population) 96 95 87 Urban (% of urban population) **Environment and health** 19 42 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 18 PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 89 95 5 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) .. Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) 5 Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 14 11 19 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 16.0 36.6 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 10.1 161 18.0 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 32 48 3.0 1.1 1.0 0.6 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.1 0.4 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.10.0 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.1 0.0 1.3 1.0 2.6 CO2 damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.2 0.1 0.3 9.5 17.2 64 Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

Algeria

Adjusted net national income per capita (\$)	Population (millions) 39.7 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	2,382 GD	P (\$ billions) 164.8
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$)			East & N. Africa	middle- income
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural imigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural imigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 6,061 6,275 2,206 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Forestsial protected areas (% of total land area) Forestrial protected areas (% of total land area) Threatened species, birds 14 224 1,056 Threatened species, higher plants 14 224 1,056 Threatened species, higher plants 14 290 6,808 Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Total fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Agriculture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Agriculture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Foreign and emissions Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Internal freshwater resources per capita (kum) Internal freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Agriculture (% of total population) Agriculture (% of total population) Burban (% of urban p	GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	3,449	6,251	8,263 6,302 64.1
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 6,061 6,275 2,208 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity Forests area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -1.4 -0.8 0.0 Ferrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 7.9 11.7 15.2 Threatened species, birds 14 279 1,511 Threatened species, birds 14 279 1,511 Threatened species, higher plants 18 290 6,808 Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 97.7 4,857 103,240 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -1.1 2.0 -0.5 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 93. 9.4 5.3 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 1.2 3.8 9.9 Coral reef area (sq. km) -15,470 48,880 Mangroves area (sq. km) -15,470 48,880 Mangroves area (sq. km) -15,470 48,880 Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 1,327 2,365 2,192 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 0.0 0.6 7.5 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 99.6 96.3 71.1 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 99.6 96.3 71.1 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 99.6 96.3 71.1 Co2 emissions per capita (metric tons) 3.5 6.0 6.6 Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 289 555 8,261 Total freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 289 555 8,261 Total freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 84 93 93 Access to improved water source (% of total) 99.6 96.3 71.1 Environment and health PM2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 84 96 97 Access to improved sanitation (% of itotal population) 82 89 99 Environment and health PM2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 36 61 42 PM2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 36 61 42 PM2.5 exposure (% of children under five)		10.1	01.2	01.1
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 6,061 6,275 2,208 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds Threatened species, birds Threatened species, birds Threatened species, higher plants Oceans Oceans Oceans Octal fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Ocal fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Deforest area (sq. km) Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) Dital freshwater resources per capita (kum) Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Dital freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Corpusisions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation Naccess to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Rural (% of ural population) Urban (% of urban population) Rural (% of urban population) Water specific (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Rural (% of urban population) Bay 3 9.8 Rural (% of urban population) Bay 4 9.6 Bay 5 55 Bay 6 6.0 Rural (% of urban population) Bay 6 9.6 Rural (% of urban population) Bay 8 9.8 Rural (% of urban population) Bay 9 9.8 Bay		17	33	35
Forests and blodiversity Some state So	Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)			2 200
Forest area (% land area)	Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$, Cereal yield (kg per hectare)		,	2,208 4,104
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) Total freathered species, mammals Threatened species, birds Threatened species, fish Threatened species, fish Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy y use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Oco ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) For fural population) Urban (% of urban population) Urban (% of urban population) Urban (% of urban population) Water source (% of total population) Enval (% of urban population) Bana (% of urban population) Urban (% of urban population) Environment and health PM2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Bana (% of urban population) Urban (% of urban population) Urban (% of urban population) Environment and health PM2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) Agriculture (% of of Of Of Ordin population) Bana (% of Ordin population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Bana (% of Ordin) Access to improved sanitation (% of otal population) Bana (% of Ordin)	Forests and biodiversity			
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 7.9 11.7 15.2	Forest area (% land area)			
Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds Threatened species, birds Threatened species, birds Threatened species, birds Threatened species, higher plants Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electricity generated using fossif fuel (% of total) Electricity generated using fossif fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) Electricity generated using fossif fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) Electricity generated using fossif fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) Electricity generated using fossif fuel (% of total) Electricity				
Threatened species, birds				1,056
Decans Threatened species, higher plants 18 290 6,808	Threatened species, birds			1,511
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 97.7 4,857 103,246 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) -1.1 2.0 -0.5 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) 9.3 9.4 5.3 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 1.2 3.8 9.3 Coral reef area (sq. km) 15,470 48,880 Mangroves area (sq. km) 513 50,774 Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 1,327 2,365 2,192 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 0.0 0.6 7.5 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 1,362 2,906 3,495 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 99.6 96.3 71.1 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 0.4 2.6 21.0 CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) 3.5 6.0 6.6 Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 289 <t< td=""><td>Threatened species, fish</td><td></td><td></td><td>2,315</td></t<>	Threatened species, fish			2,315
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Water and somitation Internal freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Water and somitation Internal freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Baccess to improved water source (% of total population) Water (% of urral population) Water (% of urral population) Water (% of urral population) Urban (% of urban population) Water (% of urban population) Water (% of of urban population) Water (% of urban popul		10	290	0,000
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	97.7	4.857	103.240
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 1.2 3.8 9.9 Coral reef area (sq. km) 15,470 48,886 Mangroves area (sq. km) 513 50,774 Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 1,327 2,365 2,192 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 0.0 0.6 7.3 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 1,362 2,906 3,495 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 9.4 2.6 21.0 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) 3.5 6.0 6.6 Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 289 555 8,261 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 74.9 138.4 6.3 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 59 85 68 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 84 93 95 Urban (% of urban population) 82 89 91 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 82 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-0.5</td>				-0.5
Coral reef area (sq. km)				5.3
Energy and emissions 1,327 2,365 2,192				
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 1,327 2,365 2,192 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 0.0 0.6 7.3 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 1,362 2,906 3,498 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 99.6 96.3 71.1 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 0.4 2.6 21.0 CO₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) 3.5 6.0 6.6 Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 289 555 8,261 Internal freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 74.9 138.4 6.3 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 59 85 68 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 84 93 95 Example (% of urban population) 84 96 97 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 84 96 97 Rural (% of rural population) 84 96 97 Rural (% of rural population) 87 90 93 87 Environment and health PM₂, 5 pollution, mean annual exposure (μg/cu. m) 36 61 42 PM₂, 5 exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 100 95 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five)	Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km)			50,774
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 1,327 2,365 2,192 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 0.0 0.6 7.3 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 1,362 2,906 3,498 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 99.6 96.3 71.1 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 0.4 2.6 21.0 CO₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) 3.5 6.0 6.6 Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 289 555 8,261 Internal freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 74.9 138.4 6.3 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 59 85 68 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 84 93 95 Example (% of urban population) 84 96 97 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 84 96 97 Rural (% of rural population) 84 96 97 Rural (% of rural population) 87 90 93 87 Environment and health PM₂, 5 pollution, mean annual exposure (μg/cu. m) 36 61 42 PM₂, 5 exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 100 95 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five)	Energy and emissions			
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 1,362 2,906 3,495 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 99.6 96.3 71.1 (Co2₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) 3.5 6.0 6.6 (Co2₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) 3.5 6.0 6.6 (Co2₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) 3.5 6.0 6.6 (Co2₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) 3.5 6.0 6.6 (Co2₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) 3.5 6.0 6.6 (Co2₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) 3.5 6.0 6.6 (Co2₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) 3.5 6.0 6.6 (Co2₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) 3.5 6.0 6.6 (Co2₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) 3.5 6.0 6.6 (Co2₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) 3.5 6.0 (Co2₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) 3.5 (Co1₂ e	Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)			2,192
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 99.6 96.3 71.1 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 0.4 2.6 21.0 CO₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) 3.5 6.0 6.6	Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)			
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)				
CO₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) 3.5 6.0 6.6 Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 289 555 8,261 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 74.9 138.4 6.3 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 59 85 68 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 84 93 95 Rural (% of rural population) 82 89 91 Urban (% of urban population) 84 96 97 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 82 87 67 Urban (% of urban population) 82 87 67 Urban (% of urban population) 90 93 87 Environment and health PM2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 36 61 42 PM2.5 exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 100 95 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five m				21.0
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)			6.6
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 74.9 138.4 6.3 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 59 85 68 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 84 93 95 Rural (% of rural population) 82 89 91 Urban (% of urban population) 84 96 97 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 88 91 80 91 8	Water and sanitation	200		0.004
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 59 85 68 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 84 93 95 Rural (% of rural population) 82 89 91 Urban (% of urban population) 84 96 97 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 88 91 80 Rural (% of rural population) 82 87 67 Urban (% of urban population) 82 87 67 Urban (% of urban population) 80 90 93 87 Environment and health PM_5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 36 61 42 PM_5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 36 61 42 PM_5 exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 100 95 Accute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 26 23 19 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 37.8 24.7 36.6 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 8.0 9.9 18.0 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 4.5 5.2 3.0 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 6.6 4.7 1.1 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.0 0.4 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.2 0.1 0.0 CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) 2.8 2.1 2.6 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.1 0.2 0.3				
Access to improved water source (% of total population) 84 93 95 Rural (% of rural population) 82 89 91 Urban (% of urban population) 84 96 97 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 88 91 80 Rural (% of rural population) 82 87 67 Rural (% of rural population) 82 87 67 Urban (% of urban population) 90 93 87 Environment and health PM2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (μg/cu. m) 36 61 42 PM2.5 exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 100 95 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 26 23 19 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 37.8 24.7 36.6 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 8.0 9.9 18.0 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 4.5 5.2 3.0 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 6.6 4.7 1.1 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.0 0.4 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.2 0.1 0.0 CO2 damage (% of GNI) 2.8 2.1 2.6 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.1 0.2 0.3				68
Rural (% of rural population) 82 89 91 Urban (% of urban population) 84 96 97 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 88 91 80 Rural (% of rural population) 82 87 67 Urban (% of urban population) 90 93 87 Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (μg/cu. m) 36 61 42 PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 100 95 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 26 23 15 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 37.8 24.7 36.6 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 8.0 9.9 18.0 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 4.5 5.2 3.6 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 6.6 4.7 1.1 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.0 0.4 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.2 0.1 0.0 CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) 2.8 2.1 2.6 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.1 0.2				95
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Rural (% of rural population) Beauty (% of urban population) Environment and health PM_2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM_2.5 exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) Rational accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI) O.3 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) O.4 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) O.5				91
Rural (% of rural population) 82 87 67 Urban (% of urban population) 90 93 87 Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (μg/cu. m) 36 61 42 PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 100 95 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 26 23 15 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 37.8 24.7 36.6 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 8.0 9.9 18.0 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 4.5 5.2 3.0 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 6.6 4.7 1.1 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.0 0.4 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.2 0.1 0.0 Old ganage (% of GNI) 2.8 2.1 2.6 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.1 0.2 0.3 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.1 0.2 0.3 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.1 0.2 0.3 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.1 0.2 0.3 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.1 0.2 0.3 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.1 0.2 0.3 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.1 0.2 0.3 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.1 0.2 0.3 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.1 0.2 0.3 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.1 0.2 0.3 Authors Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.1 0.2 0.3 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.3 0.3 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.3 0.				97
Urban (% of urban population) Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (μg/cu. m) 36 61 42 PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 100 95 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) 101				
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 36 61 42 PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 100 95 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five)				87
PM2.5 exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 100 95 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five)	Environment and health			
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Note forest depletion (% of GNI) CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI) O. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.	PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (μg/cu. m)			42
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 26 23 19 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation 37.8 24.7 36.6 Gross savings (% of GNI) 8.0 9.9 18.0 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 4.5 5.2 3.0 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 6.6 4.7 1.1 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.0 0.4 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.2 0.1 0.0 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 2.8 2.1 2.6 CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) 2.8 2.1 2.6 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.1 0.2 0.3				
Gross savings (% of GNI) 37.8 24.7 36.6 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 8.0 9.9 18.0 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 4.5 5.2 3.0 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 6.6 4.7 1.1 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.0 0.4 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.2 0.1 0.0 CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) 2.8 2.1 2.6 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.1 0.2 0.3	Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)			19
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 8.0 9.9 18.0 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 4.5 5.2 3.0 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 6.6 4.7 1.1 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.0 0.4 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.2 0.1 0.2 CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) 2.8 2.1 2.6 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.1 0.2 0.3				
Education expenditure (% of GNI) 4.5 5.2 3.0 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 6.6 4.7 1.1 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.0 0.4 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.2 0.1 0.0 CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) 2.8 2.1 2.6 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.1 0.2 0.3				
Energy depletion (% of GNI) 6.6 4.7 1.1 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.0 0.4 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.2 0.1 0.5 CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) 2.8 2.1 2.6 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.1 0.2 0.3				3.0
Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.0 0.4 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.2 0.1 0.5 CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) 2.8 2.1 2.6 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.1 0.2 0.3				1.1
Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.2 0.1 0.0 CO2 damage (% of GNI) 2.8 2.1 2.6 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.1 0.2 0.3	Mineral depletion (% of GNI)			0.4
Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.1 0.2 0.3	Net forest depletion (% of GNI)			0.0
F8- ()	CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)			2.6
	Air pollution damage (% of GNI) Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	0.1 24.7	12.9	0.3 17.2

American Samoa

Population (thousands) 56 Land area (sq. km) 200 GDP (\$ millions) 641.0 Upper East Asia middle-Country & Pacific income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 9.771 8.263 7,546 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 6,302 56.6 Urban population (% of total) 87.2 64.1 Agriculture 25 49 Agricultural land (% land area) 35 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) 2,208 Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 1.657 4.958 4.104 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity 34.9 877 26.3 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 0.2 -0.20.0 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 12.6 15.6 15.2 918 1.056 Threatened species, mammals 1 Threatened species, birds 8 1.097 1.511 2,315 1,549 Threatened species, fish 12 Threatened species, higher plants 1 3,515 6.808 **Oceans** 132.587 103.240 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 3.0 0.9 -0.5 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 8.9 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 9.7 6.5 5.3 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 17.3 17.0 9.9 220 203.050 48 880 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 0.52 67.121 50.774 **Energy and emissions** 2,192 Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 2,137 7.7 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 7.3 3.682 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 3.495 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 76.4 71.1 15.0 21.0 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 6.3 6.6 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 4.529 8.261 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) .. 11.3 6.3 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 71 68 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 100 95 94 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 90 100 91 Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) 100 97 97 63 77 80 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 63 64 67 Rural (% of rural population) 63 87 87 Urban (% of urban population) **Environment and health** 44 42 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 0 97 95 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 17 19 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 39.136.6 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 20.7 18.0 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 11.8 2.7 3.0 0.3 1.1 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.2 0.4 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) .. 0.0 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 2.1 2.6 CO2 damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.3 0.3

17.2

18.1

Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

Andorra

Population (thousands) 70 Land area (sq. km)	470 GDP (\$ billions)		and area (sq. km) 470 GDF		s) 3.2
	Country data	Europe & Central Asia group	High- income group		
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	43,270 85.1	24,275 18,328 70.9	41,932 33,454 81.1		
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	44	29	36		
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	7,762 	14,018 3,910	30,017 5,919		
Forests and biodiversity					
Forest area (% land area)	34.0	38.0	28.9		
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	0.0 19.5	-0.1 12.6	-0.0 15.7		
Threatened species, mammals	2	350	527		
Threatened species, birds	2	638	923		
Threatened species, fish	0	1,220	2,263		
Threatened species, higher plants	0	1,032	2,176		
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)		18,438	33,549		
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)		-0.9	-1.5		
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)		2.9	2.6		
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	0.0	13.0	23.7		
Coral reef area (sq. km)			83,900		
Mangroves area (sq. km)			15,283		
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)		3,157	4,745		
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)		5.9	5.3		
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)		5,369	9,066		
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)		49.8	60.7 12.0		
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	6.5	16.6 7.3	11.0		
	0.0	1.0			
Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	4.336	7,850	8,733		
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)		7.4	9.8		
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)		47	41		
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	100 100	98 96	100 99		
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	100	99	100		
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	100	93	99		
Rural (% of rural population)	100	89	99		
Urban (% of urban population)	100	95	100		
Environment and health	10	10	17		
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	10 35	19 89	17 62		
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five					
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)	,				
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	3	11	6		
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple	tion and				
Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	10.3	22.5 16.1	22.2 16.6		
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	2.4	4.8	4.8		
Energy depletion (% of GNI)		0.6	0.3		
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.1	0.1		
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)		0.0	0.0		
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)		1.0 0.1	0.8 0.1		
Air pollution damage (% of GNI) Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)		9.5	9.1		
majaotoa not ouvingo (70 or aivi)		5.5	5.1		

Angola

Population (millions) 25.0 Land area (1.000 sq. km) 1.247 GDP (\$ billions) 102.6 Sub-Upper Saharan middle-Country Africa income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 4.180 1.631 8.263 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 2,024 1,239 6,302 37.7 Urban population (% of total) 44.1 64.1 Agriculture 47 35 Agricultural land (% land area) 42 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) 2,208 Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 1.219 888 1.452 4.104 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity 25.7 34.9 46 4 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 0.2 0.5 0.0 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 7.0 15.3 15.2 918 1.056 17 Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds 26 876 1.511 2,315 51 2,023 Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants 34 3.740 6.808 **Oceans** 7.416 103.240 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 497 5.0 -0.5 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 1.8 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 41.1 17.0 5.3 0.1 6.1 9.9 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 17.980 48 880 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 312 28.061 50.774 **Energy and emissions** Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 606 701 2.192 48.8 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 57.4 7.3 3.495 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 347 497 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 468 64.3 71.1 53.2 21.2 21.0 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 1.4 0.8 6.6 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 3.986 8.261 6.109 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 0.5 3.2 6.3 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 21 81 68 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 49 68 95 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 28 56 91 Rural (% of rural population) 75 Urban (% of urban population) 87 97 52 30 80 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 23 23 67 Rural (% of rural population) 29 40 87 Urban (% of urban population) **Environment and health** 36 36 42 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 99 95 5 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) .. 14 Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 157 83 19 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) -7.214.4 36.6 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 34 5 13.8 18.0 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 3.6 3.3 3.0 1.1 8.7 1.7 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.9 0.4 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 2.3 0.0 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.4 1.1 1.6 2.6 CO2 damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 12 1.2 0.3 17.2 -49.6-3.9Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

Antigua and Barbuda

440 GDP (\$ billions) Population (thousands) 92 Land area (sq. km) 1.3 Latin America & High-Country Caribbean income data group group 13.270 8.968 41.932 GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 7.249 33 454 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 23.8 79 9 81.1 Urban population (% of total) Agriculture 36 20 38 Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) 2.734 7 188 30 017 Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 1,593 4,169 5,919 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity 22.3 46.3 28.9 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 0.1 0.4 -0.05.5 23.3 15.7 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 2 622 527 Threatened species, mammals 1 1.011 923 Threatened species, birds 1.642 2.263 29 Threatened species, fish 5.108 2.176 Threatened species, higher plants **Oceans** 3.0 14.416 33.549 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 3.8 -3.5-1.5 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 7.7 2.6 1 4 15.5 23.7 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 240 20.320 83.900 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 8.4 41,330 15,283 **Energy and emissions** 4,745 1,337 Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 17.1 5.3 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 2,122 9,066 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 60.7 43 1 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 46.5 12.0 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 5.8 3.0 11.0 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 22,160 572 8.733 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 22 1 24 98 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 16 71 41 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 98 95 100 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 98 84 99 Rural (% of rural population) 98 97 100 Urban (% of urban population) 99 91 83 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 91 64 aa Rural (% of rural population) 88 100 Urban (% of urban population) **Environment and health** 14 18 17 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 85 62 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) 6 Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 18 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation 22.2 Gross savings (% of GNI) 8.9 17.7 11.4 10.2 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 16.6 2.3 49 48 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 0.0 0.9 0.3 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.9 0.1 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.1 0.0 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 1.5 0.8 1.1 CO2 damage (% of GNI) 0.2 0.1 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 94 9.1 Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

Argentina

Population (millions) 43.4 Land area (1,000 sq. km) 2,737 GDP (\$ billions) 584.7

	Country data	Latin America & Caribbean group	
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$)	12,450	8,968	8,263
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$)	11,749	7,249	6,302
Urban population (% of total)	91.8	79.9	64.1
Agriculture			
Agricultural land (% land area)	54	38	35
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	1.5 23,361	7,188	2,208
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	4,823	4,169	4,104
Forests and biodiversity			
Forest area (% land area)	9.9	46.3	34.9
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	1.1	0.4	0.0
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	6.8	23.3	15.2
Threatened species, mammals	37 50	622	1,056
Threatened species, birds	39	1,011 1,642	1,511 2,315
Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	70	5,108	6,808
Threatened species, higher plants		3,100	
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	818	14,416	103,240
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	-0.8	-3.5	-0.5
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	4.9	7.7	5.3
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	8.9	15.5	9.9
Coral reef area (sq. km)		20,320	48,880
Mangroves area (sq. km)		41,330	50,774
Energy and emissions	2,015	1,337	2,192
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)	4.6	17.1	7.3
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	3,052	2,122	3,495
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	64.4	43.1	71.1
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)	29.0	46.5	21.0
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	4.5	3.0	6.6
Water and sanitation			
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	6,794	22,160	8,261
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	12.9	2.4	6.3
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	74 99	71 95	68 95
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	100	84	91
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	99	97	97
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	96	83	80
Rural (% of rural population)	98	64	67
Urban (% of urban population)	96	88	87
Environment and health			
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	13	18	42
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	97	85	95
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five)		
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	13	18	19
	tion on	l degradat	ion
National accounting aggregatos savings donlo		ı uegrauat	36.6
Gross savings (% of GNI)	14.5	17.7	
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	14.5 10.3	17.7 10.2	18.0
Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI)	14.5 10.3 5.1	17.7 10.2 4.9	18.0 3.0
Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI)	14.5 10.3 5.1 0.7	17.7 10.2 4.9 0.9	18.0 3.0 1.1
Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	14.5 10.3 5.1 0.7 0.2	17.7 10.2 4.9 0.9 0.9	18.0 3.0 1.1 0.4
Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	14.5 10.3 5.1 0.7 0.2 0.0	17.7 10.2 4.9 0.9 0.9 0.1	18.0 3.0 1.1 0.4 0.0
Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	14.5 10.3 5.1 0.7 0.2	17.7 10.2 4.9 0.9 0.9	18.0 3.0 1.1 0.4

Armenia

Population (millions) 3.0 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	28 GE	28 GDP (\$ billions)		28 GDP (\$ billions) 10	i) 10.5
	Country data	Europe & Central Asia group	Lower middle- income group		
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$)	3,880	24,275	2,029		
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	3,116 62.7	18,328 70.9	1,767 39.0		
Agriculture					
Agricultural land (% land area)	59 9.2	29	44		
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$)		14,018	1,614		
Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	3,147	3,910	3,185		
Forests and biodiversity	44.7	20.0	04.0		
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	11.7 0.0	38.0 -0.1	24.3 0.4		
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	24.8	12.6	12.0		
Threatened species, mammals	9	350	1,134		
Threatened species, birds	15 3	638	1,199		
Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	71	1,220 1,032	2,011 3,971		
0ceans					
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	23.3	18,438	58,665		
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	14.0 20.8	-0.9 2.9	2.4 12.0		
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	0.0	13.0	5.0		
Coral reef area (sq. km)			128,580		
Mangroves area (sq. km)			68,563		
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)	984	3,157	651		
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	1.1	5.9	28.5		
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	1,900	5,369	777		
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	42.4 25.7	49.8 16.6	74.9 14.9		
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	1.8	7.3	1.4		
Water and sanitation					
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	2,282	7,850	3,003		
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	42.9 39	7.4 47	18.4 88		
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	100	98	90		
Rural (% of rural population)	100	96	87		
Urban (% of urban population)	100	99	94		
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population)	90 78	93 89	52 42		
Urban (% of urban population)	96	95	67		
Environment and health					
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	26	19	58		
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five	100	89	99		
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)	9				
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	14	11	53		
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple			t ion 27.6		
Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	17.4 12.2	22.5 16.1	9.7		
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	2.1	4.8	3.0		
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.6	0.8		
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	1.8 0.2	0.1 0.0	0.3 0.4		
Net forest depletion (% of GNI) CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	1.6	1.0	2.3		
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	0.5	0.1	0.9		
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	3.2	9.5	16.1		



Population (thousands) 104 Land area (sq. km) 180 GDP (\$ billions) Latin America & High-Country Caribbean income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 8.968 41.932 7,249 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 33 454 79.9 Urban population (% of total) 41.5 81.1 Agriculture 36 Agricultural land (% land area) 11 38 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 1.232 7.188 30.017 4.169 5.919 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity 23 463 289 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 0.0 0.4 -0.0Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 0.5 23.3 15.7 2 622 527 Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds 1 1.011 923 23 2,263 Threatened species, fish 1.642 Threatened species, higher plants 2 5,108 2,176 **Oceans** 14.416 33.549 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 0.14 -1.5 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -0.9 -3.5Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 7.7 2.6 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 0.0 15.5 23.7 <50 20.320 83 900 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 0.71 41.330 15.283 **Energy and emissions** Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 1,337 4.745 17.1 5.3 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 2.122 9.066 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 43.1 60.7 46.5 12.0 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 8.5 3.0 11.0 CO₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 22.160 8.733 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) .. 2.4 9.8 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 71 41 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 100 98 95 Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) 98 84 99 97 100 Urban (% of urban population) 98 98 83 99 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 98 64 99 Rural (% of rural population) 98 88 100 Urban (% of urban population) **Environment and health** 18 17 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 85 62 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 18 6 ..

National accounting aggregates—savings, d	epletion and de	gradatio	n
Gross savings (% of GNI)		17.7	22.2
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)		10.2	16.6
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	5.8	4.9	4.8
Energy depletion (% of GNI)		0.9	0.3
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)		0.9	0.1
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)		0.1	0.0
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)		1.1	0.8
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)		0.2	0.1
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)		9.4	9.1

Australia

Population (millions) 23.8 Land area (1,000 sq. km) 7,682 GDP (\$ billions) 1,339.1

	Country data	East Asia & Pacific group	High- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	60,050 44,339 89.4	7,546	41,932 33,454 81.1
Agriculture			
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	53 0.6		36
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	58,574 2,137		30,017 5,919
Forests and biodiversity	100	20.2	20.0
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	16.2 0.2		28.9 -0.0
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	14.6		15.7
Threatened species, mammals	63 50		527 923
Threatened species, birds Threatened species, fish	118	-,	2,263
Threatened species, higher plants	92		2,176
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	246	132,587	33,549
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	-1.9		-1.5
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	7.3		2.6
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km)	48.5 48.960		23.7 83,900
Mangroves area (sq. km)	9,910		15,283
Energy and emissions	5,338	2,137	4.745
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	4.1		5.3
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	10,078	3,682	9,066
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)	85.1 7.4		60.7 12.0
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	16.3		11.0
Water and sanitation	20,971	4,529	8,733
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	4.0		9.8
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	66	71	41
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	100 100		100 99
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	100		100
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	100	77	99
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	100 100		99 100
Environment and health	100		
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	6	44	17
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	0	97	62
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five))		
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	4	17	6
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple			ion 22.2
Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	23.5 18.0		16.6
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	5.1	2.7	4.8
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.2		0.3
Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	1.3 0.0		0.1 0.0
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	0.9	2.1	0.8
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	0.0		0.1
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	8.1	18.1	9.1

Austria

Population (millions) 8.6 Land area (1.000 sq. km) 83 GDP (\$ billions) 377.0 Europe & Central High-Country Asia income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 47.260 24.275 41.932 18,328 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 35,490 33 454 Urban population (% of total) 66.0 70.9 81.1 Agriculture 36 Agricultural land (% land area) 33 29 19 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 44,740 14.018 30.017 7.276 3.910 5.919 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity 28.9 469 38.0 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -0.1-0.1-0.0Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 28.4 12.6 15.7 3 350 527 Threatened species, mammals 923 Threatened species, birds 12 638 1,220 2,263 Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants 13 1,032 2.176 **Oceans** 18.438 33.549 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 3.9 -1.5 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -1.5-0.9Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 1.4 2.9 2.6 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 0.0 13.0 23.7 83 900 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 15.283 **Energy and emissions** Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 3.765 3.157 4.745 5.9 5.3 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 197 8.361 5.369 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 9.066 49.8 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 17.7 60.7 66.6 16.6 12.0 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 7.4 7.3 11.0 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 6.439 7.850 8.733 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 6.3 7.4 9.8 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 2 47 41 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 100 100 98 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 100 96 99 Rural (% of rural population) 100 Urban (% of urban population) 100 99 100 93 99 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 100 89 99 Rural (% of rural population) 100 95 100 Urban (% of urban population) **Environment and health** 17 19 17 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 89 62 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) Λ 11 6 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 26.1 22.2 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 18 2 161 166 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 5.3 4.8 48 0.1 0.6 0.3 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.1 0.1 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.0 0.5 1.0 0.8 CO2 damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.1 0.1 0.1 9.5 126 9.1 Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

Azerbaijan

Population (millions) 9.6 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	83 GE	P (\$ billions) 53.0
	Country data	Europe & Central Asia group	Upper middle- income group
GNI per capita, <i>World Bank Atla</i> s method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	6,560 4,537 54.6	24,275 18,328 70.9	8,263 6,302 64.1
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area)	58	29	35
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	29.7 3,339 2,386	14,018 3,910	2,208 4,104
Forests and biodiversity	40.0	20.0	0.4.0
Forest area (% land area)	13.8 -1.8	38.0 -0.1	34.9 0.0
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	14.0	12.6	15.2
Threatened species, mammals	8	350	1,056
Threatened species, birds	18	638	1,511
Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	12 42	1,220 1,032	2,315 6,808
Oceans			
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	1.1	18,438	103,240
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	-20.8 9.7	-0.9 2.9	-0.5 5.3
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	0.0	13.0	9.9
Coral reef area (sq. km)			48,880
Mangroves area (sq. km)			50,774
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)	1,502	3,157	2,192
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	1.1	5.9	7.3
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	2,202	5,369	3,495
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	94.0	49.8	71.1
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	5.3 3.8	16.6 7.3	21.0 6.6
Water and sanitation			
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	851 147.5	7,850 7.4	8,261 6.3
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	84	47	68
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	87	98	95
Rural (% of rural population)	78	96	91
Urban (% of urban population)	95 89	99 93	97 80
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population)	87	89	67
Urban (% of urban population)	92	95	87
Environment and health	20	10	42
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	30 100	19 89	42 95
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five)			
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	32	 11	 19
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple	tion and	l degradat	ion
Gross savings (% of GNI)	29.7	22.5	36.6
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	6.2	16.1	18.0
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	2.5 8.3	4.8 0.6	3.0 1.1
Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.1	0.6	0.4
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.0	0.0
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	1.7	1.0	2.6
Adjusted not sovings (% of GNI)	0.2 15.7	0.1 9.5	0.3 17.2
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	10.7	9.0	11.2

Bahamas, The

Population (thousands) 388 Land area (1,000 sq. km) 10 GDP (\$ billions) 8.9

	Country data	Latin America & Caribbean group	High- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$)	20,740 19,754	7,249	41,932 33,454
Urban population (% of total)	82.9	79.9	81.1
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	1	38	36
Agricultural inflated land (% of lotal agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	29,405 8,187	7,188 4,169	30,017 5,919
Forests and biodiversity			
Forest area (% land area)	51.4 0.0		28.9 -0.0
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	13.3		15.7
Threatened species, mammals	6		527
Threatened species, birds	7	1,011	923
Threatened species, fish	44	, -	2,263
Threatened species, higher plants	8	5,108	2,176
Oceans	11.3	14,416	33,549
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	-2.1		-1.5
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	10.0		2.6
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	0.4		23.7
Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km)	3,150 875		83,900 15,283
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	 8.2	1,337 17.1 2,122 43.1 46.5 3.0	4,745 5.3 9,066 60.7 12.0 11.0
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)		0.4	9.8
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)		71	41
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	98		100
Rural (% of rural population)	98 98		99 100
Urban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	92		99
Rural (% of rural population)	92		99
Urban (% of urban population)	92	88	100
Environment and health	4.4	40	
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	14 100		17 62
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five			
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)	,		
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	12	18	6
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple	tion and	d degradat	
Gross savings (% of GNI)	14.3		22.2
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI)	9.3 3.8		16.6 4.8
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.0		0.3
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.0		0.1
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.0		0.0
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	1.2		0.8
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	0.1 7.4	0.2 9.4	0.1 9.1
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	1.4	3.4	3.1

Bahrain

Population (millions) 1.4 Land area (sq. km)	771 GD	31.1	
	Country data	Middle East & N. Africa group	High- income group
GNI per capita, <i>World Bank Atla</i> s method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	19,840 16,428 88.8	8,229 6,251 64.2	41,932 33,454 81.1
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area)	11	33	36
Agricultural irrigated land (% off total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)		6,275 2,299	30,017 5,919
Forests and biodiversity			
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	0.8 -3.3 2.9	2.1 -0.8 11.7	28.9 -0.0 15.7
Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds	3	224 279	527 923
Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	10 0	610 290	2,263 2,176
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	15.0	4,857	33,549
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	1.7 -4.5	2.0	-1.5 2.6
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	7.6	3.8	23.7
Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km)	570 0.65	15,470 513	83,900 15,283
Energy and emissions	10,395	2,365	4,745
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	0.0	0.6	5.3
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	19,225	2,906	9,066 60.7
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)	100.0 0.0	96.3 2.6	12.0
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	23.7	6.0	11.0
Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	3	555	8,733
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	8,935.0	138.4	9.8
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population)	45 100	85 93	41 100
Rural (% of rural population)	100	89	99
Urban (% of urban population)	100 99	96	100
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population)	99	91 87	99 99
Urban (% of urban population)	99	93	100
Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	55	61	17
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	100	100	62
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five			-
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	6	23	6
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple Gross savings (% of GNI)	tion and	degradat 24.7	tion 22.2
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	7.2	9.9	16.6
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	2.9	5.2	4.8
Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	5.2 0.0	4.7 0.0	0.3 0.1
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.1	0.0
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	4.2 0.1	2.1	0.8
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)		0.2	0.1

Bangladesh

Population (millions) 161.0 Land area (1.000 sq. km) 130 GDP (\$ billions) 195.1 Lower South middle-Country Asia income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 1.190 1.535 2.029 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 1,175 1,365 1,767 33.0 Urban population (% of total) 34.3 39.0 Agriculture 70 44 Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) 743 1.131 1.614 Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 4.618 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) 3.083 3.185Forests and biodiversity 17.5 243 Forest area (% land area) 11 0 Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 0.2 -0.40.4 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 4.6 6.6 12.0 36 251 1.134 Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds 33 238 1.199 27 383 2,011 Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants 21 752 3,971 **Oceans** 3.684 58.665 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 15.171 33 19 24 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 7.9 7.3 12.0 2.5 2.3 5.0 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) <50 15.440 128 580 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 4.951 10.343 68.563 **Energy and emissions** Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 223 576 651 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 26 1 25.6 28.5 707 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 311 777 74.9 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 98 7 80.0 1.1 11.6 14.9 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 0.4 1.4 1.4 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 3.003 660 1.152 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 34.2 51.6 18.4 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 88 91 88 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 87 92 90 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 87 87 91 Rural (% of rural population) 87 95 94 Urban (% of urban population) 45 52 61 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 35 42 Rural (% of rural population) 62 58 65 67 Urban (% of urban population) **Environment and health** 89 74 58 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 100 99 5 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) .. 6 Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 38 53 53 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 33.9 31.3 27.6 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 8 1 10.5 9.7 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 1.6 2.8 3.0 0.6 0.4 0.8 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.1 0.3 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.3 0.3 0.4 1.2 3.0 2.3 CO2 damage (% of GNI) 1.2 1.2 0.9 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 242 18.6 16.1 Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

Barbados

	Population (thousands) 284 Land area (sq. km)	430 G	DP (\$ billions) 4.4
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$)			America & Caribbean	income
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural and) 15,125 7,188 30,017	Adjusted net national income per capita (\$)	13,073	7,249	41,932 33,454 81.1
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 15,125 7,188 30,017 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) 2,700 4,169 5,919 Forests and blodiversity Forest area (% land area) 14.7 46.3 28.9 Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 0.0 0.4 -0.0 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 0.2 23.3 15.7 Threatened species, mammals 3 622 527 Threatened species, birds 29 1,642 2,263 Threatened species, birds 29 1,642 2,263 Threatened species, higher plants 3 5,108 2,176 Cocans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 3.1 14,416 33,549 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -0.2 -3.5 -1.5 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -0.2 -3.5 -1.5 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -0.2 -3.5 3,000 Mangroves area (sq. km) <100 20,320 83,900 Mangroves area (sq. km) <100 20,320 83,900 Mangroves area (sq. km) 1,337 4,745 Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 1,337 4,745 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 17.1 5.3 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 2,122 9,066 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 46.5 12.0 Electricity generated wising fossil fuel (% of total) 46.5 12.0 C0_2 emissions per capita (metric tons) 40.5 12.0 C0_2 emissions per capita (metric tons) 40.5 12.0 C0_2 emissions per capita (metric tons) 40.5 12.0 Entricity generated wind freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 40.9 8 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 68 7.1 41 Access to improved smaltation 40.9 8 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 68 7.1 41 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 100 95 100 Rural (% of rural population) 96 83 100 Environment and health PM_5.5 population, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 15 18 17 PM_5.5 exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)		33	38	36
Forest area (% land area) 14.7 46.3 28.9 Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 0.0 0.4 -0.0 Carrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 0.2 23.3 15.7 Threatened species, mammals 3 622 527 Threatened species, birds 29 1,642 2,263 Threatened species, higher plants 3 5,108 2,176 Threatened species, higher plants 3 14,416 33,549 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -0.2 -3.5 -1.5 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -0.2 -3.5 -1.5 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -0.1 15.5 23.7 Coral reef area (sq. km) <0.04 41,330 15,283 Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 1,337 4,745 Energy grom biomass products and waste (% of total) 17.1 5.3 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 2,122 9,066 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 46.5 12.0 Co ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) 5.1 3.0 11.0 Water and sanitation Internal freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 101.3 2.4 9.8 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 68 71 41 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 100 95 100 Rural (% of rural population) 100 97 100 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 96 83 99 Rural (% of rural population) 96 64 99 Urban (% of urban population) 96 64 99 Rural (% of rural population) 96 64 99 Urban (% of urban population) 96 64 99 Urban (% of urban population) 96 64 99 Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Counter the prevalence (% of GNI) National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation ex	Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$)	15,125	7,188	30,017
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15)				
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)				
Threatened species, mammals 3 622 527				
Threatened species, birds 29 1,642 2,263				
Threatened species, fish 29 1,642 2,263				
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 3.1 14,416 33,549 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) -0.2 -3.5 -1.5 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) 7.7 2.6 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 0.1 15.5 23.7 Coral reef area (sq. km) -100 20,320 83,900 Mangroves area (sq. km) 0.04 41,330 15,283 Energy and emissions Energy and emissions 1,337 4,745 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 17.1 5.3 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 17.1 5.3 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 43.1 60.7 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 46.5 12.0 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) 5.1 3.0 11.0 Water and sanitation Intellectricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 48.7 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>2,263</td>				2,263
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Coral reef area (sq. km) C	Threatened species, higher plants	3	5,108	2,176
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Acoral reef area (sq. km) All 15.5 Coral reef area (sq. km) All 2000-20,		3 1	14.416	33 5/10
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) 7.7 2.6 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 0.1 1.5.5 23.7 Coral reef area (sq. km) 0.04 41,330 15,283				
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)				
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 1,337 4,745				
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 1,337 4,745 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 17.1 5.3 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 2,122 9,066 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 43.1 60.7 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 46.5 12.0 CO₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) 5.1 3.0 11.0 Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 282 22,160 8,733 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 101.3 2.4 9.8 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 68 71 41 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 100 95 100 Rural (% of rural population) 100 95 100 Rural (% of rural population) 100 97 100 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 96 83 99 Rural (% of rural population) 96 64 99 Urban (% of urban population) 96 64 99 Urban (% of urban population) 96 64 99 Environment and health Environment and health Environment and health PM2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (μg/cu. m) 15 18 17 PM2.5 exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 85 62 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five)			,	
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)	Mangroves area (sq. km)	0.04	41,330	15,283
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 17.1 5.3			1 227	4 745
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)			474	
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 43.1 60.7 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 46.5 12.0 CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) 5.1 3.0 11.0 Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 282 22,160 8,733 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 101.3 2.4 9.8 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 68 71 41 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 100 95 100 Rural (% of rural population) 100 95 100 84 99 Urban (% of urban population) 100 97 100 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 96 83 99 Rural (% of rural population) 96 64 99 Urban (% of urban population) 96 88 100 Environment and health PM2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 15 18 17 PM2.5 exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 85 62 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five)				
CO₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) 5.1 3.0 11.0 Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 282 22,160 8,733 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 101.3 2.4 9.8 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 68 71 41 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 100 95 100 Rural (% of rural population) 100 97 100 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 96 83 99 Rural (% of rural population) 96 64 99 Urban (% of urban population) 96 64 99 Urban (% of urban population) 96 88 100 Environment and health Environment and health PM2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 15 18 17 PM2.5 exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 85 62 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) <tr< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>60.7</td></tr<>				60.7
Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 282 22,160 8,733 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 101.3 2.4 9.8 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 68 71 41 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 100 95 100 Rural (% of rural population) 100 84 99 Urban (% of urban population) 100 97 100 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 96 83 99 Rural (% of rural population) 96 64 99 Urban (% of urban population) 96 88 100 Environment and health Total population 96 88 100 Environment and health PM2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 15 18 17 PM2.5 exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 85 62 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of chilloren under		_ "		
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	5.1	3.0	11.0
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Bural (% of rural population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Bural (% of rural population) Bural (% of urban population) Environment and health PM2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (μg/cu. m) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Burarhea prevalence (% of GNI) Astional accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Burarhea from the fixed capital (% of GNI) Burarhea (% of GNI) Burar		202	22 160	0 722
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 68 71 41 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 100 95 100 Rural (% of rural population) 100 97 100 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 100 97 100 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 96 83 99 Rural (% of rural population) 96 64 99 Urban (% of urban population) 96 88 100 Environment and health				
Access to improved water source (% of total population) 100 95 100 Rural (% of rural population) 100 97 100				
Urban (% of urban population) 100 97 100 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 96 83 99 Rural (% of rural population) 96 64 99 Urban (% of urban population) 96 88 100 Environment and health The population, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 15 18 17 PM2.5 exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 85 62 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 13 18 6 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) -5.4 17.7 22.2 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 10.9 10.2 16.6 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 0.0 0.9 0.3 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.9 0.3 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.9 0.1 <td></td> <td>100</td> <td>95</td> <td>100</td>		100	95	100
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 96 83 99 Rural (% of rural population) 96 64 99 Urban (% of urban population) 96 88 100 Pentan (% of urban population) 97 100 85 62 Pentan (% of children under five) 100 85 62 Pentan (% of children under five) 100 85 62 Pentan (% of children under five) 100 85 62 Pentan (% of children under five) 100 97 100 Pentan (% of children under five) 100 97 100 Pentan (% of Children under five) 100 97 100 Pentan (% of GNI) 100 Penta				
Rural (% of rural population) 96 64 99 Urban (% of urban population) 96 88 100 Environment and health				
Urban (% of urban population) 96 88 100				
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 15 18 17 PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 85 62 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 13 18 6 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI)5.4 17.7 22.2 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 10.9 10.2 16.6 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 6.8 4.9 4.8 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.9 0.3 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.9 0.1 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.1 0.0 CO₂ damage (% of GNI) 1.1 1.1 1.0 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.2 0.2 0.1				
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 15 18 17 PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 85 62 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 13 18 6 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI)5.4 17.7 22.2 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 10.9 10.2 16.6 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 6.8 4.9 4.8 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.9 0.3 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.9 0.1 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.1 0.0 CO₂ damage (% of GNI) 1.1 1.1 1.0 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.2 0.2 0.1	Environment and health			
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI) On 0.0 On 0.1 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI) On 0.2 On 0.3 On 0.3 On 0.4 On 0.5 On 0.5 On 0.6 On 0.7				
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)			85	62
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 13 18 6 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation -5.4 17.7 22.2 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 10.9 10.2 16.6 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 6.8 4.9 4.8 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.9 0.3 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.9 0.1 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.1 0.0 CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) 1.1 1.1 1.1 0.8 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.2 0.2 0.1)		
Gross savings (% of GNI) -5.4 17.7 22.2 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 10.9 10.2 16.6 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 6.8 4.9 4.8 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.9 0.3 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.1 0.0 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.1 1.0 CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) 1.1 1.1 1.8 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.2 0.2 0.1		13	18	
Gross savings (% of GNI) -5.4 17.7 22.2 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 10.9 10.2 16.6 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 6.8 4.9 4.8 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.9 0.3 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.1 0.0 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.1 1.0 CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) 1.1 1.1 1.8 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.2 0.2 0.1	National accounting aggregates—savings, deple	tion an	d degradat	ion
Education expenditure (% of GNI) 6.8 4.9 4.8 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.9 0.3 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.9 0.1 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.1 1.0 CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) 1.1 1.1 0.8 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.2 0.2 0.1		-5.4	17.7	22.2
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				
$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{CO}_2 \text{ damage (\% of GNI)} & 1.1 & 1.1 & 0.8 \\ \text{Air pollution damage (\% of GNI)} & 0.2 & 0.2 & 0.1 \\ \end{array}$				
Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.2 0.2 0.1				
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI) -11.9 9.4 9.1	Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	0.2	0.2	0.1
	Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	-11.9	9.4	9.1

Belarus

Population (millions) 9.5 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	203 GE	P (\$ billions	54.6
	Country data	Europe & Central Asia group	Upper middle- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	6,470 4,986 76.7	24,275 18,328 70.9	8,263 6,302 64.1
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area)	43 0.3	29	35
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	15,814 3,721	14,018 3,910	2,208 4,104
Forests and biodiversity			
Forest area (% land area)	42.5 -0.3	38.0 -0.1	34.9 0.0
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	8.6	12.6	15.2
Threatened species, mammals	4	350	1,056
Threatened species, birds	9	638	1,511
Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	2 1	1,220 1,032	2,315 6,808
Oceans			
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	10.0	18,438	103,240
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	3.1	-0.9	-0.5 5.3
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	2.1	2.9 13.0	9.9
Coral reef area (sq. km)			48,880
Mangroves area (sq. km)			50,774
Energy and emissions	2,929	3,157	2,192
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	5.3	5.9	7.3
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	3,680	5,369	3,495
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	99.2	49.8	71.1
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	0.3 6.7	16.6 7.3	21.0 6.6
Water and sanitation			
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	3,589	7,850	8,261
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	4.5 32	7.4 47	6.3 68
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	100	98	95
Rural (% of rural population)	99	96	91
Urban (% of urban population)	100	99	97
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population)	94 95	93 89	80 67
Urban (% of urban population)	94	95	87
Environment and health			
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	20	19	42
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five	100	89	95
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)	,		
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	5	11	19
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple			
Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	27.4 8.9	22.5 16.1	36.6 18.0
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	4.7	4.8	3.0
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.2	0.6	1.1
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.1	0.4
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.1 3.3	0.0 1.0	0.0 2.6
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	0.3	0.1	0.3
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	19.3	9.5	17.2

Belgium

Population (millions) 11.2 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	30 GDP (\$ billions)		455.1
	Country data	Europe & Central Asia group	High- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	44,510 32,260 97.9	24,275 18,328 70.9	41,932 33,454 81.1
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area)	44	29	36
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	0.4	14,018 3,910	30,017 5,919
Forests and biodiversity			
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	22.6 -0.2	38.0 -0.1	28.9 -0.0
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) Threatened species, mammals	22.9 2	12.6 350	15.7 527
Threatened species, birds	8	638	923
Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	13 0	1,220 1,032	2,263 2,176
Oceans			
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	24.8 -1.2	18,438 -0.9	33,549 -1.5
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	-18.8	2.9	2.6
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km)	56.1	13.0	23.7 83,900
Mangroves area (sq. km)			15,283
Energy and emissions	4 600	2 157	4.745
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	4,699 6.3	3,157 5.9	5.3
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	7,694	5,369	9,066
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)	33.5 0.4	49.8 16.6	60.7 12.0
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	8.4	7.3	11.0
Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	1,068	7,850	8,733
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	50.0	7,630	9.8
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	1 100	47	41
Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population)	100	98 96	100 99
Urban (% of urban population)	100	99	100
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population)	100 99	93 89	99 99
Urban (% of urban population)	100	95	100
Environment and health	16	19	17
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	100	89	62
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five))		
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	4	11	6
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple			
Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	23.3 20.3	22.5 16.1	22.2 16.6
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	6.1	4.8	4.8
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.6	0.3
Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.1 0.0	0.1
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	0.6	1.0	0.8
Air pollution damage (% of GNI) Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	0.1 8.4	0.1 9.5	0.1 9.1
nujusteu net savings (10 til tilvi)	0.4	9.0	9.1

Belize

Population (thousands) 359 Land area (1.000 sq. km) 23 GDP (\$ billions) Latin Upper America & middle-Country Caribbean income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 4 490 8.968 8.263 7,249 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 3.839 6,302 44.0 79.9 Urban population (% of total) 64.1 Agriculture 7 Agricultural land (% land area) 38 35 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) 2,208 Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 4.543 7.188 3.595 4.104 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) 4.169 Forests and biodiversity 34.9 599 463 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 0.4 0.4 0.0 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 36.7 23.3 15.2 9 622 1.056 Threatened species, mammals 5 Threatened species, birds 1.011 1.511 2,315 43 Threatened species, fish 1.642 Threatened species, higher plants 36 5,108 6.808 **Oceans** 14.416 103.240 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 103 -0.5 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 8.1 -3.5Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 2.4 7.7 5.3 14.2 15.5 9.9 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 1.330 20.320 48 880 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 958 41.330 50.774 **Energy and emissions** 2,192 Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 1,337 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 171 7.3 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 2.122 3.495 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 43.1 71.1 46.5 21.0 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 1.5 3.0 6.6 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 43,389 22.160 8.261 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 0.7 2.4 6.3 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 68 71 68 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 100 95 95 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 100 84 91 Rural (% of rural population) 97 Urban (% of urban population) 99 97 91 83 80 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 88 64 67 Rural (% of rural population) 94 88 87 Urban (% of urban population) **Environment and health** 27 18 42 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 85 95 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 17 18 19 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 14.5 17.7 36.6 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 16.5 10.2 18.0 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 6.4 4.9 3.0 0.3 0.9 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 1.1 0.0 0.9 0.4 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.1 1.0 1.1 2.6 CO2 damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.3 0.2 0.3 17.2 28 9.4 Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

Benin

Population (millions) 10.9 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	113 GDP (\$ billions)		8.3
	Country data	Sub- Saharan Africa group	Low- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	840 634 44.0	1,631 1,239 37.7	619 497 30.7
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area)	33	42	39
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	1,024 1,460	1,219 1,452	504 1,486
		-,	
Forests and blodiversity Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	38.2 1.1 28.1 13 10 38 17	25.7 0.5 15.3 918 876 2,023 3,740	27.4 0.5 15.2 619 599 1,156 1,962
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km)	37.7 0.8 0.0 65.7	7,416 1.8 17.0 6.1 17,980 28,061	3,954 2.2 3.1 3.5 12,520 15,778
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	405 53.4 97 99.5 0.0 0.6	701 57.4 497 64.3 21.2 0.8	79.1 0.3
Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	972 1.3 45 78 72 85 20 7	3,986 3.2 81 68 56 87 30 23 40	4,629 3.3 90 66 56 87 28 23 40
Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (μg/cu. m) PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	35 100) 1 6 100	36 99 5 14 83	39 99 6 16 76
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	18.7 14.4	14.4 13.8	<i>14.7</i> 10.6
Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	4.6 0.0 0.0 2.1 2.6	3.3 1.7 0.9 2.3	3.2 0.4 1.5 6.6 1.2
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI) Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	1.8 3.7	1.6 1.2 -3.9	1.2 1.7 -3.8

Bermuda

Population (thousands) 65 Land area (sq. km) 50 GDP (\$ billions) 5.6

	Country data	North America group	High- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$)	106,140	55,117	41,932
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	100.0	47,319 81.6	33,454 81.1
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area)	6	26	36
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)			
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	38,254	78,898 6,867	30,017 5,919
Forests and biodiversity Forest area (% land area)	20.0	36.0	28.9
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	0.0	-0.1	-0.0
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	5.8	11.6	15.7
Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds	4	53 93	527 923
Threatened species, birds Threatened species, fish	26	318	2,263
Threatened species, higher plants	8	480	2,176
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	0.41	6,522	33,549
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	2.3	0.1	-1.5
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	5.1	0.3 16.4	2.6 23.7
Coral reef area (sq. km)	370	1,620	83,900
Mangroves area (sq. km)	0.18	3,030	15,283
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)		7,042	4,745
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)		4.8	5.3
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)		13,230	9,066
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)		61.2 12.9	60.7 12.0
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	5.6	16.1	11.0
Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)		15,991	8,733
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)		9.3	9.8
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)		34	41
Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population)		99 98	100 99
Urban (% of urban population)		99	100
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)		100	99
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)		100 100	99 100
Environment and health			
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	9	8	17
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	0	8	62
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)			
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		6	6
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple Gross savings (% of GNI)	tion and	degradat	t ion 22.2
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	3.9	15.5	16.6
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	2.1	5.0	4.8
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.1 0.1	0.3 0.1
Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI)		0.0	0.0
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	0.1	0.9	0.8
Air pollution damage (% of GNI) Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)		0.1 7.3	0.1 9.1
Aujusteu liet saviligs (/0 til tilli)		1.3	5.1

Bhutan

Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 2,083 1,365 1,767 urban population (% of total) 38.6 33.0 39.0 39.0 Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area) 4,8 ricultural land (% land area) 14 57 44.8 ricultural land (% of total agricultural land) 15 4 57 44.8 ricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 866 1,131 1,614 6.14 6.13 1,30 3,083 3,185 76 76 75 1,131 1,614 6.14 6.14 6.14 6.14 6.14 6.14 6.14 6	Population (thousands) 775 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	38 GD	P (\$ billions	s) 2.1
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 2,083 1,365 1,767 urban population (% of total) 38.6 33.0 39.0 39.0 Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area) 4,8 ricultural land (% land area) 14 57 44.8 ricultural land (% of total agricultural land) 15 4 57 44.8 ricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 866 1,131 1,614 6.14 6.13 1,30 3,083 3,185 76 76 75 1,131 1,614 6.14 6.14 6.14 6.14 6.14 6.14 6.14 6			Asia	middle- income
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural land (% of total agricultural land)	GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$)			2,029
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 866 1,131 1,614 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -0.4 -0.4 0.4 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 47.3 6.6 12.0 Threatened species, birds 20 238 1,198 Threatened species, birds 20 238 1,99 Threatened species, higher plants 18 752 3,971 Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 0.16 15,171 58,665 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -12.3 1.9 2.4 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -11.3 7.3 12.0 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 0.0 2.3 5.0 Coral reef area (sq. km) 15,440 128,580 Mangroves area (sq. km) 15,440 128,580 Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 576 651 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 80.0 74.9 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 80.0 74.9 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 11,4 1.4 Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 101,960 1,152 3,003 Total freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 101,960 1,152 3,003 Access to improved water source (% of total) population) 100 91 87 Environment and health PM2,5 exposure (% of total population) 100 91 87 PM2,5 exposure (% of total population) 100 91 87 Environment and health PM2,5 exposure (% of GNI) 56 67 Environment and health PM2,5 exposure (% of GNI) 57 6 63 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 50 45 59 74 58 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 50 45 59 74 58 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 50 45 59 74 58 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 50 45 59 74 58 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50	Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)			1,767 39.0
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 8.66 1,131 1,614 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) 3,130 3,083 3,185 Forests area (% land area) 72.3 17.5 24.3 Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -0.4 -0.4 0.4 Threatened species, mammals 26 251 1,134 Threatened species, birds 20 238 1,199 Threatened species, birds 3 383 2,011 Threatened species, birds 3 383 2,011 Threatened species, higher plants 18 752 3,971 Oceans Oceans Otal fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 0.16 15,171 58,665 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 11.3 7.3 12.0 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 0.0 Coral reef area (sq. km) 15,440 128,580 Mangroves area (sq. km) 10,343 68,563 Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 576 28.5 Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 80.0 74.9 Electricity generated using fossil fluel (% of total) 80.0 74.9 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 80.0 74.9 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 11.6 14.9 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) 10.1 960 1,152 3,003 Cotal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 101,960 1,152 3,003 Cotal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 101,960 1,152 3,003 Cotal freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 0.4 51.6 18.4 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 94 91 88 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 100 92 90 Rural (% of rural population) 100 92 90 Rural (% of rural population) 100 92 90 Rural (% of rural population) 100 95 94 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 100 95 94 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 10.2 10.5 9.7 Entire moment and health 10.2 10.5	Agriculture			
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 866 1,131 1,614		14	57	44
Forests and biodiversity Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Thereatened species, mammals 26 251 1,134 Threatened species, birds Threatened species, birds Threatened species, birds Threatened species, birds Threatened species, higher plants Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Total fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Thank annual %, 2000-15 Thank annual %, 2000-15 Thank annual %, 2000-15 Thank annual %, 2000-15 Thank ann				1,614
Forest area (% land area) 72.3 17.5 24.3	Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	3,130	3,083	3,185
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	Forests and biodiversity	72.3	175	24.3
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)				0.4
Threatened species, birds 20 238 1,199 Threatened species, fish 3 383 2,011 Threatened species, fish 752 3,971 Doceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 0.16 15,171 58,665 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -12.3 1.9 2.4 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 11.3 7.3 12.0 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 0.0 2.3 5.0 Coral reef area (sq. km) 15,440 128,580 Mangroves area (sq. km) 15,440 128,580 Mangroves area (sq. km) 576 651 Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 576 651 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 707 777 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 80.0 74.9 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 11.6 14.9 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) 1.2 1.4 1.4 Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 101,960 1,152 3,003 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 0.4 51.6 18.4 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 94 91 88 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 100 92 90 Rural (% of rural population) 100 92 93 Rural (% of rural population) 100 95 94 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 50 45 52 Rural (% of rural population) 78 65 74 58 PN2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 56 74 58 PN2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 56 74 58 PN2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 56 74 58 PN2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 56 74 58 PN2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 56 74 58 PN2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 56 74 58 PN2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 56 74 58 PN2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 56 74 58 PN2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 56 74 58 PN2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 56 74 58 PN2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 56 74 58 PN2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 56 74 58 PN2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 56 74 58 PN2.5 pollut	Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	47.3		12.0
Threatened species, fish 3 383 2,011	Threatened species, mammals			1,134
Threatened species, higher plants 18 752 3,971	Threatened species, birds			
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants			3,971
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	0ceans			
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)			58,665
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) CO₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Internal freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Urban (% of ural population) Urban (% of ural population) Urban (% of uran population) Urban (% of urban population) Urban (% of urban population) Environment and health Environment and health Environment and health Environment and health PM₂,5 pollution, mean annual exposure (μg/cu. m) Faces to improved water seading wHO guideline level) Urban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of children under five) Environment and health Environment and health PM₂,5 pollution, mean annual exposure (μg/cu. m) Environment and health Environment and health Coss savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Ali pollution damage (% of GNI)				2.4
Coral reef area (sq. km) 15,440 128,580 Mangroves area (sq. km) 10,343 68,563 Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 576 651 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 25.6 28.5 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 707 777 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 11.6 14.9 CO₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) 1.2 1.4 1.4 Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 101,960 1,152 3,003 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 0.4 51.6 18.4 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 94 91 88 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 100 92 90 Rural (% of rural population) 100 91 87 Urban (% of urban population) 100 95 94 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 50 45 52 Rural (% of rural population) 33 35 42 Urban (% of urban population) 78 65 67 Environment and health Environment and health Environment and health Environment and health PM₂,5 pollution, mean annual exposure (μg/cu. m) 56 74 58 Environment and health Environment and health Dana annual exposure (μg/cu. m) 56 74 58 Environment and health Agriculture (% of GNI) 24.1 31.3 27.6 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 10.2 10.5 9.7 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 10.0 0.4 0.8 Mational accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 0.0 0.4 0.8 Mational depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.4 0.8 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.4 0.8 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.0 0.1 0.3 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.0 0.1 0.3 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 1.7 3.0 2.3 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 1.1 1.2 0.9 Environment and mange (% of GNI) 1.1 1.2 0.9 Environment damage (% of GNI) 1.1 1.2 0.9 Environment damage (% of GNI) 1.1 1.2 0.9 Environment damage (% of GNI) 1.1 1.1 1.2				
Energy and emissions Energy and emissions Energy trong biomass products and waste (% of total)				
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 576 651 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 25.6 28.5 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 707 777 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 80.0 74.9 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 11.6 14.9 CO₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) 1.2 1.4 1.4 Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 101,960 1,152 3,003 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 0.4 51.6 18.4 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 94 91 88 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 100 92 90 Rural (% of rural population) 100 95 94 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 100 95 94 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 50 45 52 Rural (% of rural population) 33 35 42 Urban (% of urban population) 78 65 67 Environment and health PM₂,5 pollution, mean annual exposure (μg/cu. m) 56 74 58 PM₂,5 exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 100 99 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 33 53 53 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 24.1 31.3 27.6 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.4 0.8 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.4 0.8 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.1 0.3 Microrest depletion (% of GNI) 1.7 3.0 2.3 Air pollution amage (% of GNI) 1.7 3.0 2.3 Air pollution amage (% of GNI) 1.1 1.2 0.9	Mangroves area (sq. km)			68,563
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 25.6 28.5 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 707 777 777 777 777 777 777 777 777	Energy and emissions			
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 707 7777 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 80.0 74.9 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 11.6 14.9 CO₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) 1.2 1.4 1.4 Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 101,960 1,152 3,003 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 0.4 51.6 18.4 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 94 91 88 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 100 92 90 Rural (% of rural population) 100 95 94 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 100 95 94 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 50 45 52 Rural (% of rural population) 78 65 67 Environment and health Environment and health Environment and health PM₂.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (μg/cu. m) 56 74 58 PM₂.5 exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 100 99 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 33 53 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 24.1 31.3 27.6 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 10.0 0.4 0.8 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 10.0 0.4 0.8 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 10.0 0.1 0.3 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 1.7 3.0 2.3 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 1.7 3.0 2.3 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 1.1 1.2 0.9	Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)			
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 80.0 74.9 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 11.6 14.9 CO₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) 1.2 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4				
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) 1.2 1.4 1.4 Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Internal freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Internal freshwater withdrawal) Internal freshwater resource (% of total population) Internal freshwater withdrawal) Internal freshwater resource (% of fotal population) Internal freshwater withdrawal) Internal freshwater resource (% of fotal population) Internal freshwater withdrawal) Internal freshwater resource (% of fotal population) Internal freshwater withdrawal) Internal freshwater resource (% of fotal population) Internal freshwater resource (% of fotal population) Internal freshwater resource (% of fotal population) Internal freshwater withdrawal) Inte				74.9
Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 101,960 1,152 3,003 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 0.4 51.6 18.4 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 94 91 88 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 100 92 90 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 100 91 87 Urban (% of urban population) 100 95 94 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 50 45 52 Rural (% of rural population) 33 35 42 Urban (% of urban population) 78 65 67 Environment and health FM2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 56 74 58 PM2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 56 74 58 PM2.5 exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 100 99 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Un	Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)			14.9
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	1.2	1.4	1.4
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) 100 91 87 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 100 95 94 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 33 35 42 Urban (% of urban population) 78 65 67 Environment and health PM2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (μg/cu. m) PM2.5 exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 33 53 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI) Diagree (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 1.1 1.2 0.9	Water and sanitation	101 060	1 152	3 003
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 94 91 88 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 100 92 90 Rural (% of rural population) 100 91 87 Urban (% of urban population) 100 95 94 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 50 45 52 Rural (% of rural population) 33 35 42 Urban (% of urban population) 78 65 67 Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 56 74 58 PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 56 74 58 Access to improved sanitation (% of children under five)				18.4
Rural (% of rural population) 100 91 87 Urban (% of urban population) 100 95 94 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 33 35 42 Rural (% of rural population) 78 65 67 Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 56 74 58 PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 100 99 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 33 53 53 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 24.1 31.3 27.6 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 10.2 10.5 9.7 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 3.4 2.8 3.0 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.4 0.8 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.1 0.3 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 3.8 0.3 0.4 Ochamage (% of GNI) 1.7 3.0 2.3 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 1.1 1.2 0.9				88
Urban (% of urban population) 100 95 94 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 50 45 52 Rural (% of rural population) 33 35 42 Urban (% of urban population) 78 65 67 Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (μg/cu. m) 56 74 58 PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 100 99 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 33 53 53 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 24.1 31.3 27.6 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 10.2 10.5 9.7 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 3.4 2.8 3.0 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.4 0.8 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.1 0.3 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 3.8 0.3 0.4 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 1.7 3.0 2.3 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 1.1 1.2 0.9	Access to improved water source (% of total population)			90
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 50 45 52 Rural (% of rural population) 33 35 42 Urban (% of urban population) 78 65 67 67 65 67 67 65 67 67 65 67 67 65 67 67 65 67 67 65 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67				
Rural (% of rural population) 33 35 42 Urban (% of urban population) 78 65 67 Environment and health PM2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (μg/cu. m) 56 74 58 PM2.5 exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 100 99 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 33 53 53 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 24.1 31.3 27.6 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 10.2 10.5 9.7 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 3.4 2.8 3.0 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.4 0.8 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.1 0.3 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 3.8 0.3 0.4 CO₂ damage (% of GNI) 1.7 3.0 2.3 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 1.1 1.2				
Urban (% of urban population) The transfer of transfer of the transfer of transfer				42
PM2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 56 74 58 PM2.5 exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 100 99 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>67</td>				67
PM _{2,5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 100 99 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five)	Environment and health			
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Output Diarrho (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI) CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 1.1 Diarrho (% of GNI) 1.1				
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				
National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation		,		
Gross savings (% of GNI) 24.1 31.3 27.6 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 10.2 10.5 9.7 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 3.4 2.8 3.0 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.4 0.8 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.1 0.3 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 3.8 0.3 0.4 CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) 1.7 3.0 2.3 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 1.1 1.2 0.9	Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	33	53	53
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 10.2 10.5 9.7 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 3.4 2.8 3.0 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.4 0.8 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.1 0.3 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 3.8 0.3 0.4 CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) 1.7 3.0 2.3 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 1.1 1.2 0.9				ion
Education expenditure (% of GNI) 3.4 2.8 3.0 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.4 0.8 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.1 0.3 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 3.8 0.3 0.4 CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) 1.7 3.0 2.3 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 1.1 1.2 0.9				
Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.4 0.8 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.1 0.3 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 3.8 0.3 0.4 CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) 1.7 3.0 2.3 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 1.1 1.2 0.9				3.0
Mineral depletion (% of GNÍ) 0.0 0.1 0.3 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 3.8 0.3 0.4 CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) 1.7 3.0 2.3 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 1.1 1.2 0.9				0.8
Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 3.8 0.3 0.4 CO2 damage (% of GNI) 1.7 3.0 2.3 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 1.1 1.2 0.9	Mineral depletion (% of GNI)		0.1	0.3
Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 1.1 1.2 0.9	Net forest depletion (% of GNI)			0.4
1	CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)			
	Air pollution damage (% of GNI) Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	1.1	18.6	16.1

Bolivia

Population (millions) 10.7 Land area (1.000 sq. km) 1.083 GDP (\$ billions) 33.0 Latin Lower America & middle-Country Caribbean income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 3.000 8.968 2.029 7,249 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 2,427 1,767 Urban population (% of total) 68.5 79.9 39.0 Agriculture 44 Agricultural land (% land area) 35 38 0.7 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 1.147 7.188 1.614 2.054 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) 4.169 3.185Forests and biodiversity 50.6 24.3 463 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 0.6 0.4 0.4 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 24.8 23.3 12.0 21 622 1.134 Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds 1.011 1.199 2,011 Threatened species, fish 8 1.642 Threatened species, higher plants 104 5,108 3,971 **Oceans** 14.416 58.665 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 10.0 24 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 09 -3.5Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 14.3 7.7 12.0 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 0.0 15.5 5.0 20.320 128 580 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 41.330 68.563 **Energy and emissions** Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 789 1.337 651 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 12.5 17.1 28.5 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 753 2.122 777 74.9 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 72.0 43.1 25.7 46.5 14.9 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 1.9 3.0 1.4 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 28.735 22.160 3.003 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 0.7 2.4 18.4 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 92 71 88 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 90 95 90 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 76 87 84 Rural (% of rural population) 97 Urban (% of urban population) 97 94 50 83 52 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 28 64 42 Rural (% of rural population) 88 67 Urban (% of urban population) 61 **Environment and health** 28 18 58 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 85 99 20 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) .. Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) 26 Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 38 18 53 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 13.6 17.7 27.6 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 122 10.2 9.7 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 6.1 4.9 3.0 2.7 0.9 0.8 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 3.3 0.9 0.3 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.1 0.4 2.1 1.1 2.3 CO2 damage (% of GNI)

0.9

16.1

0.2

9.4

Air pollution damage (% of GNI)

Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

Bosnia and Herzegovina

Population (millions) 3.8 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	51 GD	P (\$ billions	s) 16.2
	Country data	Europe & Central Asia group	Upper middle- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	4,670 3,674 39.8	24,275 18,328 70.9	8,263 6,302 64.1
Agriculture	42	29	35
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)		14,018 3,910	2,208 4,104
Forests and biodiversity			
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds Threatened species, fish	42.7 0.0 1.3 4 8 35	38.0 -0.1 12.6 350 638 1,220	34.9 0.0 15.2 1,056 1,511 2,315
Threatened species, higher plants	1	1,032	6,808
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km)	4.8 1.2 8.3	18,438 -0.9 2.9 13.0	103,240 -0.5 5.3 9.9 48,880 50,774
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	2,049 19.1	3,157 5.9	2,192 7.3
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	3,144 63.3 36.7 5.7	5,369 49.8 16.6 7.3	3,495 71.1 21.0 6.6
Water and sanitation			
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	9,299 0.9	7,850 7.4 47	8,261 6.3 68
Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population)	100 100	98 96	95 91
Urban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	100 95	99 93	97 80
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	92 99	89 95	67 87
Environment and health			
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	47 100	19 89	42 95
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)) 5	 11	 19
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple			ion
Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	10.6 13.7	22.5 16.1	36.6 18.0
Education expenditure (% of GNI)		4.8	3.0
Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.0 0.1	0.6 0.1	1.1 0.4
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.2	0.0	0.0
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI) Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	4.4 0.4 	1.0 0.1 9.5	2.6 0.3 17.2

Population (millions) 2.3 Land area (1.000 sq. km) 567 GDP (\$ billions) 14.4 Sub-Upper Saharan middle-Country Africa income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 6.460 1.631 8.263 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 4,784 1,239 6,302 37.7 Urban population (% of total) 57.4 64.1 Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area) 46 42 35 0.0 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) 2,208 Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 876 1.219 304 1.452 4.104 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity 25.7 34.9 191 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 1.0 0.5 0.0 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 29.2 15.3 15.2 9 918 1.056 Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds 13 876 1.511 2,315 2,023 Threatened species, fish 2 Threatened species, higher plants 2 3.740 6.808 **Oceans** 7.416 103.240 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 0.20 -0.5 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -4.71.8 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 17.0 5.3 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 0.0 6.1 9.9 17.980 48 880 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 28.061 50.774 **Energy and emissions** 2,192 Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 1,224 701 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 20.0 57.4 7.3 1.708 3.495 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 497 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 100.0 64.3 71.1 0.0 21.2 21.0 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 2.5 0.8 6.6 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 3.986 8.261 1.081 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 8.1 3.2 6.3 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 41 81 68 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 96 68 95 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 92 56 91 Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) 99 87 97 63 30 80 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 43 23 67 Rural (% of rural population) 79 40 87 Urban (% of urban population) **Environment and health** 18 42 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 36 PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 99 95 99 5 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) .. 14 Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 44 83 19 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 39.7 14.4 36.6 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 21.9 13.8 18.0 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 9.5 3.3 3.0 0.2 1.7 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 1.1 0.9 0.4 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 1.1 2.3 0.0 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 1.2 1.6 2.6 CO2 damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.3 1.2 0.3 17.2 24.5 -3.9

Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

Brazil

Population (millions) **207.8** Land area (1,000 sq. km) **8,358** GDP (\$ billions) **1,803.7**

	Country data	Latin America & Carribean group	
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	9,990 7,650 85.7	8,968 7,249 79.9	8,263 6,302 64.1
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	34	38	35
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	11,150 4,640	7,188 4,169	2,208 4,104
Forests and biodiversity Forest area (% land area)	59.0	46.3	34.9
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	0.4	0.4	0.0
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	28.4 81	23.3 622	15.2 1,056
Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds	165	1,011	1,511
Threatened species, fish	86	1,642	2,315
Threatened species, higher plants	521	5,108	6,808
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	1,275	14,416	103,240
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	0.3	-3.5	-0.5
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	8.4 20.5	7.7 15.5	5.3 9.9
Coral reef area (sg. km)	1,200		48,880
Mangroves area (sq. km)	12,999	41,330	50,774
Energy and emissions	1.471	1.337	2,192
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	27.4	17.1	7.3
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	2,578	2,122	3,495
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	24.3 63.2	43.1 46.5	71.1 21.0
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	2.5	3.0	6.6
Water and sanitation	07.470	22.422	0.004
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	27,470 1.3	22,160 2.4	8,261 6.3
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	60	71	68
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	98	95	95
Rural (% of rural population)	87	84	91
Urban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	100 83	97 83	97 80
Rural (% of rural population)	52	64	67
Urban (% of urban population)	88	88	87
Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	11	18	42
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	56	85	95
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)			
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	16	18	19
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple Gross savings (% of GNI)	etion and 14.7	l degradat 17.7	ion 36.6
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	8.6	10.2	18.0
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	5.5 0.7	4.9 0.9	3.0 1.1
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.7	0.9	0.4
Militeral depletion (% of GNI)	0		
Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.1	0.1	0.0
	0.1 0.8 0.2	0.1 1.1 0.2	0.0 2.6 0.3

British Virgin Islands

Population (thousands) 30 Land area (sq. km) 150 GDP (\$ millions)

	Country data	Latin America & Carribean group	High- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$)		8,968	41,932
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$)	 46.2	7,249 79.9	33,454
Urban population (% of total)	46.2	79.9	81.1
Agriculture	47	20	20
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	47	38	36
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$		7,188	30,017
Cereal yield (kg per hectare)		4,169	5,919
Forests and biodiversity			
Forest area (% land area)	24.1	46.3	28.9 -0.0
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	0.1 8.8	0.4 23.3	-0.0 15.7
Threatened species, mammals	1	622	527
Threatened species, birds	1	1,011	923
Threatened species, fish	28		2,263
Threatened species, higher plants	10	5,108	2,176
Oceans			
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	1.2 24.8	14,416 -3.5	33,549 -1.5
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	24.0		2.6
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	2.1		23.7
Coral reef area (sq. km)		20,320	83,900
Mangroves area (sq. km)		41,330	15,283
Energy and emissions			
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)		1,337 17.1	4,745 5.3
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)		2,122	9,066
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)		43.1	60.7
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)		46.5	12.0
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	6.1	3.0	11.0
Water and sanitation			
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)		22,160	8,733
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)		2.4 71	9.8 41
Access to improved water source (% of total population)		95	100
Rural (% of rural population)		84	99
Urban (% of urban population)		97	100
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	98	83	99
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	98 98	64 88	99 100
Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)		18	17
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)		85	62
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five	e)		
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)		 18	6
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		10	
National accounting aggregates—savings, depl			ion 22.2
Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)		17.7 10.2	16.6
Education expenditure (% of GNI)		4.9	4.8
Energy depletion (% of GNI)		0.9	0.3
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)		0.9	0.1
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)		0.1 1.1	0.0
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI)		0.2	0.8
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)		9.4	9.1

Brunei Darussalam

Population (thousands) 423 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	5.3 GDP (\$ billions		s) 12.9
	Country data	East Asia & Pacific group	High- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	38,010 27,257 77.2	9,771 7,546 56.6	41,932 33,454 81.1
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area)	3	49	36
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)		1,657 4,958	30,017 5,919
Forests and biodiversity Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	72.1 0.3 44.1 33 24 12 104	26.3 -0.2 15.6 918 1,097 1,549 3,515	28.9 -0.0 15.7 527 923 2,263 2,176
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km)	4.4 2.0 15.5 1.5 210 173	132,587 0.9 6.5 17.0 203,050 67,121	33,549 -1.5 2.6 23.7 83,900 15,283
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	8,515 0.0 10,103 100.0 0.0 18.9	2,137 7.7 3,682 76.4 15.0 6.3	4,745 5.3 9,066 60.7 12.0 11.0
Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	20,364 1.1 6	4,529 11.3 71 94 90 97 77 64 87	8,733 9.8 41 100 99 100 99 99
Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (μg/cu. m) PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	5 0) 10	44 97 17	17 62 6
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	53.5 9.6 2.0 5.3 0.0	39.1 20.7 2.7 0.3 0.2	22.2 16.6 4.8 0.3 0.1
Net forest depletion (% of GNI) CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI) Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	0.0 1.9 0.0 38.7	0.0 2.1 0.3 18.1	0.0 0.8 0.1 9.1

50.2 Population (millions) 7.2 Land area (1,000 sq. km) 109 GDP (\$ billions) Europe & Upper Central middle-Country Asia income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 7.480 24.275 8.263 18,328 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 5.930 6,302 Urban population (% of total) 73.9 70.9 64.1 Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area) 46 29 35 2.0 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 23,003 2,208 14.018 3.910 4.104 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity 34.9 35.2 38.0 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -0.8 -0.10.0 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 40.5 12.6 15.2 8 350 1.056 Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds 18 638 1.511 2,315 22 1,220 Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants 6 1,032 6.808 **Oceans** 22.4 18.438 103.240 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) -0.5 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 0.1 -0.9Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 9.1 2.9 5.3 15.3 13.0 9.9 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 48 880 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 50.774 **Energy and emissions** 2,192 Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 2.478 3.157 5.9 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 6.3 7.3 4.709 5.369 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 3.495 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 50.4 49.8 71.1 9.8 16.6 21.0 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 5.4 7.3 6.6 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 2.907 7.850 8.261 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 26.0 7.4 6.3 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 47 68 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 14 99 98 95 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 99 96 91 Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) 100 99 97 86 93 80 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 84 89 67 Rural (% of rural population) 87 95 87 Urban (% of urban population) **Environment and health** 28 19 42 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 89 95 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 10 11 19 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 23.4 36.6 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 12.5 161 18.0 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 36 4.8 3.0 0.1 0.6 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 1.1 0.9 0.4 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.1 0.0 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.0 2.4 1.0 2.6 CO2 damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.3 0.1 0.3 17.2 10.8 9.5

Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

Burkina Faso

Population (millions) 18.1 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	274 GD	P (\$ billions	s) 10.7
	Country data	Sub- Saharan Africa group	Low- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$)	640	1,631	619
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	530 29.9	1,239 37.7	497 30.7
——————————————————————————————————————	25.5	51.1	30.1
Agriculture	44	42	39
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	44	42	
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$)		1,219	504
Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	1,226	1,452	1,486
Forests and biodiversity			
Forest area (% land area)	19.6	25.7	27.4
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	1.0 15.5	0.5 15.3	0.5 15.2
Threatened species, mammals	10	918	619
Threatened species, birds	11	876	599
Threatened species, fish	4	2,023	1,156
Threatened species, higher plants	3	3,740	1,962
Oceans	21.0	7 410	2.054
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	21.0 6.1	7,416 1.8	3,954 2.2
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–13)	30.8	17.0	3.1
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	0.0	6.1	3.5
Coral reef area (sq. km)		17,980	12,520
Mangroves area (sq. km)		28,061	15,778
Energy and emissions		701	
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)		701 57.4	79.1
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)		497	
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)		64.3	
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	0.2	21.2 0.8	0.3
- CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons)	0.2	0.0	
Water and sanitation	711	3,986	4.629
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	6.5	3.2	3.3
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	51	81	90
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	82	68	66
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	76 98	56 87	56 87
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	20	30	28
Rural (% of rural population)	7	23	23
Urban (% of urban population)	50	40	40
Environment and health			
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	40	36	39
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five	100	99 5	99 6
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)	15	14	16
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	89	83	76
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple	tion and	degradat	tion
Gross savings (% of GNI)	18.6 10.1	14.4 13.8	14.7 10.6
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI)	4.3	3.3	3.2
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	1.7	0.4
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	7.6	0.9	1.5
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	7.9 1.1	2.3 1.6	6.6 1.2
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	1.1	1.0	1.7

IIPIIN

Population (millions) 11.2 Land area (1,000 sq. km) 26 GDP (\$ billions) Sub-Saharan Low-Country Africa income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 260 1.631 619 1,239 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 175 497 37.7 Urban population (% of total) 12.1 30.7 Agriculture 79 39 Agricultural land (% land area) 42 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) 504 Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 229 1.219 1.332 1.452 1.486 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity 25.7 27.4 10.7 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -2.2 0.5 0.5 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 6.9 15.3 15.2 14 918 619 Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds 13 876 599 17 2,023 1 156 Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants 8 3.740 1.962 **Oceans** 7.416 3.954 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 21.4 2.2 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 1.0 1.8 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 24.4 17.0 3.1 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 0.0 6.1 3.5 17,980 12 520 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 28.061 15.778 **Energy and emissions** Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 701 79.1 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 57.4 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 497 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 64.3 21.2 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 0.0 0.8 0.3 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 930 3.986 4,629 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 2.9 3.2 3.3 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 77 81 90 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 76 68 66 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 74 56 56 Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) 91 87 87 48 30 28 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 49 23 23 Rural (% of rural population) 44 40 40 Urban (% of urban population) **Environment and health** 46 36 39 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 99 99 17 5 6 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) 25 14 16 Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 82 83 76 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 2.0 14.4 147 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 11.9 13.8 10.6 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 52 3.3 32 0.0 1.7 0.4 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.3 0.9 1.5 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 2.3 6.6 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 16.4 0.3 1.6 1.2 CO2 damage (% of GNI) 1.7 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 1.9 1.2 -3.9 -67-3.8

Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

Cabo Verde

Population (thousands) 521 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	4.0 GD	P (\$ billions	s) 1.6
	Country data	Sub- Saharan Africa group	Lower middle- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$)	3,280	1,631	2,029
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	2,605 65.5	1,239 37.7	1,767 39.0
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area)	21	42	44
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	 5,137	1,219	 1,614
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	202	1,452	3,185
Forests and biodiversity	22.2	25.7	24.2
Forest area (% land area)	22.3 -0.6	25.7 0.5	24.3 0.4
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	2.6	15.3	12.0
Threatened species, mammals	4	918	1,134
Threatened species, birds	5	876	1,199
Threatened species, fish	34 3	2,023 3,740	2,011 3,971
Threatened species, higher plants	<u> </u>	3,740	3,971
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	34.2	7,416	58,665
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	8.1	1.8	2.4
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)		17.0	12.0
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	0.0	6.1	5.0
Coral reef area (sq. km)		17,980 28,061	128,580 68,563
Mangroves area (sq. km)		26,001	
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)		701	651
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)		57.4	28.5
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)		497	777
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)		64.3 21.2	74.9 14.9
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	0.9	0.8	1.4
Water and sanitation			
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	584	3,986	3,003
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	7.3 91	3.2 81	18.4 88
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population)	92	68	90
Rural (% of rural population)	87	56	87
Urban (% of urban population)	94	87	94
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	72 54	30 23	52 42
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	82	40	67
Environment and health			
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	40	36	58
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	100	99 5	99
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five))	14	
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	25	83	53
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple			
Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	29.7 22.1	14.4 13.8	27.6 9.7
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	5.0	3.3	3.0
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	1.7	0.8
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.9	0.3
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.7	2.3	0.4
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	0.9	1.6	2.3
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	0.5 11.1	1.2 -3.9	0.9 16.1
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	11.1	-5.9	10.1

Cambodia

177 GDP (\$ billions) Population (millions) 15.6 Land area (1,000 sq. km) 18 0 Lower East Asia middle-Country & Pacific income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 1.070 9.771 2.029 7,546 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 971 1.767 56.6 Urban population (% of total) 20.7 39.0 Agriculture 49 44 Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) 798 Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 1.657 1.614 3.319 4.958 3.185 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity 24.3 53.6 26.3 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 1.3 -0.20.4 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 26.0 15.6 12.0 38 918 1.134 Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds 27 1.097 1.199 47 1,549 2,011 Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants 36 3,515 3,971 **Oceans** 132.587 58.665 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 751 0.9 24 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 5.2 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 16.5 6.5 12.0 0.5 17.0 5.0 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) <50 203.050 128 580 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 728 67.121 68.563 **Energy and emissions** Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 415 2,137 651 7.7 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 64 4 28.5 3.682 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 270 777 74.9 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 38.9 76.4 60.5 15.0 14.9 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 0.4 6.3 1.4 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 7.868 4.529 3,003 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 1.8 11.3 18.4 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 94 71 88 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 76 94 90 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 90 87 69 Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) 100 97 94 42 77 52 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 31 64 42 Rural (% of rural population) 88 87 67 Urban (% of urban population) **Environment and health** 29 44 58 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 97 99 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) 6 .. Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 29 17 53 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 16.4 39.127.6 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 10.2 20.7 9.7 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 1.6 2.7 3.0 0.0 0.3 0.8 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.2 0.3 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 1.1 0.0 0.4 2.3 1.2 2.1 CO2 damage (% of GNI) 0.7 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.3 0.9 46 18.1 16.1 Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

Cameroon

Population (millions) 23.3 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	473 GD	73 GDP (\$ billions)		173 GDP (\$ billions) 28	
	Country data	Sub- Saharan Africa group	Lower middle- income group		
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$)	1,320	1,631	2,029		
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	1,031 54.4	1,239 37.7	1,767 39.0		
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area)	21	42	44		
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	1,736 1,681	1,219 1,452	1,614 3,185		
Forests and biodiversity	20.0	05.7	04.0		
Forest area (% land area)	39.8	25.7 0.5	24.3		
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	1.1 10.9	15.3	0.4 12.0		
Threatened species, mammals	44	918	1,134		
Threatened species, hidhmals Threatened species, birds	26	876	1,199		
Threatened species, fish	119	2,023	2,011		
Threatened species, higher plants	490	3,740	3,971		
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	240	7,416	58,665		
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	5.2	1.8	2.4		
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	20.7	17.0	12.0		
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	6.8	6.1	5.0		
Coral reef area (sq. km)		17,980	128,580		
Mangroves area (sq. km)	1,962	28,061	68,563		
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)	334	701	651		
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	64.4	57.4	28.5		
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	274	497	777		
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	25.7	64.3	74.9		
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)	73.2	21.2	14.9		
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	0.3	0.8	1.4		
Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	11,988	3,986	3,003		
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	0.4	3.2	18.4		
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	76	81	88		
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	76	68	90		
Rural (% of rural population)	53	56	87		
Urban (% of urban population)	95	87	94		
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	46 27	30 23	52 42		
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	62	40	67		
Environment and health					
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	66	36	58		
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	100	99	99		
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) 5 21	5 14			
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	88	83	53		
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple	tion and	degradat			
Gross savings (% of GNI)	10.4	14.4	27.6		
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	12.6	13.8	9.7		
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	2.7 1.2	3.3 1.7	3.0 0.8		
Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.1	0.9	0.6		
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	2.3	0.3		
	0.9	1.6	2.3		
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	1.4	1.2	0.9		

Canada

Population (millions) **35.8** Land area (1,000 sq. km) **9,094** GDP (\$ billions) **1,552.8**

	Country data	North America group	High- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$)	47,250 34,976 81.8	55,117 47,319 81.6	41,932 33,454 81.1
Urban population (% of total)	01.0	01.0	
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area)	7	26	36
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	1.2		
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	86,775 3,669	78,898 6,867	30,017 5,919
Forests and biodiversity			
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	38.2 0.0	36.0 -0.1	28.9 -0.0
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	9.4	11.6	15.7
Threatened species, mammals	14	53	527
Threatened species, birds	15	93	923
Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	43 10	318 480	2,263 2,176
Oceans			
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	1,050	6,522	33,549
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	-1.2	0.1	-1.5
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	2.6 1.4	0.3 16.4	2.6 23.7
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km)	1.4	1,620	83,900
Mangroves area (sq. km)		3,030	15,283
Energy and emissions			
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)	7,874	7,042	4,745
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	5.5 15,542	4.8 13,230	5.3 9.066
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	20.4	61.2	60.7
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)	58.3	12.9	12.0
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	13.5	16.1	11.0
Water and sanitation	00.101	15.001	0.722
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	80,181 1.4	15,991 9.3	8,733 9.8
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	12	34	41
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	100	99	100
Rural (% of rural population)	99	98	99
Urban (% of urban population)	100 100	99 100	100 99
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population)	99	100	99
Urban (% of urban population)	100	100	100
Environment and health		_	
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	7	8	17
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five	, 0	8	62
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five))		
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	5	6	6
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple			ion
Gross savings (% of GNI)	20.0 17.5	18.8 15.5	22.2 16.6
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI)	4.9	5.0	4.8
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.1	0.1	0.3
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.4	0.1	0.1
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.0	0.0
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	0.9	0.9 0.1	0.8 0.1

Cayman Islands

Population (thousands) 60 Land area (sq. km) 240 GDP (\$ millions) Latin America & High-Country Caribbean income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 8.968 41.932 7,249 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 33 454 100.0 79.9 Urban population (% of total) 81.1 Agriculture 36 Agricultural land (% land area) 38 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 7.188 30.017 4.169 5.919 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity 28.9 529 463 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 0.0 0.4 -0.08.7 23.3 15.7 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 622 527 Threatened species, mammals 1 923 Threatened species, birds 1 1.011 32 2,263 1.642 Threatened species, fish 22 5.108 2.176 Threatened species, higher plants **Oceans** 14.416 33.549 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 0.13 -1.5 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 0.0 -3.5Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 7.7 2.6 1.2 15.5 23.7 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 230 20.320 83 900 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 78.3 41.330 15.283 **Energy and emissions** Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 1.337 4.745 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 17.1 5.3 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 2.122 9.066 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 43.1 60.7 46.5 12.0 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 9.2 3.0 11.0 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 22.160 8.733 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 2.4 9.8 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 71 41 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 97 100 95 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 84 99 Rural (% of rural population) 97 97 100 Urban (% of urban population) 83 99 96 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 64 99 Rural (% of rural population) 96 88 100 Urban (% of urban population) **Environment and health** 18 17 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 85 62 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 18 6 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 222 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 10.2 16.6 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 4.9 48 .. 0.9 0.3 Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.9 0.1 .. Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.1 .. 1.1 0.8 CO2 damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.2 0.1 .. 94 9.1 Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

Central African Republic

Population (millions) 4.9 Land area (1,000 sq. km) 623 GDP (\$ billions) 1.6 Sub-Saharan Low-Country Africa income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 330 1.631 619 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 416 1,239 497 37.7 Urban population (% of total) 40.0 30.7 Agriculture 42 39 Agricultural land (% land area) 8 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) 444 504 Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 1.219 1.480 1.452 1.486 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity 35.6 25.7 27.4 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 0.1 0.5 0.5 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 18.1 15.3 15.2 14 918 619 Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds 14 876 599 3 2,023 1,156 Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants 24 3.740 1.962 **Oceans** 7.416 3.954 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 28.2 42 2.2 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 1.8 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 2.7 17.0 3.1 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 0.0 6.1 3.5 17.980 12.520 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 28.061 15.778 **Energy and emissions** Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 701 79.1 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 57.4 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 497 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 64.3 21.2 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 0.1 0.8 0.3 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 20 240 2 000 4 000

Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	29,349	3,986	4,629
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	0.1	3.2	3.3
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	1	81	90
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	69	68	66
Rural (% of rural population)	54	56	56
Urban (% of urban population)	90	87	87
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	22	30	28
Rural (% of rural population)	7	23	23
Urban (% of urban population)	44	40	40
Environment and health			

Environment and health			
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	46	36	39
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	100	99	99
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five)		5	6
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)		14	16
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	130	83	76

National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation					
Gross savings (% of GNI)		14.4	14.7		
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	19.4	13.8	10.6		
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	1.2	3.3	3.2		
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	1.7	0.4		
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.1	0.9	1.5		
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	2.3	6.6		
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	0.6	1.6	1.2		
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	1.0	1.2	1.7		
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)		-3.9	-3.8		

14.0 Land area (1.000 sq. km) 1.259 GDP (\$ billions) 10.9 Population (millions) Sub-Saharan Low-Country Africa income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 880 1.631 619 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 630 1,239 497 37.7 Urban population (% of total) 22.5 30.7 Agriculture 40 Agricultural land (% land area) 42 39 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) 504 2.097 1.219 Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 1.452 1.486 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) 856 Forests and biodiversity 25.7 27.4 3.9 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 1.7 0.5 0.5 17.8 15.3 15.2 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 14 918 619 Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds 13 876 599 1,156 2,023 1 Threatened species, fish 6 3.740 1.962 Threatened species, higher plants **Oceans** Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 7.416 3.954 110 2.2 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 1.9 1.8 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 17.0 3.1 0.0 6.1 3.5 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 17.980 12.520 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 28.061 15.778 **Energy and emissions** Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 701 79.1 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 574 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 497 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 64.3 21.2 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 0.0 0.8 0.3 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 3.986 1.104 4.629 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 5.9 3.2 3.3 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 76 81 90 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 51 68 66 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 56 45 56 Rural (% of rural population) 72 87 87 Urban (% of urban population) 12 30 28 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 7 23 23 Rural (% of rural population) 40 40 Urban (% of urban population) 31 **Environment and health** 46 39 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 36 PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 99 99 5 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) 8 6 22 14 16 Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 139 83 76 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 14.4 147 8.7 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 13.8 10.6 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 1.6 3.3 3.2 3.9 1.7 0.4 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.9 1.5 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 2.3 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 3.6 6.6 0.2 1.6 1.2 CO2 damage (% of GNI) 1.7 38 1.2 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

Channel Islands

Population (thousands) **164** Land area (sq. km)

190 GDP (\$ millions)

	Country data	Europe & Central Asia group	High- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$)		24,275	41,932
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$)		18,328	33,454
Urban population (% of total)	31.5	70.9	81.1
Agriculture		20	
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	50 3.6		36
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$)		44040	30,017
Cereal yield (kg per hectare)		3,910	5,919
Forests and biodiversity			
Forest area (% land area)	4.2		28.9
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	0.0	40.0	-0.0 15.7
Threatened species, mammals		250	527
Threatened species, birds		000	923
Threatened species, fish			2,263
Threatened species, higher plants		1,032	2,176
Oceans	4.0	40.400	22.540
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	4.3 -2.2		33,549 -1.5
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	10.6		2.6
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)		40.0	23.7
Coral reef area (sq. km)			83,900
Mangroves area (sq. km)			15,283
Energy and emissions		2.157	4 745
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)			4,745 5.3
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)		E 200	9,066
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)		49.8	60.7
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)			12.0
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	••	7.3	11.0
Water and sanitation		7.050	0.700
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)		7.4	8,733 9.8
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)		47	41
Access to improved water source (% of total population)		98	100
Rural (% of rural population)		96	99
Urban (% of urban population)		99 93	100
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population)			99 99
Urban (% of urban population)		0.5	100
Environment and health			
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)		19	17
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)		89	62
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five			
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		11	6
	tion and	dogradat	lon
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple Gross savings (% of GNI)		00.5	22.2
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)		16.1	16.6
Education expenditure (% of GNI)		4.8 0.6	4.8 0.3
Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI)		0.6	0.3
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)		0.0	0.0
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)		1.0	0.8
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)		0.1	0.1
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)		9.5	9.1

Chile

17.9 Land area (1.000 sg. km) 744 GDP (\$ billions) 240.8 Population (millions) Latin America & High-Country Caribbean income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 14.100 8.968 41.932 7,249 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 10,481 33,454 Urban population (% of total) 89.5 79.9 81.1 Agriculture 36 Agricultural land (% land area) 21 38 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) 8,145 7.188 30.017 Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 6.128 5.919 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) 4.169 Forests and biodiversity 28.9 23.9 463 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -0.80.4 -0.018.3 23.3 15.7 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 19 622 527 Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds 33 1.011 923 25 2 263 1.642 Threatened species, fish 72 5,108 2,176 Threatened species, higher plants **Oceans** 14.416 33.549 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 3.190 -1.5 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -4.9-3.5Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 6.3 7.7 2.6 3.9 15.5 23.7 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 20.320 83 900 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 41.330 15.283 **Energy and emissions** Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 2,033 1,337 4.745 17.1 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 20.4 5.3 9.066 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 3.879 2.122 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 58.4 43.1 60.7 31.3 46.5 12.0 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 4.7 3.0 11.0 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 49,824 22.160 8.733 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 4.0 2.4 9.8 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 83 71 41 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 100 99 95 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 93 84 99 Rural (% of rural population) 97 100 100 Urban (% of urban population) 99 83 99 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 91 64 99 Rural (% of rural population) 100 88 100 Urban (% of urban population) **Environment and health** 21 18 17 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 85 62 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 18 6 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 20.8 17.7 22.2 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 13.0 10.2 16.6 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 4.6 4.9 48 0.0 0.9 0.3 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.9 0.1 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 6.8 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.1 0.0 1.1 1.1 0.8 CO2 damage (% of GNI) 0.1 0.2 0.1 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 43 94 9.1 Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

Population (millions) **1,371.2** Land area (1,000 sq. km) **9,388** GDP (\$ billions) **11,064.7**

	Country data	East Asia & Pacific group	Upper middle- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$)	7,900	9,771	8,263
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	6,098 55.6	7,546 56.6	6,302 64.1
Agriculture			
Agricultural land (% land area)	55	49	35
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$)	10.5 1,465	1,657	2,208
Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	5,886	4,958	4,104
Forests and biodiversity	20.0	00.0	040
Forest area (% land area)	22.2 -1.1	26.3 -0.2	34.9 0.0
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	17.0	15.6	15.2
Threatened species, mammals	74	918	1,056
Threatened species, birds	89	1,097	1,511
Threatened species, fish	133	1,549	2,315
Threatened species, higher plants	574	3,515	6,808
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	79,389	132,587	103,240
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	1.2	0.9	-0.5
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	5.3	6.5	5.3
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	2.3	17.0	9.9
Coral reef area (sq. km)	1,510	203,050	48,880
Mangroves area (sq. km)	208	67,121	50,774
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)	2,237	2,137	2,192
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	7.1	7.7	7.3
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	3,927	3,682	3,495
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	74.8	76.4	71.1
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	18.6 7.6	15.0 6.3	21.0 6.6
Water and sanitation			
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	2,062	4,529	8,261
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	21.6 65	11.3 71	6.3 68
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population)	96	94	95
Rural (% of rural population)	93	90	91
Urban (% of urban population)	98	97	97
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	77	77	80
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	64 87	64 87	67 87
Environment and health			
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	58	44	42
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	100	97	95
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five)		
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	11	 17	 19
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple Gross savings (% of GNI)	tion and 48.3	aegradat 39.1	36.6
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	23.0	20.7	18.0
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	1.8	2.7	3.0
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.4	0.3	1.1 0.4
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.3	0.2 0.0	0.4
Net forest depletion (% of GNI) CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	3.1	2.1	2.6
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	0.4	0.3	0.3
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	22.9	18.1	17.2

Colombia

Population (millions) 48.2 Land area (1.000 sq. km) 1.110 GDP (\$ billions) 292.1 Latin Upper America & middle-Country Caribbean income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 7.1408.968 8.263 7,249 6,302 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 5,036 Urban population (% of total) 76.4 79.9 64.1 Agriculture 40 Agricultural land (% land area) 38 35 15 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) 2,208 6.536 7.188 Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 4.105 4.104 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) 4.169 Forests and biodiversity 52.7 34.9 463 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 0.4 0.4 0.0 23.1 23.3 15.2 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 54 1.056 622 Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds 119 1.011 1.511 2 3 1 5 96 1.642 Threatened species, fish 257 5,108 6.808 Threatened species, higher plants **Oceans** 14.416 103.240 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 178 -0.5 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -3.4-3.5Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 3.0 7.7 5.3 16.9 15.5 9.9 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 940 20.320 48 880 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 4.079 41.330 50.774 **Energy and emissions** 2,192 Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 712 1.337 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 109 171 7.3 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 1.290 2.122 3.495 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 25.8 43.1 71.1 71.1 46.5 21.0 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 1.9 3.0 6.6 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 44.883 22.160 8.261 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 0.5 2.4 6.3 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 54 71 68 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 91 95 95 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 74 84 91 Rural (% of rural population) 97 97 97 Urban (% of urban population) 81 83 80 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 68 64 67 Rural (% of rural population) 85 88 87 Urban (% of urban population) **Environment and health** 18 18 42 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 96 95 85 6 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) .. Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 16 18 19 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 18.3 17.7 36.6 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 124 10.2 18.0 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 3.5 4.9 3.0 2.3 0.9 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 1.1 0.5 0.9 0.4 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.1 1.0 1.1 2.6 CO2 damage (% of GNI) 0.2 0.2 0.3 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 54 17.2 94 Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

Comoros

Population (thousands) **788** Land area (1,000 sq. km) **1.9** GDP (\$ millions) **565.7**

	Country data	Sub- Saharan Africa group	Low- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$)	780 698	1,631 1,239	619 497
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	28.3	37.7	30.7
Agriculture	71	40	20
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	71	42	39
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	982 1,370	1,219 1,452	504 1,486
Forests and biodiversity	10.0	25.7	27.4
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	19.9 1.3	25.7 0.5	27.4 0.5
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	10.2	15.3	15.2
Threatened species, mammals	5	918	619
Threatened species, birds Threatened species, fish	10 9	876 2,023	599 1,156
Threatened species, higher plants	7	3,740	1,962
Oceans	10.7	7.410	2.054
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	12.7 0.4	7,416 1.8	3,954 2.2
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)		17.0	3.1
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	0.3	6.1	3.5
Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km)	430 1.2	17,980 28,061	12,520 15,778
Energy and emissions			
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)		701 57.4	79.1
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)		497	13.1
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)		64.3	
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	0.2	21.2 0.8	0.3
Water and sanitation			
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	1,558 0.8	3,986 3.2	4,629 3.3
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	47	81	90
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	90	68	66
Rural (% of rural population)	89	56	56
Urban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	93 36	87 30	87 28
Rural (% of rural population)	31	23	23
Urban (% of urban population)	48	40	40
Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	17	36	39
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	100	99	99
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five		5	6
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	17 74	14 83	16 76
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple			
Gross savings (% of GNI)	10.5 6.0	14.4 13.8	14.7 10.6
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI)	3.6	3.3	3.2
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	1.7	0.4
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.0 3.4	0.9 2.3	1.5 6.6
Net forest depletion (% of GNI) CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	0.9	1.6	1.2
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	1.6	1.2	1.7
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	1.6	-3.9	-3.8

Congo, Dem. Rep.

77.3 Land area (1.000 sq. km) 2.267 GDP (\$ billions) 35.2 Population (millions) Sub-Saharan Low-Country Africa income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 410 1.631 619 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 326 1,239 497 37.7 Urban population (% of total) 42.5 30.7 Agriculture 39 Agricultural land (% land area) 12 42 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) 350 504 1.219 Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 1.452 1.486 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) 772 Forests and biodiversity 25.7 27.4 673 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 0.2 0.5 0.5 12.1 15.3 15.2 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 36 918 619 Threatened species, mammals 37 Threatened species, birds 876 599 1,156 93 2,023 Threatened species, fish 113 3.740 1.962 Threatened species, higher plants **Oceans** 7.416 3.954 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 234 2.2 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -0.41.8 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 2.2 17.0 3.1 4.3 6.1 3.5 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 17.980 12.520 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 193 28.061 15.778 **Energy and emissions** Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 384 701 79.1 91.7 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 57.4 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 107 497 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 0.1 64.3 99.9 21.2 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 0.0 0.8 0.3 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 12.020 3.986 4.629 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 0.1 3.2 3.3 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 81 90 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 11 52 68 66 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 31 56 56 Rural (% of rural population) 81 87 87 Urban (% of urban population) 29 30 28 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 29 23 23 Rural (% of rural population) 29 40 40 Urban (% of urban population) **Environment and health** 46 39 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 36 PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 99 99 100 5 6 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) 7 17 14 16 Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 98 83 76 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 6.8 14.4 147 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 2.0 13.8 10.6 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 2.1 3.3 3.2 0.2 1.7 0.4 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 3.6 0.9 1.5 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 2.3 6.6 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 16.5 0.4 1.6 1.2 CO2 damage (% of GNI) 1.7 2.5 1.2 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) -3.9 -164-3.8Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

Conqo,

Population (millions) 4.6 Land area (1,000 sq. km) 342 GDP (\$ billions) 86 Sub-Lower Saharan middle-Country Africa income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 2.540 1.631 2.029 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 1,186 1,239 1.767 37.7 Urban population (% of total) 65.4 39.0 Agriculture 44 Agricultural land (% land area) 42 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) 1.217 1.219 1.614 Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 1.452 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) 824 3.185Forests and biodiversity 25.7 65.4 243 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 0.1 0.5 0.4 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 35.2 15.3 12.0 17 1.134 918 Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds 5 876 1.199 55 2,023 2,011 Threatened species, fish 45 3.740 3,971 Threatened species, higher plants **Oceans** 69 4 7.416 58.665 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 28 24 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 1.8 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 5.8 17.0 12.0 33.6 6.1 5.0 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 17.980 128 580 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 16.7 28.061 68.563 **Energy and emissions** Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 583 701 651 56.4 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 57.4 28.5 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 213 497 777 74.9 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 45.3 64.3 54.7 21.2 14.9 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 0.8 1.4 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) 0.6 Water and sanitation 49.279 3.986 3,003 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 0.0 3.2 18.4 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 9 81 88 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 77 68 90 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 40 87 56 Rural (% of rural population) 96 87 94 Urban (% of urban population) 15 30 52 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 23 42 Rural (% of rural population) 6 20 40 67 Urban (% of urban population) **Environment and health** 53 58 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 36 PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 99 99 5 5 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) 19 14 Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 45 83 53 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 14.4 27.6 21.7 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 13.8 9.7 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 25 3.3 3.0 13.5 1.7 0.8 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.9 0.3 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 2.3 0.4 1.1 1.6 2.3 CO2 damage (% of GNI) 1.2 1.2 0.9

16.1

-3.9

Air pollution damage (% of GNI)

Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

Costa Rica

Population (millions) 4.8 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	51 GI	51 GDP (\$ billions)	
	Country data	Latin America & Caribbean group	
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$)	10,400 10,019		8,263 6,302
Urban population (% of total)	76.8		64.1
Agriculture	35	38	35
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	1.5	38	30
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	8,250 3,727		2,208 4,104
Forests and biodiversity			
Forest area (% land area)	54.0		34.9
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	-1.0 27.4	0.4 23.3	0.0 15.2
Threatened species, mammals	10	622	1,056
Threatened species, birds	23	1,011	1,511
Threatened species, fish	60	1,642	2,315
Threatened species, higher plants	140	5,108	6,808
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	38.2	14,416	103,240
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	-5.3	-3.5	-0.5
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	5.8	7.7	5.3
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km)	15.8 970	15.5 20,320	9.9 48,880
Mangroves area (sq. km)	418	- ,	50,774
Energy and emissions			
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)	1,031 13.4	1,337 17.1	2,192 7.3
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	1,958		3,495
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	10.2	43.1	71.1
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)	65.7	46.5	21.0
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	1.6	3.0	6.6
Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	23,751	22,160	8.261
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	2.1	2.4	6.3
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	57	71	68
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	98 92	95 84	95 91
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	100	97	97
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	95	83	80
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	92 95	64 88	67 87
Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	20	18	42
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	100	85	95
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five			
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	10	18	19
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple	tion and	l degradat	ion
Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	 5.7	17.7 10.2	36.6 18.0
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	7.1	4.9	3.0
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.0		1.1
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.9	0.4
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	1.2	0.1	0.0
LILL Gamade (% of GNI)	0.4	1.1	2.6
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	0.1	0.2	0.3

Côte d'Ivoire

318 GDP (\$ billions) Population (millions) 22.7 Land area (1,000 sq. km) 31.8 Sub-Lower Saharan middle-Country Africa income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 1.420 1.631 2.029 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 1,171 1,239 1.767 37.7 Urban population (% of total) 54.2 39.0 Agriculture 44 Agricultural land (% land area) 65 42 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) 2.796 1.219 1.614 Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 1.452 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) 2.139 3.185Forests and biodiversity 25.7 24.3 32.7 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -0.00.5 0.4 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 22.9 15.3 12.0 30 918 1.134 Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds 876 1.199 57 2,023 2,011 Threatened species, fish 112 3.740 3,971 Threatened species, higher plants **Oceans** 7.416 58.665 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 73.8 24 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -n 9 1.8 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 8.0 17.0 12.0 2.1 6.1 5.0 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 17.980 128 580 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 99.6 28.061 68.563 **Energy and emissions** Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 626 701 651 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 72 9 57.4 28.5 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 281 497 777 74.9 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 76.1 64.3 23.1 21.2 14.9 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 0.4 0.8 1.4 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 3.986 3.003 3.468 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 2.0 3.2 18.4 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 38 81 88 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 82 68 90 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 87 69 56 Rural (% of rural population) 93 87 94 Urban (% of urban population) 23 30 52 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 10 23 42 Rural (% of rural population) 40 67 Urban (% of urban population) 33 **Environment and health** 24 58 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 36 PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 99 99 5 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) 4 18 14 Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 93 83 53 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 18.6 14.4 27.6 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 7.8 13.8 9.7 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 4.6 3.3 3.0 0.5 1.7 0.8 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 1.3 0.9 0.3 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 2.3 0.4 1.1 1.6 2.3 CO2 damage (% of GNI) 1.6 1.2 0.9 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 10 1 -3.916.1 Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

Croatia

GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 12,760 24,275 41,93 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 9,657 18,328 33,44 197 10,90 81 10,90 10,9	Population (millions) 4.2 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	56 GE	P (\$ billions	s) 48.7
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$)			Central Asia	High- income group
Agriculture	GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$)			41,932
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 34,197 Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 34,197 Forests and blodiversity Forests area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15) -0.1 -0.1 -0.1 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds Threatened species, higher plants Threatened species, fish Theatened species, higher plants Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture (area (5q. km) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture (area (5q. km) Aquaculture (5d. km) Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Aquaculture (5d. km) Aquaculture (7d. kg oil equivalent)				33,454 81.1
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 34,197 14,018 30,01 5,91 Forests and biodiversity Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15) ————————————————————————————————————	Agriculture			
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 34,197			29	36
Forests and biodiversity Forest area (% land area) 34.3 38.0 29			14.018	30,017
Some starea (% land area) 34.3 38.0 28			,	5,919
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15)				
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 37.7 12.6 15				28.9
Threatened species, mammals				-0.0 15.7
Threatened species, birds				527
Threatened species, fish		15	638	923
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	Threatened species, fish			2,263
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 88.3 18,438 33,52 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 8.6 -0.9 -1 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 5.6 2.9 -2 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 16.3 13.0 23 Coral reef area (sq. km) 83,90 Mangroves area (sq. km) 15,28 Energy and emissions 15,28 Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 1,48 3,157 4,74 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 14.4 5.9 9,06 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 26.0 49.8 60 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 67.0 16.6 12 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) 4.2 </td <td>Threatened species, higher plants</td> <td>8</td> <td>1,032</td> <td>2,176</td>	Threatened species, higher plants	8	1,032	2,176
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)		88.3	10 // 20	33 5/0
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 5.6 2.9 2 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 16.3 13.0 23 Coral reef area (sq. km) 83,90 Mangroves area (sq. km) 15,28 Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 1,898 3,157 4,74 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 14.4 5.99 5 Electricip power consumption per capita (kWh) 3,714 5,369 9,06 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 26.0 49.8 60 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 67.0 16.6 12 CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) 4.2 7.3 11 Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 8,895 7,850 8,73 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 1.7 7.4 9 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 100 98 10 Rural (% of rural population) 100 96 99 10 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 97 93 3 Rural (% of rural population) 96 89 95 10 Environment and health PM2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 98 95 10 Environment and health PM2.5 exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 89 60 Accute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five)				-1.5
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 16.3 13.0 23 Coral reef area (sq. km) 83,90 Mangroves area (sq. km) 15,28 Energy and emissions Energy grom biomass products and waste (% of total) 14.4 5.9 5 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 3,714 5,369 9,06 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 26.0 49.8 60 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 67.0 16.6 12. C0.2 emissions per capita (metric tons) 4.2 7.3 11 Water and sanitation Internal freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 1.7 7.4 9 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 1 4.7 2 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 1 4.7 4 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 100 98 16 Rural (% of rural population) 100 96 5 Urban (% of urban population) 100 96 89 5 <				2.6
Mangroves area (sq. km)		16.3	13.0	23.7
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) Energy and Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total population) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of children under five) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of children under five) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of children under five) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of children under five) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of children under five) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of children under five) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of children under five) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of children under five) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of children under five) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of children under five) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of children under five) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of children un				83,900
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population) Urban (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Bervironment and health PM2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM2.5 exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) Energy depletion (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI) Li 1.0	Mangroves area (sq. km)		••	15,283
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)		1 898	3 157	4,745
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 3,714 5,369 9,06 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 26.0 49.8 60 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 67.0 16.6 12 CO₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) 4.2 7.3 11 Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 8,895 7,850 8,73 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 1.7 7.4 9 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 1 47 7.4 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 100 96 Rural (% of rural population) 100 99 10 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 97 93 Rural (% of rural population) 96 89 Rural (% of rural population) 97 93 Rural (% of rural population) 96 89 Environment and health PM2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (μg/cu. m) 22 19 10 PM2.5 exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 89 6 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 4 11 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 23.4 22.5 22 Cossumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 15.9 16.1 16. Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.3 0.6 0 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.1 0 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.				5.3
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 67.0 16.6 12 CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) 4.2 7.3 11 Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 8,895 7,850 8,73 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 1.7 7.4 9 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 1 47 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 100 96 9 Rural (% of rural population) 100 96 9 Rural (% of urban population) 100 99 10 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 97 93 10 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 96 89 95 10 Environment and health 98 95 10 Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 22 19 10 Accute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 4 11 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 15.9 16.1 16. Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.3 0.6 0 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0		3,714		9,066
CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) 4.2 7.3 11 Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 8,895 7,850 8,73 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 1.7 7.4 9 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 1 47 47 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 100 98 4 Rural (% of rural population) 100 99 10 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 97 93 8 Rural (% of rural population) 96 89 5 Rural (% of rural population) 98 95 10 Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 22 19 1 PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 89 6 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 4 11 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletio				60.7
Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 8,895 7,850 8,73 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 1.7 7.4 9 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 1 47 4 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 100 98 10 Rural (% of rural population) 100 99 10 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 97 93 5 Rural (% of rural population) 96 89 5 Urban (% of urban population) 96 89 5 Urban (% of urban population) 98 95 10 Environment and health Environment and health 22 19 1 PM2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (μg/cu. m) 22 19 1 M2.5 exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 89 6 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 4 11				12.0 11.0
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)		4.2	1.5	11.0
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)		8 895	7 850	8,733
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 1 47 47 47 42 42 42.5 22 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 2.3 4.6 2.3 4.2 2.5 22 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 0.3 0.6 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0				9.8
Rural (% of rural population) 100 96 S. C.				41
Urban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Physical (% of urban population) Beautiful (% of urban population) Fenvironment and health Physical population, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) Physical population, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) Physical pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) Physical population, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) Physical pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) Physical pollution (% of GNI) Physical pollution and degradation and degradation (Gross savings (% of GNI) Pational accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation and degradation (Gross savings (% of GNI) Physical pollution and degradation and degradation (Gross savings (% of GNI) Physical pollution and degradation and degradation are pollution (% of GNI) Physical pollution and degradation and degradation and degradation are pollution (% of GNI) Physical pollution and degradation and degradation are pollution and degradation and degradation are pollution and degradation and degradation are pollution and degradation are pollut				100
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 97 93 98 Rural (% of rural population) 96 89 95 10 Urban (% of urban population) 98 95 10 10 Urban (% of urban population) 98 95 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10				99 100
Rural (% of rural population) 96 89 95 10				99
Urban (% of urban population) 98 95 10 Environment and health PM₂, s pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 22 19 1 PM₂, s pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 22 19 1 PM₂, s exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 89 6 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 4 11 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 23.4 22.5 22 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 15.9 16.1 16 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 4.2 4.8 4 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.3 0.6 0 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.1 0 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.0 0 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0				99
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (μg/cu. m) 22 19 PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 89 6 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 4 11 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 23.4 22.5 22 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 15.9 16.1 16 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 4.2 4.8 4 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.3 0.6 0 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.1 0 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 C02 damage (% of GNI) 1.1 1.0 0		98	95	100
PM _{2,5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 89 6 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 4 11 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 23.4 22.5 22 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 15.9 16.1 16.1 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 4.2 4.8 4 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.3 0.6 0 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.1 0 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.1 0 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.0 0.0 CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) 1.1 1.0 0			40	
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) **National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) **Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Notional depletion (% of GNI)				17 62
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 4 11 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 23.4 22.5 22 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 15.9 16.1 16 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 4.2 4.8 4 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.3 0.6 0 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.1 0 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.0 0 CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) 1.1 1.0 0				
Gross savings (% of GNI) 23.4 22.5 22 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 15.9 16.1 16 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 4.2 4.8 4 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.3 0.6 0 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.1 0.0 0.0 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) 1.1 1.0 0		4	11	6
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 15.9 16.1 16 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 4.2 4.8 4 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.3 0.6 0 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.1 0 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.0 0 CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) 1.1 1.0 0				
Education expenditure (% of GNI) 4.2 4.8 4 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.3 0.6 0 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.1 0 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.0 0.0 CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) 1.1 1.0 0				22.2 16.6
Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.3 0.6 0 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.1 0 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.0 0.0 CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) 1.1 1.0 0				4.8
$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$				0.3
$ \begin{array}{cccc} \text{Net forest depletion (\% of GNI)} & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0 \\ \text{CO}_2 \ \text{damage (\% of GNI)} & 1.1 & 1.0 & 0 \\ \end{array} $	Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.1	0.1
	Net forest depletion (% of GNI)			0.0
AN DOMINION DAMAGE (% OFGN) U.Z U.T U				0.8
				0.1 9.1



104 GDP (\$ billions) Population (millions) 11.4 Land area (1,000 sq. km) 87.1 Latin Upper America & middle-Country Caribbean income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 6.600 8.968 8.263 7,249 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 6.010 6,302 79.9 Urban population (% of total) 77.1 64.1 Agriculture 60 Agricultural land (% land area) 38 35 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) 2,208 Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 5.085 7.188 2.814 4.104 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) 4.169 Forests and biodiversity 30.8 34.9 463 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -1.80.4 0.0 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 12.4 23.3 15.2 12 622 1.056 Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds 17 1.011 1.511 2.315 44 Threatened species, fish 1.642 Threatened species, higher plants 179 5,108 6.808 **Oceans** 14.416 103.240 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 54.6 -6.7-0.5 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -3.5Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -0.57.7 5.3 7.6 15.5 9.9 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 3.020 20.320 48 880 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 4.944 41.330 50.774 **Energy and emissions** 2,192 Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 1.028 1,337 14.1 17.1 7.3 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 3.495 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 1.442 2.122 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 96.0 43.1 71.1 0.5 46.5 21.0 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 3.5 3.0 6.6 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 8.261 3.350 22.160 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 18.3 2.4 6.3 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 65 71 68 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 95 95 95 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 90 84 91 Rural (% of rural population) 97 Urban (% of urban population) 96 97 93 83 80 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 89 64 67 Rural (% of rural population) 94 88 87 Urban (% of urban population) **Environment and health** 18 18 42 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 85 95 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 18 19 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 17.7 36.6 8.9 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 102 18.0 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 13.0 4.9 3.0 1.3 0.9 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 1.1 0.2 0.9 0.4 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.1 1.4 1.1 2.6 CO2 damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.1 0.2 0.3

17.2

9.4

Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

Curação

Population (thousands) 158 Land area (sq. km)	444 G	DP (\$ millions	s)
	Country data	Latin America & Caribbean group	
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	89.3	7,249	41,932 33,454 81.1
Agriculture			
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)			36
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)		4 4 00	30,017 5,919
Forests and biodiversity			
Forest area (% land area)		0.4	28.9
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15)		0.4 23.3	-0.0 15.7
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) Threatened species, mammals	3		527
Threatened species, finalimals Threatened species, birds	1		923
Threatened species, fish	28		2,263
Threatened species, higher plants	2		2,176
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand matric tons)	30.2	14,416	33,549
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	30.2	′ 2 =	-1.5
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)			2.6
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)		45.5	23.7
Coral reef area (sq. km)		20,320	83,900
Mangroves area (sq. km)		41,330	15,283
Energy and emissions	10.051	1 227	4 745
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)	12,651 0.0		4,745 5.3
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	4,798		9,066
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	96.4	,	60.7
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)	0.0		12.0
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	34.2	3.0	11.0
Water and sanitation		00.400	0.700
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)			8,733 9.8
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)		71	41
Access to improved water source (% of total population)		0.5	100
Rural (% of rural population)		84	99
Urban (% of urban population)		97	100
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)		83	99
Rural (% of rural population)			99
Urban (% of urban population)		. 88	100
Environment and health		18	17
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)			62
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five			
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)	,		
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		18	6
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple	tion an		ion
Gross savings (% of GNI)		17.7	22.2
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)			16.6 4.8
Education expenditure (% of GNI)		0.0	4.8 0.3
Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI)		0.9	0.3
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)		0.1	0.0
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)		1 1	0.8
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)		0.0	0.1
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)		9.4	9.1

Cyprus

Population (millions) 1.2 Land area (1,000 sq. km) 9.2 GDP (\$ billions) 19.6

	Country data	Europe & Central Asia group	High- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	25,810 19,572 66.9	24,275 18,328 70.9	41,932 33,454 81.1
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$		29 14,018	36 30,017
Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	291	3,910	5,919
Forests and biodiversity Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	18.7 -0.0 18.4 6 7 24 18	38.0 -0.1 12.6 350 638 1,220 1,032	28.9 -0.0 15.7 527 923 2,263 2,176
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km)	7.0 -22.5 7.4 0.9	18,438 -0.9 2.9 13.0	33,549 -1.5 2.6 23.7 83,900 15,283
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	1,710 2.5 3,621 92.7 0.0 5.2	3,157 5.9 5,369 49.8 16.6 7.3	4,745 5.3 9,066 60.7 12.0 11.0
Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	676 32.7 66 100 100 100 100 100	7,850 7.4 47 98 96 99 93 89	8,733 9.8 41 100 99 100 99 99
Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (μg/cu. m) PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	18 100 e)	19 89 	17 62 6
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple			
Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI) CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) Ari pollution damage (% of GNI) Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	11.6 14.8 5.9 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.9 0.1	22.5 16.1 4.8 0.6 0.1 0.0 1.0 0.1 9.5	22.2 16.6 4.8 0.3 0.1 0.0 0.8 0.1 9.1

Czech Republic

Population (millions) 10.5 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	77 G	DP (\$ billions	s) 185.2
	Country data	Europe & Central Asia group	High- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	18,150 <i>14,30</i> 9 73.0	18,328	41,932 33,454 81.1
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area)	55	5 29	36
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	0.4	1 14,018	30,017 5,919
Forests and biodiversity			
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	34.5 -0.1 21.1	-0.1 1 12.6	28.9 -0.0 15.7
Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	3 10 2 10	638 2 1,220	527 923 2,263 2,176
Oceans		<u> </u>	
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	24.0 -1.3 0.2	-0.9	33,549 -1.5 2.6
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km)	0.0		23.7 83,900 15,283
Energy and emissions	2.015	2.157	4 745
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	3,915 8.4 6,259	5.9	4,745 5.3
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	53.4	49.8	9,066 60.7
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	2.2 9.4		12.0 11.0
Water and sanitation	1.046	7.050	0.700
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	1,249 12.5	7.4	8,733 9.8
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	100		41 100
Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population)	100		99
Urban (% of urban population)	100		100
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population)	99 99		99 99
Urban (% of urban population)	99		100
Environment and health	21	19	17
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	100		62
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)			
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	3	3 11	6
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple Gross savings (% of GNI)	etion an 28.8		tion 22.2
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	23.1		16.6
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	4.1		4.8
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.0		0.3 0.1
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	() (
Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0.0 7 1.0	0.0 0.8 0.1

enma

42 GDP (\$ billions) 301 3 Population (millions) 5.7 Land area (1,000 sq. km) Europe & Central High-Country Asia income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 60.270 24.275 41.932 45,505 18,328 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 33 454 Urban population (% of total) 87.7 70.9 81.1 Agriculture 36 Agricultural land (% land area) 62 29 9.3 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 74,766 14.018 30.017 6.752 3.910 5.919 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity 28.9 145 38.0 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -0.3-0.1-0.0Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 18.3 12.6 15.7 2 350 527 Threatened species, mammals 923 7 Threatened species, birds 638 1,220 2,263 Threatened species, fish 18 Threatened species, higher plants 1 1,032 2.176 **Oceans** 18.438 33.549 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 905 -1.5 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -3.7-0.9Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -1.32.9 2.6 29.2 13.0 23.7 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 83 900 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 15.283 **Energy and emissions** Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 2,873 3.157 4.745 5.9 5.3 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 22.5 5.369 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 5.859 9.066 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 41.9 49.8 60.7 0.0 16.6 12.0 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 6.8 7.3 11.0 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 7.850 8.733 1.063 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 10.9 7.4 9.8 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 25 47 41 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 100 100 98 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 100 96 99 Rural (% of rural population) 100 Urban (% of urban population) 100 99 100 93 99 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 100 89 99 Rural (% of rural population) 100 95 100 Urban (% of urban population) **Environment and health** 19 17 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 79 89 62 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 11 6 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 27.8 22.2 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 16.5 161 166 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 8.1 4.8 48 0.4 0.6 0.3 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.1 0.1 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.0 0.4 1.0 0.8 CO2 damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.1 0.1 0.1 9.5 18.5 9.1

Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

Djibouti

Country data Coun	Population (thousands) 888 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	a (1,000 sq. km) 23 GDP (\$ billions) 1.	s) 1.7	
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$)			East & N. Africa	Lower middle- income group
Agricultural land (% land area) 73 33 4 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	Adjusted net national income per capita (\$)		6,251	2,029 1,767 39.0
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$)		73	33	44
Forest area (% land area) 0.2 2.1 24	Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$)			1,614 3,185
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15)				
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 1.3 11.7 12				24.3 0.4
Threatened species, mammals				12.0
Threatened species, fish 18				1,134
Threatened species, higher plants 3 290 3,97	Threatened species, birds			1,199
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Description of the protected areas (% of territorial waters) Description of the protected areas (% of territorial waters) Description of the protected areas (% of territorial waters) Description of the protected areas (% of territorial waters) Description of the protected areas (% of territorial waters) Description of the protected areas (% of territorial waters) Description of the protected areas (% of territorial waters) Description of the protected areas (% of total) Description of the protected and waste (% of total) Description of total generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Description of the protected and waste (% of total) Description of the protected and waste (% of total) Description of the protected and waste (% of total) Description of the protected areas (% of total for total for total for total for the protected areas (% of total for total for the protected areas (% of total for total for the protected areas (% of total for total for the protected areas (% of total for the protected areas (% of total for total for the protected areas (% of total for total for the protected areas (% of total for total for total for the protected areas (% of total for to				2,011 3,971
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	Oceans			
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 9.4 12 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 0.2 3.8 5 Coral reef area (sq. km) 450 15,470 128,58 Mangroves area (sq. km) 10.0 513 68,56 Energy and emissions Energy and emissions Energy trom biomass products and waste (% of total) 0.6 28 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 2,906 77 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 96.3 74 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 2.6 14 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) 0.7 6.0 1 Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 342 555 3,00 Total freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 342 18.4 18.4 18.4 18.4 18.4 18.4 18.4 18.4	Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)			58,665
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 0.2 3.8 5 Coral reef area (sq. km) 450 15,470 128,58 Mangroves area (sq. km) 10.0 513 68,56 Energy and emissions 8 5 Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 2,365 65 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 2,66 28 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 2,63 74 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 2,6 14 CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) 0.7 6.0 1 Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 342 555 3,00 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 6.3 138.4 18 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 16 85 8 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 90 93 9 Urban (% of urban population) 97 96 9 Warra				2.4
Coral reef area (sq. km)				5.0
Energy and emissions				128,580
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)			,	68,563
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 0.6 28			0.005	054
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)				651 28.5
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 96.3 74. Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 2.6 14. CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) 0.7 6.0 1 Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 342 555 3,00 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 6.3 138.4 18. Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 16 85 8. Access to improved water source (% of total population) 90 93 9 8. Rural (% of rural population) 97 96 9 8 9 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9				777
CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) 0.7 6.0 1 Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 342 555 3,00 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 6.3 138.4 18 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 16 85 8 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 90 93 9 Rural (% of rural population) 65 89 8 Urban (% of urban population) 97 96 9 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 47 91 5 Rural (% of rural population) 47 91 5 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 47 91 5 Urban (% of urban population) 60 93 6 Environment and health PM2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 52 61 5 PM2.5 exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 100 9 Actional population				74.9
Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 342 555 3,00 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 6.3 138.4 18 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 16 85 8 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 90 93 9 Rural (% of rural population) 65 89 8 Urban (% of urban population) 97 96 9 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 47 91 5 Rural (% of rural population) 5 87 4 Urban (% of urban population) 5 87 4 Urban (% of urban population) 60 93 6 Environment and health Environment and health Environment and health Environment and health PM2,5 exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 100 9 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 65 23 5		0.7		14.9 1.4
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 342 555 3,00 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 6.3 138.4 18 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 16 85 8 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 90 93 8 Rural (% of rural population) 65 89 8 Urban (% of urban population) 97 96 9 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 47 91 8 Rural (% of rural population) 5 87 4 Urban (% of urban population) 60 93 6 Environment and health PM_2, s exposure (% pg/cu. m) 52 61 5 PM2, s exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 100 9 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 65 23 5 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation 24.7 27. Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 9.9 9 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 9.9 9 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 4.7 0 Nationeral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.1 0	Water and sanitation			
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 16 85 8 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 90 93 9 Rural (% of rural population) 97 96 89 89 Urban (% of urban population) 97 96 89 89 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 47 91 58 87 49 Rural (% of rural population) 5 87 49 91 93 89 Rural (% of rural population) 5 87 49 91 93 89 Environment and population) 5 87 49 91 93 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89		342	555	3,003
Access to improved water source (% of total population) 90 93 93 8 Rural (% of rural population) 65 89 89 89 89 97 96 99 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97				18.4
Rural (% of rural population)				88 90
Urban (% of urban population) 97 96 96 96 97 96 97 96 97 96 97 96 97 96 97 96 97 96 97 96 97 96 97 96 97 96 97 96 97 96 97 96 97 96 97 96 97 96 97 97 96 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97				87
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 100 9 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 65 23 Satisfied accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI) National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) Rational accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) Under-five under five under				94
Urban (% of urban population) 60 93 6 Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 52 61 5 PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 100 9 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 65 23 5 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 24.7 27 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 9.9 9 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 7.4 5.2 3 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 4.7 0 National accounting aggregates—savings (% of GNI) 4.7 0 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.1 0	Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)			52
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 52 61 59 M _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 100 99 M _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 100 100 99 M _{2.5} exposure (% of children under five) 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10				42 67
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 52 61 59 M _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 100 99 M _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 100 99 M _{2.5} exposure (% of children under five) 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10	Environment and health			
Active resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI)				58
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) Finergy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI) Diarrhea prevalence (100	99
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 65 23 5 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 24.7 27 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 9.9 9 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 7.4 5.2 3 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 4.7 0 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.1 0				
Gross savings (% of GNI) 24.7 27. Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 9.9 9 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 7.4 5.2 3. Energy depletion (% of GNI) 4.7 0.0 0. Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.1 0.0 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.1 0.0		65	23	53
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 9.9 9 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 7.4 5.2 3 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 4.7 0 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.1 0		tion and		
Education expenditure (% of GNI) 7.4 5.2 3 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 4.7 0 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.1 0				27.6 9.7
Energy depletion (% of GNI) 4.7 0. Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0. Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.1 0.				3.0
Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0. Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.1 0				0.8
				0.3
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) 2.1 2.				0.4
				2.3 0.9
				16.1

Dominica

Population (thousands) 73 Land area (sq. km) **750** GDP (\$ millions) 517.2 Latin Upper America & middle-Country Caribbean income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 6.800 8.968 8.263 7,249 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 5,530 6,302 79.9 Urban population (% of total) 69.5 64.1 Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area) 33 38 35 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 10,938 2,208 7.188 4.104 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) 4.169 Forests and biodiversity 34.9 578 463 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 0.6 0.4 0.0 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 21.5 23.3 15.2 3 622 1.056 Threatened species, mammals 4 Threatened species, birds 1.011 1.511 29 2,315 Threatened species, fish 1.642 Threatened species, higher plants 11 5,108 6.808 **Oceans** 14.416 103.240 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 0.95 -0.5 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -1.6-3.5Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -1.07.7 5.3 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 0.1 15.5 9.9 <100 20.320 48 880 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 0.10 41.330 50.774 **Energy and emissions** 2,192 Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 1,337 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 17.1 7.3 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 2.122 3.495 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 43.1 71.1 46.5 21.0 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 1.8 3.0 6.6 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 2.765 22.160 8.261 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 10.0 2.4 6.3 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 5 71 68 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 95 95 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 84 91 Rural (% of rural population) 97 Urban (% of urban population) 96 97 83 80 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 64 67 Rural (% of rural population) .. 88 87 Urban (% of urban population) **Environment and health** 14 18 42 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 85 95 100 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 21 18 19 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 5.4 17.7 36.6 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 19.6 10.2 18.0 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 5.0 4.9 3.0 0.0 0.9 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 1.1 0.0 0.9 0.4 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0 0 0.1 0.8 1.1 2.6 CO2 damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.2 0.3

17.2

9.4

Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

Dominican Republic

Population (millions) 10.5 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	48 GE	OP (\$ billions) 68.1
	Country data	Latin America & Caribbean group	Upper middle- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	6,240 5,784 79.0	8,968 7,249 79.9	8,263 6,302 64.1
Agriculture			
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	49 8.7	38	35
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	9,347 4,007	7,188 4,169	2,208 4,104
Forests and biodiversity			
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	41.0 -1.9	46.3 0.4	34.9 0.0
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	23.0	23.3	15.2
Threatened species, mammals	6	622	1,056
Threatened species, birds	14 29	1,011 1,642	1,511
Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	42	5,108	2,315 6,808
Oceans	1.1.1	14.410	102 240
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	14.1 0.5	14,416 -3.5	103,240 -0.5
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	0.2	7.7	5.3
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	31.4	15.5	9.9
Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km)	610 212	20,320 41,330	48,880 50,774
Energy and emissions			
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)	734	1,337	2,192
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	10.7	17.1	7.3
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	1,578 86.7	2,122 43.1	3,495 71.1
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)	8.5	46.5	21.0
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	2.1	3.0	6.6
Water and sanitation	2,258	22.160	8,261
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	30.5	22,160 2.4	6.3
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	80	71	68
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	85	95	95
Rural (% of rural population)	82 85	84 97	91 97
Urban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	84		80
Rural (% of rural population)	76	64	67
Urban (% of urban population)	86	88	87
Environment and health	20	18	42
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	100	85	95
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five			
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	18 31	 18	19
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple	tion and	l degradat	ion
Gross savings (% of GNI)	22.3	17.7	36.6
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	5.0 2.5	10.2 4.9	18.0 3.0
Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.9	1.1
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	1.4		0.4
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.0		0.0
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	1.1 0.3	1.1 0.2	2.6 0.3

Ecuador

Population (millions) 16.1 Land area (1,000 sq. km) 248 GDP (\$ billions) 100.2 Latin Upper America & middle-Country Caribbean income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 6.030 8.968 8.263 7,249 6,302 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 5,144 63.7 Urban population (% of total) 79.9 64.1 Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area) 23 38 35 16.8 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) 2,208 Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 7.100 7.188 3.526 4.104 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) 4.169 Forests and biodiversity 34.9 50.5 463 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 0.6 0.4 0.0 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 25.8 23.3 15.2 45 622 1.056 Threatened species, mammals 98 Threatened species, birds 1.011 1.511 59 2,315 Threatened species, fish 1.642 Threatened species, higher plants 1.856 5,108 6.808 **Oceans** 14.416 103.240 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 1.068 -0.5 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 0.5 -3.5Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 13.8 7.7 5.3 75.7 15.5 9.9 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) <50 20.320 48 880 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 1.583 41.330 50.774 **Energy and emissions** 2,192 Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 892 1,337 5.6 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 171 7.3 1.381 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 2.122 3.495 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 50.8 43.1 71.1 47.1 46.5 21.0 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 2.8 3.0 6.6 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 27.819 22.160 8.261 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 2.2 2.4 6.3 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 81 71 68 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 87 95 95 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 76 84 91 Rural (% of rural population) 97 Urban (% of urban population) 93 97 85 83 80 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 64 67 Rural (% of rural population) 81 88 87 Urban (% of urban population) 87 **Environment and health** 13 18 42 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 95 92 85 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 22 18 19 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 24.6 17.7 36.6 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 13 6 10.2 18.0 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 3.9 4.9 3.0 1.7 0.9 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 1.1

0.4

2.6

0.3 17.2

0.9

0.1

1.1

0.2

9.4

0.1

0.2

1.4

0.1

114

Mineral depletion (% of GNI)

CO₂ damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI)

Net forest depletion (% of GNI)

Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

Egypt, Arab Rep.

Population (millions) 91.5 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	995 GE	OP (\$ billions	330.8
	Country data	Middle East & N. Africa group	Lower middle- income group
GNI per capita, <i>World Bank Atla</i> s method (\$)	3,340	8,229	2,029
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	3,256 43.1	6,251 64.2	1,767 39.0
Agriculture			
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	4	33	44
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$)		6,275	1,614
Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	7,231	2,299	3,185
Forests and biodiversity Forest area (% land area)	0.1	2.1	24.3
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	-1.4	-0.8	0.4
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	11.2	11.7	12.0
Threatened species, mammals	19 14	224 279	1,134
Threatened species, birds Threatened species, fish	51 51	610	1,199 2,011
Threatened species, hish Threatened species, higher plants	3	290	3,971
Oceans			
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	1,519	4,857	58,665
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	-0.7 8.6	2.0 9.4	2.4 12.0
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	13.2	3.8	5.0
Coral reef area (sq. km)	3,800	15,470	128,580
Mangroves area (sq. km)	5.1	513	68,563
Energy and emissions	835	2.265	651
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	2.3	2,365 0.6	28.5
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	1,699	2,906	777
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	91.0	96.3	74.9
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)	8.1 2.4	2.6 6.0	14.9
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	2.4	0.0	1.4
Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	20	555	3.003
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	4,333.3	138.4	18.4
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	86	85	88
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	99 99	93 89	90 87
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	100	96	94
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	95	91	52
Rural (% of rural population)	93	87	42
Urban (% of urban population)	97	93	67
Environment and health	105	61	58
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	105 100	100	99
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five			
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)	14		
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	24	23	53
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple Gross savings (% of GNI)	tion and	l degradat 24.7	t ion 27.6
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	5.4	9.9	9.7
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	4.4	5.2	3.0
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	2.4	4.7	0.8
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.1	0.0	0.3
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.2 2.1	0.1 2.1	0.4 2.3
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	0.6	0.2	0.9
All Dollution Gallage (% Of GNI)			

El Salvador

21 GDP (\$ billions) Population (millions) 6.1 Land area (1,000 sq. km) 25 9 Latin Lower America & middle-Country Caribbean income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 3.940 8.968 2.029 7,249 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 3,639 1,767 79.9 Urban population (% of total) 66.7 39.0 Agriculture 44 Agricultural land (% land area) 38 1.3 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 4.547 7.188 1.614 2.486 4.169 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) 3.185Forests and biodiversity 24.3 128 463 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 1.5 0.4 0.4 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 8.4 23.3 12.0 6 622 1.134 Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds 6 1.011 1.199 2,011 Threatened species, fish 1.642 Threatened species, higher plants 29 5,108 3,971 **Oceans** 14.416 58.665 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 59.2 12 0 -3.5 24 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 24.2 7.7 12.0 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 9.5 15.5 5.0 20.320 128 580 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 252 41.330 68.563 **Energy and emissions** Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 666 1.337 651 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 142 17.1 28.5 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 966 2.122 777 74.9 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 40.3 43.1 27.6 46.5 14.9 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 1.0 3.0 1.4 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 22.160 3.003 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 2.559 13.6 2.4 18.4 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 68 71 88 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 94 95 90 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 87 87 84 Rural (% of rural population) 97 Urban (% of urban population) 98 94 75 83 52 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 60 64 42 Rural (% of rural population) 88 67 Urban (% of urban population) 82 **Environment and health** 37 18 58 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 85 99 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 17 18 53 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 10.9 17.7 27.6 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 8.9 10.2 9.7 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 32 4.9 3.0 0.0 0.9 0.8 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.9 0.3 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.9 0.1 0.4 0.8 1.1 2.3 CO2 damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.4 0.2 0.9 3 1 9.4 16.1 Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

Equatorial Guinea

Country Saharan Middle Country Catal	Population (thousands) 845 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	28 GDP (\$ billions		sq. km) 28 GDP (\$ billions) 1) 12.2
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 6.205 1.239 6.3 Urban population (% of total) 39.9 37.7 6.4 Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area) 10 42 Agricultural ind (% land area) 10 42 Agricultural ind (% land area) 10 42 Agricultural ind (% land area) 1.219 2.2 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) 1.452 4.1 Forests and biodiversity Forest area (% land area) 55.9 25.7 3.0 Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 7.0 5.5 15.3 15.3 15.3 15.3 15.3 15.3 15.3			Saharan Africa	Upper middle- income group	
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 1,293 1,219 2,2 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 0.7 0.5 (Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 25.0 15.3 15. Threatened species, mammals 24 918 1,0 Threatened species, mammals 7 876 1,5 Threatened species, fish 42 2,023 2,3 Threatened species, higher plants 88 3,740 6,8 Cocans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 7,9 7,416 103,2 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 5.3 1,8 6-6 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 5.3 1,70 6,1 5,9 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 2.7 6,1 5,9 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 2.7 6,1 5,9 Mangroves area (sq. km) 253 28,061 50,7 Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 701 2,1 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 57,4 7,4 6,1 6,1 6,1 6,1 6,1 6,1 6,1 6,1 6,1 6,1	Adjusted net national income per capita (\$)	6,205	1,239	8,263 6,302 64.1	
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 1,293 1,219 2,2 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) 1,452 4,1 Forests and blodiversity Forest area (% land area) 55.9 25.7 34 Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 0.7 0.5 15.3 18 Threatened species, mammals 24 918 1,0 Threatened species, mammals 7 876 1,5 Threatened species, birds 7 876 1,5 Threatened species, birds 7 876 1,5 Threatened species, birds 7 876 1,5 Threatened species, higher plants 88 3,740 6,8 Oceans Oceans Oceans Oceans Ocapture fisheries groduction (thousand metric tons) 7.9 7,416 103,2 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 5.3 1.8 -(Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 5.3 1.8 -(Coral reef area (sq. km) 253 28,061 50,7 Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 7.9 7,416 103,2 Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 7.0 1 2,1 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 7.0 1 2,1 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 7.0 1 2,2 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 7.0 1 2,2 Electricity generated wind fossil fuel (% of total) 7.0 1 2,2 Electricity generated wind fossil fuel (% of total) 7.0 1 2,2 Electricity generated wind fossil fuel (% of total) 7.0 1 2,2 Electricity generated wind fossil fuel (% of total) 7.0 1 2,2 Electricity generated wind fossil fuel (% of total) 7.0 1 2,2 Electricity generated wind fossil fuel (% of total) 7.0 1 2,2 Electricity generated wind fossil fuel (% of total) 7.0 1 2,2 Electricity generated wind fossil fuel (% of total) 7.0 1 2,2 Electricity generated wind 7.0 1 2,2 Electricity generated 9.0 1 2,0 2 2,0 2,0 2,0 2,0 2,0 2,0 2,0 2,0 2		10	42	35	
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds Treatened species, fish Advacus (20,23 2,33 Threatened species, higher plants **Rofe 1.5** Threatened species	Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$)	1,293	 1,219	2,208 4,104	
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	Forests and biodiversity				
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 25.0 15.3 15.1				34.9	
Threatened species, mammals				0.0	
Threatened species, birds				15.2	
Threatened species, fish				1,511	
Threatened species, higher plants				2,315	
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 7.9 7,416 103,2 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) 5.3 1.8 -(88	3,740	6,808	
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)		7.0	7 // 16	102 240	
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)				-0.5	
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 2.7 6.1 5 Coral reef area (sq. km) 17,980 48,8 Mangroves area (sq. km) 253 28,061 50,7 Energy and emissions 701 2,1 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 57.4 1 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 497 3,4 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 21.2 21 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) 6.8 0.8 6 Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 31,673 3,986 8,2 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 0.1 3.2 6 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 6 81 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 32 56 Rural (% of rural population) 73 87 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 75 30 Rural (% of rural population) 75 30				5.3	
Mangroves area (sq. km) 253 28,061 50,7		2.7	6.1	9.9	
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 701 2,1 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 57.4 1 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 497 3,4 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 64.3 71 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 21.2 21.2 20.2 emissions per capita (metric tons) 6.8 0.8 0.8 0.8 0.8 0.8 0.8 0.8 0.8 0.8 0	Coral reef area (sq. km)			48,880	
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 701 2,1 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 57.4 4 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 497 3,4 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 64.3 7,7 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 21.2 21 CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) 6.8 0.8 6 Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 31,673 3,986 8,2 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 0.1 3.2 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 6 81 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 48 68 Rural (% of rural population) 73 87 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 75 30 Rural (% of rural population) 75 30 Rural (% of rural population) 71 23 Urban (% of urban population) 80 40 Environment and health PM2.5 exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 99 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) 5 Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) 14 Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 94 83 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 1.0 3.3 3 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 1.0 3.3 3 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 1.0 0.0 0.9 (6 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 1.7 1.6 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 1.7 1.6 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 1.9 1.2	Mangroves area (sq. km)	253	28,061	50,774	
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 57.4 felectric power consumption per capita (kWh) 497 3.4 felectric power consumption per capita (kWh) 497 3.4 felectricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 64.3 71 felectricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 21.2 21.2 CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) 6.8 0.8 6.9 0.9 0.1 0.2 0.9 0.9 0.1 0.2 0.9 0.9 0.9 0.0 0.9 0.9 0.0 0.9 0.9 0.0 0.9 0.9			701	2,192	
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 497 3,4 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 64.3 77 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 21.2 21 CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) 6.8 0.8 6 Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 31,673 3,986 8,2 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 0.1 3.2 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 6 81 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 48 68 Rural (% of rural population) 32 56 Urban (% of urban population) 73 87 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 75 30 Rural (% of rural population) 75 30 Rural (% of rural population) 80 40 Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 47 36 PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 99 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) 5 Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) 14 Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 94 83 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 1.0 3.3 3 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 1.0 3.3 3 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 1.0 0.0 0.9 (0.9 0.0 0.9 0.0 0.9 0.0 0.0 0.9 0.0 0.0				7.3	
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 64.3 7.5				3,495	
CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) 6.8 0.8 Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 31,673 3,986 8,2 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 0.1 3.2 6 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 6 81 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 48 68 Rural (% of rural population) 73 87 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 71 23 Rural (% of rural population) 71 23 Urban (% of urban population) 80 40 Environment and health 47 36 PM2,5 exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 99 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) 5 Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) <td>Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>71.1</td>	Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)			71.1	
Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 31,673 3,986 8,2 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 0.1 3.2 6 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 6 81 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 48 68 Rural (% of rural population) 73 87 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 75 30 Rural (% of rural population) 75 30 Rural (% of rural population) 71 23 Urban (% of urban population) 71 23 Urban (% of rural population) 71 23 Urban (% of urban population) 71 23 Urban (% of urban population) 71 23 Urban (% of urban population) 80 40 Environment and health 71 23 PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 99 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) 5 Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>21.0</td>				21.0	
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 31,673 3,986 8,2 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 0.1 3.2 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 6 81 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 48 68 Rural (% of rural population) 32 56 Urban (% of urban population) 73 87 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 73 87 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 75 30 Rural (% of rural population) 71 23 Urban (% of urban population) 71 23 Urban (% of urban population) 80 40 Environment and health PM2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 47 36 PM5.5 exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 99 Acuter resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) 5 Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) 14 Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 94 83 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 1.7 1.8 1.8 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 1.0 3.3 3.5 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 1.0 3.3 3.5 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 1.0 0.0 0.9 0.0 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.2 3 0.0 CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) 1.7 1.6 6 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 1.9 1.2 0.0 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 1.9 1.2 0.0 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 1.9 1.2 0.0 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 1.9 1.2 0.0 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 1.9 1.2 0.0 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 1.9 1.2 0.0 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 1.9 1.2 0.0 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 1.9 1.2 0.0 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 1.9 1.2 0.0 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 1.9 1.2 0.0 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 1.9 1.2 0.0 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 1.0 0.0 0.0 Air pollution damage (CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	6.8	0.8	6.6	
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population) Access to improved water source (% of total population) Brural (% of rural population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Access to improved sanitation Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Access to improved sanitation (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of GNI) Access to improve sanitation (% of total popula		31 673	3 986	8,261	
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 6 81 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 48 68 Rural (% of rural population) 32 56 Urban (% of urban population) 73 87 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 75 30 Rural (% of rural population) 71 23 Urban (% of urban population) 71 23 Urban (% of urban population) 71 23 Urban (% of urban population) 80 40 Environment and health PM_2,5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 47 36 PM2_2,5 exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 99 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) 5 Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) 14 Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 94 83 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 14.4 36 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 17.2 13.8 18 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 1.0 3.3 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 1.0 0.3 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 1.7 1.6 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.9 (Marchael and policy of GNI) 1.7 1.6 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 1.9 1.2				6.3	
Access to improved water source (% of total population) 48 68 Rural (% of rural population) 32 56 Urban (% of urban population) 73 87 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 75 30 Rural (% of rural population) 71 23 Urban (% of urban population) 71 23 Urban (% of urban population) 80 40 Environment and health PM2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 47 36 PM2.5 exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 99 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) 5 Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) 14 Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 94 83 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 14.4 36 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 17.2 13.8 18 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 1.0 3.3 3 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 1.0 3.3 3 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 1.0 0.0 0.9 (Mill) 1.7 1.6 (Mill) 1.9 1.2				68	
Urban (% of urban population) 73 87 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 75 30 Rural (% of rural population) 75 30 Rural (% of rural population) 71 23 Urban (% of urban population) 80 40 Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 47 36 PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 99 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) 5 Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) 14 Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 94 83 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 14.4 36 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 17.2 13.8 18 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 1.0 3.3 3 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 18.4 1.7 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.9 0.9 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.2 3 (CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) 1.7 1.6 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 1.9 1.2				95	
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 75 30 Rural (% of rural population) 71 23 Urban (% of urban population) 71 23 Urban (% of urban population) 80 40 Environment and health PM2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 47 36 PM2.5 exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 99 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) 5 Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) 14 Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 94 83 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 14.4 36 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 17.2 13.8 18 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 1.0 3.3 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 18.4 1.7 1 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.9 (Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.9 (CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) 1.7 1.6 2 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 1.9 1.2				91	
Rural (% of rural population) 71 23 Urban (% of urban population) 71 23 Urban (% of urban population) 80 40 Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 47 36 PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 99 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) 5 Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) 14 Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 94 83 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 14.4 36 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 17.2 13.8 18 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 1.0 3.3 3 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 18.4 1.7 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.9 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 2.3 (CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) 1.7 1.6 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 1.9 1.2				97 80	
Urban (% of urban population) 80 40 Environment and health 7 36 PM2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 47 36 PM2.5 exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 99 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) 5 Diarrhea prevalence (% of follidren under five) 14 Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 94 83 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 14.4 36 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 17.2 13.8 18 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 1.0 3.3 3 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 18.4 1.7 1 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.9 0 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 2.3 0 CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) 1.7 1.6 2.3 0 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 1.9 1.2 0				67	
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 47 36 PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 99 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) 5 Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) 14 Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 94 83 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 14.4 36 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 17.2 13.8 18 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 1.0 3.3 3 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 18.4 1.7 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.9 0.9 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 2.3 0.0 CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) 1.7 1.6 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 1.9 1.2				87	
PM _{2,5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 99 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) 5 Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) 14 Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 94 83 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation 14.4 36 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 17.2 13.8 18 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 1.0 3.3 18 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 18.4 1.7 1 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.9 0 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 2.3 0 CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) 1.7 1.6 2 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 1.9 1.2 0					
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) 5 Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) 14 Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 94 83 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 14,4 36 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 17.2 13.8 18 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 1.0 3.3 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 18.4 1.7 1 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.9 0 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 2.3 0 CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) 1.7 1.6 2 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 1.9 1.2 0				42	
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) 14 Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 94 83 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 14.4 36 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 17.2 13.8 18 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 1.0 3.3 3 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 18.4 1.7 1.7 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.9 0.0 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 2.3 0.0 CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) 1.7 1.6 2.3 0.0 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 1.9 1.2 0.0				95	
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 94 83					
Gross savings (% of GNI) 14.4 36 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 17.2 13.8 18 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 1.0 3.3 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 18.4 1.7 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.9 0.9 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 2.3 0.0 CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) 1.7 1.6 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 1.9 1.2 0.0		94		19	
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 17.2 13.8 18 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 1.0 3.3 3 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 18.4 1.7 1 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.9 0 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 2.3 0 CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) 1.7 1.6 2 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 1.9 1.2 0	National accounting aggregates—savings, deple	tion and	degradat		
Education expenditure (% of GNI) 1.0 3.3 3.3 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 18.4 1.7 1.7 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.9 0.0 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 2.3 0.0 CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) 1.7 1.6 2.3 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 1.9 1.2 0.0		47.0		36.6	
Energy depletion (% of GNI) 18.4 1.7 1 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.9 0 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 2.3 0 CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) 1.7 1.6 2.6 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 1.9 1.2 0				18.0 3.0	
Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.9 0.0 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 2.3 0.0 CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) 1.7 1.6 1.6 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 1.9 1.2 0.0				3.0 1.1	
Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 2.3 0 CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) 1.7 1.6 2 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 1.9 1.2 0				0.4	
CO2 damage (% of GNI) 1.7 1.6 2 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 1.9 1.2 0				0.0	
	CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)		1.6	2.6	
		1.9		0.3	
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)3.9 17	Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)		-3.9	17.2	

Eritrea

2.6 Population (millions) 5.2 Land area (1,000 sq. km) 101 GDP (\$ billions) Sub-Saharan Low-Country Africa income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 480 1.631 619 1,239 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 391 497 37.7 Urban population (% of total) 22.6 30.7 Agriculture 75 39 Agricultural land (% land area) 42 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) 504 Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 1.219 600 1.452 1.486 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity 25.7 27.4 15.0 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 0.3 0.5 0.5 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 5.0 15.3 15.2 918 11 619 Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds 18 876 599 23 2,023 1,156 Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants 3.740 1.962 **Oceans** 7.416 3.954 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 4.0 2.2 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -7.41.8 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 17.0 3.1 0.0 6.1 3.5 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 3.260 17.980 12.520 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 102 28.061 15.778 **Energy and emissions** Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 159 701 79.1 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 77 7 57.4 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 63 497 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 99 5 64.3 0.0 21.2 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 0.1 0.8 0.3 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 3.986 4,629 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 548 20.8 3.2 3.3 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 95 81 90 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 58 68 66 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 56 53 56 Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) 73 87 87 30 28 16 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 7 23 23 Rural (% of rural population) 45 40 40 Urban (% of urban population) **Environment and health** 43 36 39 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 99 99 5 6 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) .. 14 16 Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 47 83 76 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 14.4 147 12.3 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 13.8 10.6 1.7 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 3.3 32 0.0 1.7 0.4 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 13.4 0.9 1.5 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 1.8 2.3 6.6 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.6 1.6 1.2 CO2 damage (% of GNI) 1.7 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 1.9 1.2 -3.9-3.8Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

Estonia

Population (millions) 1.3 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	42 GD	P (\$ billions	22.5
	Country data	Europe & Central Asia group	High- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	18,320 13,966 67.5	24,275 18,328 70.9	41,932 33,454 81.1
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area)	23	29	36
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	0.0 14,636 3,670	14,018 3,910	30,017 5,919
Forests and biodiversity			
Forest area (% land area)	52.7 0.0	38.0 -0.1	28.9 -0.0
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	20.7	12.6	-0.0 15.7
Threatened species, mammals	1	350	527
Threatened species, birds	8	638	923
Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	5 0	1,220 1,032	2,263 2,176
Oceans			
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	74.4	18,438	33,549
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	-2.8 8.8	-0.9 2.9	-1.5 2.6
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	27.5	13.0	23.7
Coral reef area (sq. km)			83,900
Mangroves area (sq. km)			15,283
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)	4,593	3,157	4,745
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	14.5	5.9	5.3
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	6,732	5,369	9,066
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	88.3 0.2	49.8 16.6	60.7 12.0
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	15.1	7.3	11.0
Water and sanitation			
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	9,669 13.5	7,850 7.4	8,733 9.8
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	13.5	47	9.0 41
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	100	98	100
Rural (% of rural population)	99	96	99
Urban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	100 97	99 93	100 99
Rural (% of rural population)	97	89	99
Urban (% of urban population)	98	95	100
Environment and health	9	19	17
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	15	89	62
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five			
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)			
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	3	11	6
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple Gross savings (% of GNI)	tion and	l degradat 22.5	tion 22.2
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	16.4	16.1	16.6
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	4.4	4.8	4.8
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.1	0.6 0.1	0.3
Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.0	0.1
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	2.9	1.0	0.8
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	0.1	0.1	0.1
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	12.3	9.5	9.1

Ethiopia

Population (millions) **99.4** Land area (1,000 sq. km) **1,000** GDP (\$ billions) **61.5**

	Country data	Sub- Saharan Africa group	Low- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$)	590	1,631	619
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$)	452	1,239 37.7	497
Urban population (% of total)	19.5	31.1	30.7
Agriculture	0.0	40	00
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	36 0.5	42	39
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$		1,219	504
Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	2,325	1,452	1,486
Forests and biodiversity			
Forest area (% land area)	12.5	25.7	27.4
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	0.6 18.4	0.5 15.3	0.5 15.2
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) Threatened species, mammals	33	918	619
Threatened species, birds	32	876	599
Threatened species, fish	14	2,023	1,156
Threatened species, higher plants	41	3,740	1,962
Oceans			
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	45.6	7,416	3,954
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	7.4 12.7	1.8 17.0	2.2 3.1
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	0.0	6.1	3.5
Coral reef area (sq. km)		17,980	12,520
Mangroves area (sq. km)		28,061	15,778
Energy and emissions			
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)	499	701	70.4
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	92.3 70	57.4 497	79.1
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	0.1	64.3	
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)	95.6	21.2	
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	0.1	8.0	0.3
Water and sanitation			
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	1,258	3,986	4,629
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	8.6 92	3.2 81	3.3 90
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population)	57	68	66
Rural (% of rural population)	49	56	56
Urban (% of urban population)	93	87	87
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	28	30	28
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	28 27	23 40	23 40
Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	36	36	39
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	100	99	99
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five		5	6
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)	13	14	16 76
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	59	83	76
National accounting aggregates—savings, depl			
Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	31.2 14.1	14.4 13.8	14.7 10.6
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	2.9	3.3	3.2
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	1.7	0.4
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.4	0.9	1.5
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	12.2	2.3	6.6
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	0.6 0.8	1.6 1.2	1.2 1.7
	0.0	1.2	1.1

Faroe Islands

Population (thousands) 48 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	1.4 GE	1.4 GDP (\$ billions)	
	Country data	Europe & Central Asia group	High- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$)		24,275	41,932
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	42.0	18,328 70.9	33,454 81.1
Agriculture			
Agricultural land (% land area)	2	29	36
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$)		14,018	30,017
Cereal yield (kg per hectare)		3,910	5,919
Forests and biodiversity	0.4	00.0	20.0
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	0.1	38.0 -0.1	28.9 -0.0
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	0.0	12.6	15.7
Threatened species, mammals	4	350	527
Threatened species, birds	4	638	923
Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	12 0	1,220 1,032	2,263 2,176
		,	
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	666	18,438	33,549
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	1.7	-0.9	-1.5
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	5.8	2.9	2.6
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	0.0	13.0	23.7
Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km)			83,900 15,283
Energy and emissions			
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)		3,157	4,745
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)		5.9 5,369	5.3
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)		49.8	9,066 60.7
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)		16.6	12.0
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	12.3	7.3	11.0
Water and sanitation			
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)		7,850 7.4	8,733 9.8
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)		47	41
Access to improved water source (% of total population)		98	100
Rural (% of rural population)		96	99
Urban (% of urban population)		99	100
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)		93 89	99 99
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)		95	100
Environment and health			
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)		19	17
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)		89	62
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five			
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		 11	6
			lon
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple Gross savings (% of GNI)	24.1	22.5	22.2
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)		16.1	16.6
Education expenditure (% of GNI)		4.8	4.8 0.3
Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.6 0.1	0.3
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.0	0.0
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	0.6	1.0	0.8
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)		0.1	0.1
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)		9.5	9.1



	Country data	East Asia & Pacific group	Upper middle- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	4,830 3,968 53.7	9,771 7,546 56.6	8,263 6,302 64.1
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area)	23	49	35
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	2,800 2,406	1,657 4,958	2,208 4,104
Forests and biodiversity Forest area (% land area)	55.7	26.3	34.9
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	-0.2	-0.2	0.0
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	4.4	15.6	15.2
Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds	6 12	918 1.097	1,056 1,511
Threatened species, fish	18	1,549	2,315
Threatened species, higher plants	65	3,515	6,808
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	43.6	132,587	103,240
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	0.1	0.9	-0.5
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	-13.9 6.2	6.5 17.0	5.3 9.9
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km)	10,020	203,050	48,880
Mangroves area (sq. km)	425	67,121	50,774
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)		2,137	2,192
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)		7.7	7.3
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)		3,682	3,495
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)		76.4 15.0	71.1 21.0
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	1.9	6.3	6.6
Water and sanitation	32,207	4,529	8,261
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	0.3	11.3	6.3
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	59	71	68
Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population)	96 91	94 90	95 91
Urban (% of urban population)	100	97	97
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	91	77	80
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	88 93	64 87	67 87
Environment and health			
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	8	44 97	42 95
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five		91	95
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)			
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	22	17	19
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple Gross savings (% of GNI)	tion and 13.7	l degradat 39.1	ion 36.6
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	15.3	20.7	18.0
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	3.9	2.7	3.0
Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.0 0.5	0.3 0.2	1.1 0.4
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.2	0.0
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	1.5	2.1	2.6
Air pollution damage (% of GNI) Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	0.4	0.3 18.1	0.3 17.2
Tagasta not surings (70 or diff)		10.1	

Finland

Population (millions) 5.5 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	304 GDP (\$ billions		232.4
	Country data	Europe & Central Asia group	High- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	46,560 34,551 84.2	24,275 18,328 70.9	41,932 33,454 81.1
Agriculture			
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	7 0.4	29	36
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	80,693 3,692	14,018 3,910	30,017 5,919
Forests and biodiversity			
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	73.1 0.1	38.0 -0.1	28.9 -0.0
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	14.8	12.6	15.7
Threatened species, mammals	2	350	527
Threatened species, birds	9	638 1,220	923
Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	2	1,032	2,263 2,176
Oceans	400	10.100	00.540
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	198 1.0	18,438 -0.9	33,549 -1.5
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	-0.2	2.9	2.6
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	16.7	13.0	23.7
Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km)			83,900 15,283
Energy and emissions			
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)	6,213	3,157	4,745
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	26.9 15,250	5.9 5,369	5.3 9.066
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	25.8	49.8	60.7
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)	19.7	16.6	12.0
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	8.5	7.3	11.0
Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	19,592	7,850	8,733
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	6.1	7.4	9.8
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	1	47	41
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	100 100	98 96	100 99
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	100	99	100
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	98	93	99
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	88 99	89 95	99 100
Environment and health			
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	7	19	17
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	0	89	62
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five))		
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	2	11	6
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple			tion 22.2
Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	20.3 18.9	22.5 16.1	22.2 16.6
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	6.7	4.8	4.8
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.6	0.3
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.2	0.1	0.1
Net forest depletion (% of GNI) CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	0.0 0.6	0.0 1.0	0.0
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	0.0	0.1	0.1
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	7.3	9.5	9.1

France

Population (millions) **66.5** Land area (1,000 sq. km) **548** GDP (\$ billions) **2,418.8**

	Country data	Europe & Central Asia group	High- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$)	40,710	24,275	41,932
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$)	30,443 79.5	18,328 70.9	33,454
Urban population (% of total)	79.5	70.9	81.1
Agriculture		00	0.0
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	53 4.9	29	36
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$		14,018	30,017
Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	7,634	3,910	5,919
Forests and biodiversity			
Forest area (% land area)	31.0	38.0	28.9
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	-0.7 25.3	-0.1 12.6	-0.0 15.7
Threatened species, mammals	25.5	350	527
Threatened species, birds	13	638	923
Threatened species, fish	52	1,220	2,263
Threatened species, higher plants	35	1,032	2,176
Oceans			
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	712 -2.1	18,438 -0.9	33,549 -1.5
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	-2.1 -1.7	2.9	2.6
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	62.9	13.0	23.7
Coral reef area (sq. km)			83,900
Mangroves area (sq. km)			15,283
Energy and emissions			
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)	3,661 6.1	3,157 5.9	4,745 5.3
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	6,944	5,369	9,066
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	4.8	49.8	60.7
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)	11.3	16.6	12.0
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	5.1	7.3	11.0
Water and sanitation			
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	3,018	7,850	8,733
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	15.1 10	7.4 47	9.8 41
Access to improved water source (% of total population)		98	100
Rural (% of rural population)	100	96	99
Urban (% of urban population)	100	99	100
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	99 99	93 89	99 99
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	99	95	100
Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	12	19	17
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	92	89	62
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five	e)		
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	4	 11	6
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple Gross savings (% of GNI)	etion and 20.4	l degradat 22.5	t ion 22.2
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	17.6	16.1	16.6
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	5.0	4.8	4.8
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.6	0.3
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.1 0.0	0.1 0.0
Net forest depletion (% of GNI) CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	0.0	1.0	0.0
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	0.0	0.1	0.1
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	7.4	9.5	9.1

French Polynesia

Population (thousands) 283 Land area (1,000 sq. km) 3.7 GDP (\$ millions)

	Country data	East Asia & Pacific group	High- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$)		9,771	41,932
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	 55.9	7,546 56.6	33,454 81.1
——————————————————————————————————————	33.3	30.0	01.1
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area)	12	49	36
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)			
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$)		1,657	30,017
Cereal yield (kg per hectare)		4,958	5,919
Forests and biodiversity	40.0	000	00.0
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	42.3 -2.6	26.3 -0.2	28.9 -0.0
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	2.0	15.6	15.7
Threatened species, mammals	0	918	527
Threatened species, birds	32	1,097	923
Threatened species, fish	28	1,549	2,263
Threatened species, higher plants	47	3,515	2,176
Oceans			
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	16.6 0.4	132,587 0.9	33,549 -1.5
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	5.9	6.5	2.6
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	0.1	17.0	23.7
Coral reef area (sq. km)	6,000	203,050	83,900
Mangroves area (sq. km)		67,121	15,283
Energy and emissions			
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)		2,137	4,745
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)		2.692	5.3
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)		3,682 76.4	9,066 60.7
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)		15.0	12.0
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	3.0	6.3	11.0
Water and sanitation			
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)		4,529	8,733
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)		11.3	9.8 41
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population)	100	71 94	100
Rural (% of rural population)	100	90	99
Urban (% of urban population)	100	97	100
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	99	77	99
Rural (% of rural population)	99	64	99
Urban (% of urban population)	99	87	100
Environment and health		4.4	4.7
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)		44 97	17 62
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five			
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)			
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		17	6
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple	tion and	degradat	ion
Gross savings (% of GNI)		39.1	22.2
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	0.5	20.7 2.7	16.6 4.8
Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.5	0.3	0.3
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)		0.2	0.1
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)		0.0	0.0
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)		2.1	0.8
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)		0.3	0.1
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)		18.1	9.1



Population (millions) 1.7 Land area (1.000 sq. km) 258 GDP (\$ billions) 14.3 Sub-Upper Saharan middle-Country Africa income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 9.200 1.631 8.263 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 5.958 1,239 6,302 37.7 Urban population (% of total) 87.2 64.1 Agriculture 20 35 Agricultural land (% land area) 42 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) 2,208 Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 3.962 1.219 1.605 1.452 4.104 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity 34.9 893 25.7 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -0.30.5 0.0 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 20.5 15.3 15.2 20 918 1.056 Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds 6 876 1.511 2,315 71 2,023 Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants 162 3.740 6.808 **Oceans** 33.0 7.416 103.240 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) -2.4 -0.5 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 1.8 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -15.517.0 5.3 9.3 6.1 9.9 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 17.980 48 880 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 1.598 28.061 50.774 **Energy and emissions** 2,192 Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 3.007 701 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 73.8 57.4 7.3 1.304 3.495 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 497 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 65.9 64.3 71.1 33.6 21.2 21.0 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 2.9 0.8 6.6 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 97.175 3.986 8.261 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 0.1 3.2 6.3 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 29 81 68 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 93 68 95 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 67 56 91 Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) 97 87 97 42 30 80 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 32 23 67 Rural (% of rural population) 43 40 87 Urban (% of urban population) **Environment and health** 40 36 42 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 99 95 5 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) 8 16 14 Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 51 83 19 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 14.4 36.6 16.2 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 13.8 18.0 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 3.1 3.3 3.0 6.9 1.7 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 1.1 0.2 0.9 0.4 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.0 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 2.3 1.1 1.6 2.6 CO2 damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.4 1.2 0.3 17.2 -3.9Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

Gambia, The

Population (millions) 2.0 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	10 GD	10 GDP (\$ millions)	
	Country data	Sub- Saharan Africa group	Low- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	460 353 59.6	1,631 1,239 37.7	619 497 30.7
Agriculture			
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	60	42	39 504
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	311 747	1,219 1,452	1,486
Forests and biodiversity Forest area (% land area)	48.2	25.7	27.4
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	-0.4	0.5	0.5
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	4.2	15.3	15.2
Threatened species, mammals	9	918	619
Threatened species, birds	12	876	599
Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	34 5	2,023 3,740	1,156 1,962
Oceans	50.7	7.440	2.054
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	56.7 4.6	7,416 1.8	3,954 2.2
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	13.9	17.0	3.1
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	1.2	6.1	3.5
Coral reef area (sq. km)		17,980	12,520
Mangroves area (sq. km)	581	28,061	15,778
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)		701	
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)		57.4	79.1
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)		497	
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)		64.3	
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	0.3	21.2 0.8	0.3
Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	1,556	3,986	4,629
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	3.0	3.2	3.3
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	43	81	90
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	90	68	66
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	84 94	56 87	56 87
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	59	30	28
Rural (% of rural population)	55	23	23
Urban (% of urban population)	62	40	40
Environment and health	61	36	39
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	100	99	99
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five		5	6
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)	17	14	16
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	69	83	76
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple Gross savings (% of GNI)	tion and	degradat	tion 14.7
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	22.1	13.8	10.6
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	2.7	3.3	3.2
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	1.7	0.4
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.0 7.0	0.9 2.3	1.5 6.6
Net forest depletion (% of GNI) CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	1.8	1.6	1.2
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	2.3	1.2	1.7
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	-1.6	-3.9	-3.8
,		2.0	3.0

Georgia

Population (millions) 3.7 Land area (1,000 sq. km) 69 GDP (\$ billions) 14.0 Europe & Upper Central middle-Country Asia income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 4.120 24.275 8.263 18,328 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 3,244 6,302 Urban population (% of total) 53.6 70.9 64.1 Agriculture 37 29 Agricultural land (% land area) 35 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) 2,208 Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 3.346 14.018 2.000 3.910 4.104 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity 34.9 40.6 38.0 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -0.1-0.10.0 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 8.3 12.6 15.2 9 350 1.056 Threatened species, mammals 15 Threatened species, birds 638 1.511 2,315 1,220 Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants 61 1,032 6.808 **Oceans** 18.438 103.240 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 12.7 -0.5 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 13.6 -0.9Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 14.7 2.9 5.3 2.4 13.0 9.9 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 48 880 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 50.774 **Energy and emissions** 2,192 Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 1.178 3.157 5.9 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 10.6 7.3 5.369 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 2.688 3.495 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 19.6 49.8 71.1 80.4 16.6 21.0 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 2.0 7.3 6.6 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 7.850 8.261 15.597 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 3.1 7.4 6.3 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 58 47 68 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 100 98 95 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 100 96 91 Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) 100 99 97 86 93 80 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 76 89 67 Rural (% of rural population) 95 95 87 Urban (% of urban population) **Environment and health** 20 19 42 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 89 95 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 12 11 19 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 21.2 36.6 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 10.6 161 18.0 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 1.8 4.8 3.0 0.0 0.6 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 1.1 0.4 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.6 0.1 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.0 1.8 1.0 2.6 CO2 damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.7 0.1 0.3 17.2 93 9.5 Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

Germany

Population (millions) **81.7** Land area (1,000 sq. km) **349** GDP (\$ billions) **3,363.4**

	Country data	Europe & Central Asia group	High- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$)	45,790	24,275	41,932
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$)	34,789	18,328	33,454
Urban population (% of total)	75.3	70.9	81.1
Agriculture			
Agricultural land (% land area)	48	29	36
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$)	2.2 33,048	14,018	30,017
Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	8,050	3,910	5,919
Forests and biodiversity			
Forest area (% land area)	32.7	38.0	28.9
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	-0.0	-0.1	-0.0
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	37.4 5	12.6 350	15.7 527
Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds	11	638	923
Threatened species, fish	24	1,220	2,263
Threatened species, higher plants	17	1,032	2,176
Oceans			
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	292	18,438	33,549
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	1.7	-0.9	-1.5
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	-5.1 64.8	2.9 13.0	2.6 23.7
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km)	04.0	13.0	83,900
Mangroves area (sq. km)			15,283
Energy and emissions			
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)	3,779	3,157	4,745
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	9.5	5.9	5.3
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	7,035 56.7	5,369 49.8	9,066 60.7
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)	3.1	16.6	12.0
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	9.4	7.3	11.0
Water and sanitation			
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	1,321	7,850	8,733
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	30.9	7.4	9.8
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	1 100	47 98	41 100
Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population)	100	96	99
Urban (% of urban population)	100	99	100
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	99	93	99
Rural (% of rural population)	99	89	99
Urban (% of urban population)	99	95	100
Environment and health	4.4	10	4.7
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	14 100	19 89	17 62
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five			
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)	,		
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	4	11	6
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple	tion and	l degradat	
Gross savings (% of GNI)	27.1	22.5	22.2
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	17.3	16.1	16.6
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	4.7 0.0	4.8 0.6	4.8 0.3
Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.0	0.3
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.0	0.0
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	0.7	1.0	0.8
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	0.1	0.1	0.1
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	13.7	9.5	9.1



228 GDP (\$ billions) Population (millions) 27.4 Land area (1,000 sq. km) 37.5 Sub-Lower Saharan middle-Country Africa income data group group 1.480 GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 1.631 2.029 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 886 1,239 1,767 37.7 Urban population (% of total) 54.0 39.0 Agriculture 44 Agricultural land (% land area) 69 42 0.2 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 1.530 1.219 1.614 1.703 1.452 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) 3.185Forests and biodiversity 25.7 24.3 Forest area (% land area) 41 N Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -0.30.5 0.4 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 15.1 15.3 12.0 20 918 1.134 Threatened species, mammals 20 Threatened species, birds 876 1.199 56 2,023 2,011 Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants 119 3.740 3,971 **Oceans** 7.416 58.665 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 391 24 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -1.81.8 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 15.7 17.0 12.0 6.1 5.0 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 1.7 17.980 128 580 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 137 28.061 68.563 **Energy and emissions** Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 337 701 651 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 40.2 57.4 28.5 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 357 497 777 74.9 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 35.3 64.3 64.7 21.2 14.9 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 0.6 0.8 1.4 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 3.986 3.003 1.131 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 3.2 3.2 18.4 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 66 81 88 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 89 68 90 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 87 84 56 Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Q3 87 94 15 30 52 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 9 23 42 Rural (% of rural population) 20 40 67 Urban (% of urban population) **Environment and health** 58 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 23 36 PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 99 99 Δ 5 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) 12 14 Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 62 83 53 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 17.5 14.4 27.6 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 192 13.8 9.7 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 5.8 3.3 3.0 1.3 1.7 0.8 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 4.0 0.9 0.3 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 8.8 2.3 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.4 2.3 1.3 1.6 CO2 damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 1.1 1.2 0.9 -124-3.916.1 Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

Gibraltar

Population (thousands) 32 Land area (sq. km)	10 GDP (\$ millions)		s)
	Country data	Europe & Central Asia group	High- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$)		24,275	41,932
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	100.0	18,328 70.9	33,454 81.1
Agriculture			
Agricultural land (% land area)		29	36
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$)		14,018	30,017
Cereal yield (kg per hectare)		3,910	5,919
Forests and biodiversity	0.0	20.0	00.0
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	0.0	38.0 -0.1	28.9 -0.0
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)		12.6	15.7
Threatened species, mammals	4	350	527
Threatened species, birds	5	638	923
Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	18 0	1,220 1,032	2,263 2,176
		1,002	2,1.0
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	0.00	18,438	33,549
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	0.0	-0.9	-1.5
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)		2.9	2.6
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)		13.0	23.7
Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km)			83,900 15,283
Energy and emissions			
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)	6,126	3,157	4,745
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	0.0	5.9	5.3
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	6,001 100.0	5,369 49.8	9,066 60.7
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)	0.0	16.6	12.0
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	15.5	7.3	11.0
Water and sanitation			
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)		7,850	8,733
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)		7.4 47	9.8 41
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population)		98	100
Rural (% of rural population)		96	99
Urban (% of urban population)		99	100
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)		93	99
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)		89 95	99 100
Environment and health			
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)		19	17
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)		89	62
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five			
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		 11	6
	tion and	l dogradat	lon
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple Gross savings (% of GNI)	tion and	22.5	22.2
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)		16.1	16.6
Education expenditure (% of GNI)		4.8 0.6	4.8 0.3
Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI)		0.0	0.3
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)		0.0	0.0
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)		1.0	0.8
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)		0.1	0.1
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)		9.5	9.1



Population (millions) 10.8 Land area (1.000 sq. km) 129 GDP (\$ billions) 194.9 Europe & Central High-Country Asia income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 20.270 24.275 41.932 14,559 18,328 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 33 454 Urban population (% of total) 78.0 70.9 81.1 Agriculture 36 Agricultural land (% land area) 63 29 16.7 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 16,451 14.018 30.017 4.134 3.910 5.919 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity 28.9 38.0 Forest area (% land area) 315 Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -0.8 -0.1-0.0Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 34.9 12.6 15.7 350 527 11 Threatened species, mammals 923 Threatened species, birds 16 638 80 1,220 2,263 Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants 59 1,032 2.176 **Oceans** 18.438 33.549 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 171 -1.5 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -28 -0.9Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 0.7 2.9 2.6 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 6.0 13.0 23.7 83 900 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 15.283 **Energy and emissions** Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 2,124 3.157 4.745 5.9 5.3 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 5.3 5.063 5.369 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 9.066 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 75.6 49.8 60.7 8.9 16.6 12.0 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 6.3 7.3 11.0 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 7.850 8,733 5.325 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 16.6 7.4 9.8 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 88 47 41 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 100 100 98 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 100 96 99 Rural (% of rural population) 100 Urban (% of urban population) 100 99 99 93 99 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 98 89 99 Rural (% of rural population) 99 95 100 Urban (% of urban population) **Environment and health** 19 17 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 13 PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 89 62 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 5 11 6 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 10.0 22.2 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 194 161 166 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 3.1 4.8 48 0.0 0.6 0.3 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.1 0.1 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.0 1.1 1.0 0.8 CO2 damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.1 0.1 0.1 -75 9.1 9.5 Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

Greenland

Population (thousands) **56** Land area (1,000 sq. km) 410a GDP (\$ billions) 24 Europe & Central High-Country Asia income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 24.275 41.932 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 18,328 33,454 86.4 Urban population (% of total) 70.9 81.1 Agriculture 36 Agricultural land (% land area) 29 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) 14.018 30.017 Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 3.910 5.919 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity 0.0 38.0 28 9 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 0.0 -0.1-0.041.2 12.6 15.7 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 9 350 527 Threatened species, mammals 3 Threatened species, birds 638 923 q 1,220 2.263 Threatened species, fish 1 1.032 2,176 Threatened species, higher plants **Oceans** 18,438 33,549 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 268 -0.9 -1.5 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 3.5 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 2.9 2.6 36.7 13.0 23.7 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 83 900 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 15.283 **Energy and emissions** Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 3,157 4.745 5.9 5.3 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 9.066 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 5.369 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 49.8 60.7 16.6 12.0 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 10.1 7.3 11.0 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 7.850 8,733 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 7.4 9.8 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 47 41 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 100 98 100 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 100 96 99 Rural (% of rural population) 100 100 99 Urban (% of urban population) 100 93 99 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 100 89 99 Rural (% of rural population) 100 95 100 Urban (% of urban population) **Environment and health** 19 17 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 0 62 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) .. Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 11 6 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 22.2 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 16.1 16.6 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 4.8 4.8 0.3 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.6 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.1 0.1 0.0 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 1.0 0.8 CO2 damage (% of GNI) 0.1 0.1 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 95 9.1 Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

Grenada

Population (thousands) 107 Land area (sq. km) 340 GDP (\$ millions) 984.1 Latin Upper America & middle-Country Carbbean income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 8.650 8.968 8.263 7,249 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 6,302 35.6 79.9 Urban population (% of total) 64.1 Agriculture 35 Agricultural land (% land area) 24 38 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) 2,208 Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 7.983 7.188 1.003 4.169 4.104 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity 34.9 50.0 463 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 0.0 0.4 0.0 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 2.1 23.3 15.2 4 622 1.056 Threatened species, mammals 1 Threatened species, birds 1.011 1.511 2,315 28 Threatened species, fish 1.642 Threatened species, higher plants 3 5,108 6.808 **Oceans** 14.416 103.240 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 2.7 3.1 -0.5 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -3.5Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 7.7 5.3 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 0.1 15.5 9.9 150 20.320 48 880 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 1 4 41.330 50.774 **Energy and emissions** 2,192 Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 1,337 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 171 7.3 3.495 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 2.122 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 43.1 71.1 46.5 21.0 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 2.9 3.0 6.6 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 22.160 8.261 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 1.881 7.0 2.4 6.3 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 15 71 68 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 97 95 95 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 95 84 91 Rural (% of rural population) 97 Urban (% of urban population) 99 97 98 83 80 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 98 64 67 Rural (% of rural population) 98 88 87 Urban (% of urban population) **Environment and health** 15 18 42 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 85 95 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 12 18 19 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) -1.817.7 36.6 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 21.6 10.2 18.0 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 38 4.9 3.0 0.0 0.9 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 1.1 0.9 0.4 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.0 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.1 1.2 1.1 2.6 CO2 damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.2 0.3

17.2

9.4

Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

Population (thousands) 170 Land area (sq. km)

540 GDP (\$ millions)

5.7

East Asia High-Country & Pacific income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 9.771 41.932 7,546 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 33 454 94.5 56.6 Urban population (% of total) 81.1 Agriculture 49 36 Agricultural land (% land area) 33 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) 1.657 30.017 Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 2.534 4.958 5.919 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity 463 26.3 289 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 0.0 -0.2-0.027.1 15.6 15.7 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 2 527 918 Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds 14 1.097 923 1,549 2,263 13 Threatened species, fish 3,515 2.176 Threatened species, higher plants **Oceans** Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 33.549 1.4 132.587 -1.5 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 5.1 0.9 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -4.9 6.5 2.6 2.5 17.0 23.7 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 83,900 220 203.050 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 0.97 67.121 15.283 **Energy and emissions** 2,137 Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 4.745 7.7 5.3 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 3.682 9.066 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 76.4 60.7 15.0 12.0 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 6.3 11.0 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 4.529 8.733 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 11.3 9.8 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 71 41 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 100 94 100 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 100 90 99 Rural (% of rural population) 100 100 97 Urban (% of urban population) 90 77 99 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 90 64 99 Rural (% of rural population) 90 87 100 Urban (% of urban population) **Environment and health** 7 44 17 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 97 PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 62 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 17 6 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 39.1 22.2 .. Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 20.7 16.6 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 8.3 2.7 48 0.3 0.3 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.2 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.1 .. Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 2.1 0.8 CO2 damage (% of GNI) 0.3 0.1 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) .. 18.1 9.1 Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

Guatemala

Population (millions) 16.3 Land area (1.000 sq. km) 107 GDP (\$ billions) 63.8 Latin Lower America & middle-Country Caribbean income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 3.590 8.968 2.029 7,249 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 3,280 1.767 Urban population (% of total) 51.6 79.9 39.0 Agriculture 35 44 Agricultural land (% land area) 38 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) 2.443 Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 7.188 1.614 2.118 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) 4.169 3.185Forests and biodiversity 33.0 463 243 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 1.1 0.4 0.4 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 31.8 23.3 12.0 15 622 1.134 Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds 14 1.011 1.199 35 2,011 Threatened species, fish 1.642 Threatened species, higher plants 102 5,108 3,971 **Oceans** 14.416 58.665 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 43.8 -3.8 24 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -3.5Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 12.1 7.7 12.0 13.0 15.5 5.0 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 20.320 128 580 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 177 41.330 68.563 **Energy and emissions** Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 825 1.337 651 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 58 2 17.1 28.5 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 575 2.122 777 74.9 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 31.4 43.1 45.2 46.5 14.9 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 0.9 3.0 1.4 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 22.160 3.003 6.818 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 3.0 2.4 18.4 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 57 71 88 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 93 95 90 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 87 87 84 Rural (% of rural population) 97 Urban (% of urban population) 98 94 64 83 52 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 49 64 42 Rural (% of rural population) 78 88 67 Urban (% of urban population) **Environment and health** 18 58 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 35 PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 99 85 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) .. 19 Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 29 18 53 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 13.8 17.7 27.6 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 11.8 10.2 9.7 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 28 4.9 3.0 0.1 0.9 0.8 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.4 0.9 0.3 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 1.5 0.1 0.4 0.7 1.1 2.3 CO2 damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.6 0.2 0.9 16 9.4 16.1 Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

Guinea

Population (millions) 12.6 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	246 GD	P (\$ billions	6.7
	Country data	Sub- Saharan Africa group	Low- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	470 310 37.2	1,631 1,239 37.7	619 497 30.7
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area)	59	42	39
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	270 1,246	1,219 1,452	504 1,486
Forests and biodiversity	25.9	25.7	27.4
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	0.5	0.5	0.5
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	29.2	15.3	15.2
Threatened species, mammals	25	918	619
Threatened species, birds	19	876	599
Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	75 44	2,023 3,740	1,156 1,962
Oceans			
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	126	7,416	3,954
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	2.2	1.8	2.2
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	4.2	17.0	3.1 3.5
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km)	4.2	6.1 17,980	12,520
Mangroves area (sq. km)	2,033	28,061	15,778
Energy and emissions			
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)		701	
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)		57.4 497	79.1
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)		64.3	
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)		21.2	
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	0.2	8.0	0.3
Water and sanitation	10.444	2.000	4.000
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	18,411 0.2	3,986 3.2	4,629 3.3
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	53	81	90
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	77	68	66
Rural (% of rural population)	67	56	56
Urban (% of urban population)	93	87	87
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	20 12	30 23	28 23
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	34	40	40
Environment and health			
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	23	36	39
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	100	99 5	99 6
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)	16	14	16
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	94	83	76
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple			
Gross savings (% of GNI)	-18.4	14.4 13.8	14.7 10.6
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI)	7.7 3.1	3.3	3.2
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	1.7	0.4
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	5.6	0.9	1.5
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	15.2	2.3	6.6
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	1.3	1.6	1.2
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	1.5	1.2	1.7
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	-55.4	-3.9	-3.8

Guinea-Bissa

Population (millions) 1.8 Land area (1.000 sq. km) 28 GDP (\$ billions) Sub-Saharan Low-Country Africa income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 590 1.631 619 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 481 1,239 497 37.7 Urban population (% of total) 49.3 30.7 Agriculture 39 Agricultural land (% land area) 58 42 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) 504 Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 911 1.219 1.322 1.452 1.486 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity 70.1 25.7 27.4 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 0.5 0.5 0.5 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 16.4 15.3 15.2 14 918 619 Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds 10 876 599 39 2,023 1,156 Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants 3.740 1.962 **Oceans** 7.416 3.954 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 6.7 2.2 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 0.4 1.8 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 17.0 3.1 45.9 6.1 3.5 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 17.980 12.520 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 2.982 28.061 15.778 **Energy and emissions** Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 701 79.1 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 57.4 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 497 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 64.3 21.2 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 0.1 0.8 0.3 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 8.886 3.986 4,629 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 1.1 3.2 3.3 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 81 90 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 82 79 68 66 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 60 56 56 Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) 99 87 87 21 30 28 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) q 23 23 Rural (% of rural population) 34 40 40 Urban (% of urban population) **Environment and health** 36 39 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 99 99 5 6 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) .. 14 16 Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 93 83 76 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 2.6 14.4 147 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 5.5 13.8 10.6 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 1.2 3.3 32 0.0 1.7 0.4 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.9 1.5 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 2.3 6.6 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 15.0 0.8 1.6 1.2 CO2 damage (% of GNI) 1.7 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 2.6 1.2 -181-3.9-3.8

Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

Guyana

Population (thousands) 767 Land area (1,000 sq. km) 197 GDP (\$ billions) 3.2 Latin Upper America & middle-Country Caribbean income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 4.090 8.968 8.263 7,249 6,302 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 3,690 Urban population (% of total) 28.6 79.9 64.1 Agriculture 9 Agricultural land (% land area) 38 35 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) 2,208 8.719 7.188 Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 5.211 4.104 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) 4.169 Forests and biodiversity 84 0 463 349 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 0.0 0.4 0.0 8.7 23.3 15.2 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 1.056 11 622 Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds 14 1.011 1.511 2,315 31 1.642 Threatened species, fish 26 5,108 6.808 Threatened species, higher plants **Oceans** Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 14.416 103.240 37.0 -0.5 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -1.9-3.5Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -2.47.7 5.3 0.2 15.5 9.9 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 20.320 48 880 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 396 41.330 50.774 **Energy and emissions** 2,192 Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 1,337 7.3 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 17.1 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 2.122 3.495 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 43.1 71.1 46.5 21.0 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 2.5 3.0 6.6 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 8.261 315.489 22.160 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 0.6 2.4 6.3 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 94 71 68 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 98 95 95 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 98 84 91 Rural (% of rural population) 98 97 97 Urban (% of urban population) 84 83 80 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 82 67 Rural (% of rural population) 64 88 88 Urban (% of urban population) 87 **Environment and health** 17 18 42 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 99 PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 85 95 5 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) .. 10 Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 39 18 19 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 17.7 36.6 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 3.9 10.2 18.0 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 2.9 4.9 3.0 0.0 0.9 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 1.1 0.9 0.4 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 7.0 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.1 2.0 1.1 2.6 CO2 damage (% of GNI) 0.3 0.2 0.3 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 17.2 -0.794 Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)



Population (millions) 10.7 Land area (1.000 sq. km) 28 GDP (\$ billions) Latin America & Low-Country Caribbean income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 810 8.968 619 7,249 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 766 497 79.9 Urban population (% of total) 58.6 30.7 Agriculture 67 39 Agricultural land (% land area) 38 4.3 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) 504 Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 7.188 1.009 4.169 1.486 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity 27.4 3.5 463 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 0.8 0.4 0.5 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 0.3 23.3 15.2 5 622 619 Threatened species, mammals 14 Threatened species, birds 1.011 599 30 1,642 1,156 Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants 42 5,108 1.962 **Oceans** 14.416 3.954 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 17.7 2.2 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 55 -3.5Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 36.1 7.7 3.1 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 0.0 15.5 3.5 450 20.320 12 520 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 136 41.330 15.778 **Energy and emissions** Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 393 1.337 79.1 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 778 17.1 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 39 2.122 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 91.3 43.1 8.7 46.5 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 0.2 3.0 0.3 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 1.231 22.160 4,629 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 11.1 2.4 3.3 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 83 71 90 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 58 95 66 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 48 56 84 Rural (% of rural population) 97 Urban (% of urban population) 65 87 28 83 28 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 19 64 23 Rural (% of rural population) 34 88 40 Urban (% of urban population) **Environment and health** 26 18 39 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 85 99 14 6 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) .. 21 16 Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 69 18 76 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 29.6 17.7 147 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 5.3 10.2 10.6 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 1.5 4.9 32 0.0 0.9 0.4 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.9 1.5 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 6.6 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 1.1 0.1 0.9 1.1 1.2 CO2 damage (% of GNI) 1.7 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 1.7 0.2 22 0 9.4 -3.8Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

Honduras

Population (millions) 8.1 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	112 GI	OP (\$ billions) 20.4
	Country data	Latin America & Caribbean group	
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	2,280 2,190 54.7	8,968 7,249 79.9	2,029 1,767 39.0
Agriculture			
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	29	38	44
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	3,588 1,726	7,188 4,169	1,614 3,185
Forests and biodiversity	41.0	46.2	242
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	41.0 2.2	46.3 0.4	24.3 0.4
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	21.6	23.3	12.0
Threatened species, mammals	7	622	1,134
Threatened species, birds	11	1,011	1,199
Threatened species, fish	42	1,642	2,011
Threatened species, higher plants	123	5,108	3,971
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	65.9	14,416	58,665
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	-3.3	-3.5	2.4
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	12.0	7.7	12.0
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	3.3	15.5	5.0
Coral reef area (sq. km)	810	20,320	128,580
Mangroves area (sq. km)	628	41,330	68,563
Energy and emissions	673	1,337	651
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	42.2	17.1	28.5
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	697	2,122	777
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	56.2	43.1	74.9
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)	32.4	46.5	14.9
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	1.2	3.0	1.4
Water and sanitation	11,387	22,160	3.003
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	1.8	2.4	18.4
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	73	71	88
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	91	95	90
Rural (% of rural population)	84	84	87
Urban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	97 83	97 83	94 52
Rural (% of rural population)	78	64	42
Urban (% of urban population)	87	88	67
Environment and health			
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	38	18	58
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	100	85	99
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)	18		
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	20	18	53
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple			
Gross savings (% of GNI)	20.8 5.2	17.7 10.2	27.6 9.7
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI)	6.3	4.9	3.0
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.9	0.8
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.5	0.9	0.3
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	1.4	0.1	0.4
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	1.5	1.1	2.3
Air pollution damage (% of GNI) Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	0.7 17.9	0.2 9.4	0.9 16.1
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	17.9	9.4	10.1

Hong Kong SAR, China

Population (millions) 7.3 Land area (1,000 sq. km) 1.1 GDP (\$ billions) 309.

	Country data	East Asia & Pacific group	High- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$)	41,000	9,771 7,546	41,932 33,454
Urban population (% of total)	100.0	56.6	81.1
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area)	5	49	36
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	2,000	1,657 4,958	30,017 5,919
Forests and biodiversity		26.3	28.9
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15)		-0.2	-0.0
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	41.8	15.6	15.7
Threatened species, mammals	3	918	527
Threatened species, birds	20 13	1,097 1,549	923 2,263
Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	9	3,515	2,203
Oceans			
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	149 -0.5	132,587 0.9	33,549 -1.5
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	-1.6	6.5	2.6
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	0.0	17.0	23.7
Coral reef area (sq. km)		203,050	83,900
Mangroves area (sq. km)		67,121	15,283
Energy and emissions	1.967	2,137	4.745
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	1,907	7.7	5.3
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	6,073	3,682	9,066
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	99.8	76.4	60.7
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	0.0 6.3	15.0 6.3	12.0 11.0
Water and sanitation			
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)		4,529	8,733
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)		11.3 71	9.8 41
Access to improved water source (% of total population)		94	100
Rural (% of rural population)		90	99
Urban (% of urban population)		97	100
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population)		77 64	99 99
Urban (% of urban population)		87	100
Environment and health			
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)		44 97	17 62
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five			
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)			
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		17	6
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple			ion
Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	24.4 18.4	39.1 20.7	22.2 16.6
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	2.8	2.7	4.8
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.3	0.3
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.2	0.1
Net forest depletion (% of GNI) CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	0.4	0.0 2.1	0.0
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	0.4	0.3	0.1
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)		18.1	9.1

Hungary

Population (millions) 9.8 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	91 GD	P (\$ billions) 121.7
	Country data	Europe & Central Asia group	High- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	12,970 9,651 71.2	24,275 18,328 70.9	41,932 33,454 81.1
Agriculture	59	29	36
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	1.9		
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	17,080 5,897	14,018 3,910	30,017 5,919
Forests and biodiversity	22.0	20.0	20.0
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	22.9 -0.5	38.0 -0.1	28.9 -0.0
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	22.6	12.6	15.7
Threatened species, mammals	3 13	350	527 923
Threatened species, birds Threatened species, fish	9	638 1,220	2,263
Threatened species, higher plants	10	1,032	2,176
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	27.3	18,438	33,549
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	2.3	-0.9	-1.5
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	2.0	2.9	2.6
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	0.0	13.0	23.7 83,900
Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km)			15,283
Energy and emissions	2,314	3,157	4,745
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	7.9	5.9	5.3
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	3,966	5,369	9,066
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	35.4 1.0	49.8 16.6	60.7 12.0
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	4.2	7.3	11.0
Water and sanitation	608	7.050	8,733
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	84.2	7,850 7.4	9.8
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	6	47	41
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	100 100	98 96	100 99
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	100	99	100
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	98	93	99
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	99 98	89 95	99 100
Environment and health			
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	23	19	17
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five	100	89	62
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	, 6	 11	6
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple			ion
Gross savings (% of GNI)	26.1 17.9	22.5 16.1	22.2 16.6
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI)	4.5	4.8	4.8
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.2	0.6	0.3
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.1 0.0	0.1
Net forest depletion (% of GNI) CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	1.1	1.0	0.0
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	0.2	0.1	0.1
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	11.1	9.5	9.1

Iceland

Population (thousands) 331 Land area (1.000 sq. km) 100 GDP (\$ billions) 16.8 Europe & Central High-Country Asia income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 50.110 24.275 41.932 41,710 18,328 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 33 454 Urban population (% of total) 94.1 70.9 81.1 Agriculture 19 29 36 Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 89,136 14.018 30.017 3.910 5.919 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity 28.9 38.0 Forest area (% land area) 05 Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -3.6-0.1-0.0Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 16.7 12.6 15.7 350 527 6 Threatened species, mammals 923 4 Threatened species, birds 638 1,220 2,263 Threatened species, fish 16 Threatened species, higher plants 0 1,032 2.176 **Oceans** 1.343 18.438 33.549 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) -2.7 -1.5 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -0.9Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 5.8 2.9 2.6 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 3.9 13.0 23.7 83 900 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 15.283 **Energy and emissions** Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 17.916 3.157 4.745 0.1 5.9 5.3 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 53.832 5.369 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 9.066 49.8 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 0.0 60.7 71.0 16.6 12.0 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 6.1 7.3 11.0 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 519.265 7.850 8.733 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 1.8 7.4 9.8 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 42 47 41 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 100 98 100 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 100 96 99 Rural (% of rural population) 100 Urban (% of urban population) 100 99 99 93 99 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 100 89 99 Rural (% of rural population) 99 95 100 Urban (% of urban population) **Environment and health** 8 19 17 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 89 62 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 2 11 6 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 24.2 222 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 16.8 161 166 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 7.7 48 48 0.0 0.6 0.3 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.1 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.1 0.0 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.4 1.0 0.8 CO2 damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.1 0.1 0.1 9.5 146 9.1 Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

India

Population (millions) **1,311.1** Land area (1,000 sq. km) **2,973** GDP (\$ billions) **2,088.8**

	Country data	South Asia group	Lower middle- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	1,590 1,377 32.7	1,535 1,365 33.0	2,029 1,767 39.0
Agriculture			
Agricultural land (% land area)	60	57	44
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	36.8 1,156	1,131	 1,614
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	2,984	3,083	3,185
Forests and biodiversity	20.0	47.5	040
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	23.8 -0.5	17.5 -0.4	24.3 0.4
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	5.4	6.6	12.0
Threatened species, mammals	92	251	1,134
Threatened species, birds	84	238	1,199
Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	222 388	383 752	2,011 3,971
-	300	132	3,311
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	10,100	15,171	58,665
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	1.8	1.9	2.4
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	6.8	7.3	12.0
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sg. km)	2.1 5,790	2.3 15,440	5.0 128,580
Mangroves area (sq. km)	4,326	10,343	68,563
Energy and emissions			
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)	637 23.5	576 25.6	651 28.5
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	805	707	777
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	81.7	80.0	74.9
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	10.2 1.6	11.6 1.4	14.9 1.4
Water and sanitation			
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	1,116	1,152	3,003
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	52.6 90	51.6 91	18.4 88
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population)	94	92	90
Rural (% of rural population)	93	91	87
Urban (% of urban population)	97	95	94
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	40 29	45 35	52 42
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	63	65	67
Environment and health			
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	74	74	58
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	100	100	99
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)	:)		
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	48	53	53
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple			
Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	32.7 11.6	31.3 10.5	27.6 9.7
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	3.1	2.8	3.0
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.4	0.4	0.8
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.1	0.1	0.3
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.4 3.4	0.3 3.0	0.4 2.3
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	1.2	1.2	0.9
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	18.7	18.6	16.1

Indonesia

Population (millions) **257.6** Land area (1,000 sq. km) **1,812** GDP (\$ billions) **861.9**

	Country data	East Asia & Pacific group	
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$)	3,440	9,771	2,029
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$)	2,954 53.7	7,546	1,767
Urban population (% of total)	53.7	56.6	39.0
Agriculture			
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	31	49	44
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$)	2,629	1,657	1,614
Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	5,096	4,958	3,185
Forests and biodiversity			
Forest area (% land area)	50.2	26.3	24.3
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	0.6	-0.2	0.4
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	14.7 188	15.6 918	12.0 1,134
Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds	131	1,097	1,199
Threatened species, birds Threatened species, fish	158	1,549	2,011
Threatened species, higher plants	427	3,515	3,971
0ceans			
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	22,215	132,587	58,665
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	3.1	0.9	2.4
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	20.2	6.5	12.0
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	5.8	17.0	5.0
Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km)	51,020 31,894	203,050 67,121	128,580 68,563
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation	886 26.2 814 88.6 6.6 1.9	2,137 7.7 3,682 76.4 15.0 6.3	651 28.5 777 74.9 14.9 1.4
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	7,935	4,529	3,003
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	5.6	11.3	18.4
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population)	82 87	71 94	88 90
Rural (% of rural population)	80	90	87
Urban (% of urban population)	94	97	94
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	61	77	52
Rural (% of rural population)	48 72	64 87	42 67
Urban (% of urban population)	12	01	
Environment and health	15	4.4	F0
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	15 89	44 97	58 99
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five		 	
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)	14		
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	27	17	53
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple	tion and	l degradat	ion
Gross savings (% of GNI)	33.2	39.1	27.6
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	7.5	20.7	9.7
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	3.0 0.8	2.7 0.3	3.0 0.8
Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.8	0.3	0.8
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.0	0.3
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	1.9	2.1	2.3
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	0.5	0.3	0.9
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	25.2	18.1	16.1

Iran, Islamic Rep.

Population (millions) 79.1 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	1,629 GD	P (\$ billions	s) 425.3
	Country data	Middle East & N. Africa group	Upper middle- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	6,550 4,132 73.4	8,229 6,251 64.2	8,263 6,302 64.1
Agriculture			
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	28 16.6	33	35
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)		6,275 2,299	2,208 4,104
Forests and biodiversity			
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	6.6 -0.9	2.1 -0.8	34.9 0.0
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	7.3	11.7	15.2
Threatened species, mammals	19	224	1,056
Threatened species, birds	26	279	1,511
Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	43 3	610 290	2,315 6,808
Oceans	204	4.057	400.040
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	984 3.4	4,857 2.0	103,240 -0.5
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	15.4	9.4	5.3
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	2.2	3.8	9.9
Coral reef area (sq. km)	700	15,470	48,880
Mangroves area (sq. km)	192	513	50,774
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)	3,034	2,365	2,192
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	0.2	0.6	7.3
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	2,996	2,906	3,495
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)	93.2 5.0	96.3 2.6	71.1 21.0
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	8.0	6.0	6.6
Water and sanitation	4.044		0.004
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	1,644 72.6	555 138.4	8,261 6.3
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	92	85	68
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	96	93	95
Rural (% of rural population)	92	89	91
Urban (% of urban population)	98 90	96 91	97 80
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population)	82	87	67
Urban (% of urban population)	93	93	87
Environment and health	42	C1	40
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	43 100	61 100	42 95
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five		100	
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	' 16	23	19
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple			
Gross savings (% of GNI)		24.7	36.6
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	20.1	9.9	18.0
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	2.9 3.8	5.2 4.7	3.0 1.1
Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.3	0.0	0.4
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.1	0.0
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	4.4	2.1	2.6
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	0.2	0.2	0.3
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)		12.9	17.2



Population (millions) 36.4 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	434 GD	P (\$ billions	s) 180.1
	Country data	Middle East & N. Africa group	Upper middle- income group
GNI per capita, <i>World Bank Atla</i> s method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	5,820 3,963 69.5	8,229 6,251 64.2	8,263 6,302 64.1
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area)	21	33	35
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	15,748 2,099	6,275 2,299	2,208 4,104
Forests and biodiversity	1.9	2.1	34.9
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	-0.1	-0.8	0.0
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	0.4	11.7	15.2
Threatened species, mammals	14	224	1,056
Threatened species, birds	19	279	1,511
Threatened species, fish	17	610	2,315
Threatened species, higher plants	1	290	6,808
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	52.1	4,857	103,240
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	1.8	2.0	-0.5
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	19.4	9.4	5.3
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	0.0	3.8	9.9
Coral reef area (sq. km)		15,470	48,880
Mangroves area (sq. km)		513	50,774
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)	1,403	2,365	2,192
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	0.1	0.6	7.3
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	1,296	2,906	3,495
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	95.7	96.3	71.1
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)	4.3	2.6	21.0
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	4.9	6.0	6.6
Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	998	555	8,261
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	187.5	138.4	6.3
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	79	85	68
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	87	93	95
Rural (% of rural population)	70	89	91
Urban (% of urban population)	94	96	97
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	86	91	80
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	84 86	87 93	67 87
Environment and health			
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	52	61	42
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	100	100	95
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five)			
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	32	23	 19
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple	tion and	degradat	ion
	26.9	24.7	36.6
Gross savings (% of GNI)		9.9	18.0
	12.9	9.9	
Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI)	4.6	5.2	3.0
Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI)	4.6 6.7	5.2 4.7	1.1
Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	4.6 6.7 0.0	5.2 4.7 0.0	1.1 0.4
Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	4.6 6.7 0.0 0.0	5.2 4.7 0.0 0.1	1.1 0.4 0.0
Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	4.6 6.7 0.0	5.2 4.7 0.0	1.1 0.4

Ireland

Population (millions) 4.6 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	69 GDP (\$ billions)		283.7
	Country data	Europe & Central Asia group	High- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$)	52,550 39,005 63.2	24,275 18,328 70.9	41,932 33,454
Urban population (% of total)	03.2	70.9	81.1
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area)	65	29	36
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	22,799 8,472	14,018 3,910	30,017 5,919
Forests and biodiversity			
Forest area (% land area)	10.9	38.0	28.9
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	-1.2	-0.1	-0.0
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	14.4 5	12.6 350	15.7 527
Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds	7	638	923
Threatened species, birds Threatened species, fish	27	1,220	2,263
Threatened species, higher plants	1	1,032	2,176
Oceans			
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	304	18,438	33,549
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	-1.1 -1.7	-0.9 2.9	-1.5
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	10.4	13.0	2.6 23.7
Coral reef area (sq. km)	10.4		83,900
Mangroves area (sq. km)			15,283
Energy and emissions			
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)	2,766	3,157	4,745
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	4.0 5,722	5.9 5,369	5.3
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	75.2	49.8	9,066 60.7
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)	2.7	16.6	12.0
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	7.6	7.3	11.0
Water and sanitation			
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	10,612	7,850	8,733
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	1.5 15	7.4 47	9.8 41
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population)	98	98	100
Rural (% of rural population)	98	96	99
Urban (% of urban population)	98	99	100
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	91	93	99
Rural (% of rural population)	93	89	99
Urban (% of urban population)	89	95	100
Environment and health	10	19	17
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	31	89	62
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five			
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)	,		
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	4	11	6
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple			
Gross savings (% of GNI)	40.0 19.9	22.5 16.1	22.2 16.6
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	6.7	4.8	4.8
Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.6	0.3
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.0	0.3
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.0	0.0
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	0.6	1.0	0.8
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	0.1	0.1	0.1
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	26.2	9.5	9.1

Isle of Man

Population (thousands) 88 Land area (sq. km) 570 GDP (\$ millions) 7.4 Europe & Central High-Country Asia income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 85.290 24.275 41.932 18,328 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 33 454 52.2 Urban population (% of total) 70.9 81.1 Agriculture 68 29 36 Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 14.018 30.017 3.910 5.919 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity 28.9 6.1 38.0 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 0.0 -0.1-0.0Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 12.6 15.7 350 527 1 Threatened species, mammals 923 Threatened species, birds 638 2 1,220 2,263 Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants 1,032 2.176 **Oceans** 18.438 33.549 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 7.8 -1.5 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 5.4 -0.9Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 2.9 2.6 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 13.0 23.7 83 900 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 15.283 **Energy and emissions** Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 3.157 4.745 5.9 5.3 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 5.369 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 9.066 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 49.8 60.7 16.6 12.0 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 7.3 11.0 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 7,850 8.733 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 7.4 9.8 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 47 41 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 100 98 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 96 99 Rural (% of rural population) 100 Urban (% of urban population) 99 93 99 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 89 99 Rural (% of rural population) 95 100 Urban (% of urban population) .. **Environment and health** 19 17 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 89 62 .. Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 11 6 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 222 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 161 166 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 4.8 48 .. 0.6 0.3 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.1 0.1 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 1.0 0.8 CO2 damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.1 0.1

9.1

9.5

Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

Israel

Population (millions) 8.4 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	22 GD	P (\$ billions	299.4
	Country data	Middle East & N. Africa group	High- income group
GNI per capita, <i>World Bank Atlas</i> method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	35,770 30,436 92.1	8,229 6,251 64.2	41,932 33,454 81.1
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area)	25	33	36
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	0.0		
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	4,356	6,275 2,299	30,017 5,919
Forests and biodiversity	7.0	0.4	00.0
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	7.6 -0.5	2.1 -0.8	28.9 -0.0
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	19.9	11.7	15.7
Threatened species, mammals	15	224	527
Threatened species, birds	17	279	923
Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	45 9	610 290	2,263 2,176
Oceans			
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	22.9	4,857	33,549
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	-6.6 0.2	2.0 9.4	-1.5 2.6
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	0.3	3.8	23.7
Coral reef area (sq. km)	<10	15,470	83,900
Mangroves area (sq. km)		513	15,283
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)	2,763	2,365	4.745
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	0.1	0.6	5.3
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	6,601	2,906	9,066
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	98.5	96.3	60.7 12.0
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	0.0 8.8	2.6 6.0	11.0
Water and sanitation			
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	91	555	8,733
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	260.5 58	138.4 85	9.8 41
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	100	93	100
Rural (% of rural population)	100	89	99
Urban (% of urban population)	100 100	96 91	100 99
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population)	100	87	99
Urban (% of urban population)	100	93	100
Environment and health	04	04	4.7
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	21 100	61 100	17 62
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five			
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	, 4	23	6
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple Gross savings (% of GNI)	tion and 24.9	degradat 24.7	22.2
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	13.4	9.9	16.6
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	5.4	5.2	4.8
Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.1	4.7 0.0	0.3 0.1
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.1	0.0
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	0.8	2.1	0.8
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	0.1	0.2	0.1
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	15.9	12.9	9.1



Population (millions) **60.7** Land area (1,000 sq. km) **294** GDP (\$ billions) **1,821.5**

	Country data	Europe & Central Asia group	High- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$)	32,830 24.414	24,275 18.328	41,932 33,454
Urban population (% of total)	69.0	70.9	81.1
Agriculture	45	00	20
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	45 19.1	29	36
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$)		14,018	30,017
Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	5,709	3,910	5,919
Forests and biodiversity	21.6	20.0	20.0
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	31.6 -0.7	38.0 -0.1	28.9 -0.0
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	21.5	12.6	15.7
Threatened species, mammals	8	350	527
Threatened species, birds	14	638	923
Threatened species, fish	51	1,220	2,263
Threatened species, higher plants	71	1,032	2,176
Oceans Total ficharias production (thousand matrix taps)	347	18,438	33,549
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	-2.8	-0.9	-1.5
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	-2.5	2.9	2.6
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	20.1	13.0	23.7
Coral reef area (sq. km)			83,900
Mangroves area (sq. km)			15,283
Energy and emissions	2.414	3,157	4,745
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	9.5	5.9	5.3
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	5,002	5,369	9,066
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	55.5	49.8	60.7
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)	21.1	16.6	12.0
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	5.7	7.3	11.0
Water and sanitation	2.002	7.050	0.722
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	3,002 29.5	7,850 7.4	8,733 9.8
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	44	47	41
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	100	98	100
Rural (% of rural population)	100	96	99
Urban (% of urban population)	100	99	100
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	100 100	93 89	99 99
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	100	95	100
Environment and health			
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	20	19	17
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	100	89	62
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five			
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	4	 11	6
	tion one		lon
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple Gross savings (% of GNI)	18.7	22.5	22.2
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	18.1	16.1	16.6
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	3.9	4.8	4.8
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.1	0.6 0.1	0.3 0.1
Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.0	0.0
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	0.5	1.0	0.8
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	0.1	0.1	0.1
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	3.9	9.5	9.1

Jamaica

Population (millions) 2.8 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	11 GI	OP (\$ billions) 14.3
	Country data	Latin America & Caribbean group	
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$)	4,930	8,968	8,263
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	4,585 54.8	7,249 79.9	6,302 64.1
Agriculture			
Agricultural land (% land area)	41 6.9	38	35
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$)		7,188	2,208
Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	1,139		4,104
Forests and biodiversity	24.0	40.0	240
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	31.0 0.1	46.3 0.4	34.9 0.0
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	15.9	23.3	15.2
Threatened species, mammals	6	622	1,056
Threatened species, birds	10	1,011	1,511
Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	30 214	1,642 5,108	2,315 6,808
Oceans			
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	17.7	14,416	103,240
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	7.8		-0.5
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	-12.0 4.6	7.7 15.5	5.3 9.9
Coral reef area (sq. km)	1,240		48,880
Mangroves area (sq. km)	97.5	41,330	50,774
Energy and emissions	1 000	1 227	2 102
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	1,009 18.2	1,337 17.1	2,192 7.3
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	1,085	2,122	3,495
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	90.2	43.1	71.1
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)	3.3	46.5 3.0	21.0
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	2.8	3.0	6.6
Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	3.887	22,160	8,261
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	7.5	2.4	6.3
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	55	71	68
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	94 89	95 84	95 91
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	98	97	97
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	82	83	80
Rural (% of rural population)	84	64	67
Urban (% of urban population)	80	88	87
Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	17	18	42
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	100	85	95
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five)		
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	 16	 18	 19
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple	tion and	l degradat	ion
Gross savings (% of GNI)	19.9	17.7	36.6
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	7.8 6.1		18.0
Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI)	6.1 0.0	4.9 0.9	3.0 1.1
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.9	0.4
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.2	0.1	0.0
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	1.5	1.1	2.6
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	0.2	0.2	0.3
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	16.1	9.4	17.2



Population (millions) **127.0** Land area (1,000 sq. km) **365** GDP (\$ billions) **4,383.1**

	Country data	East Asia & Pacific group	High- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	38,840 28,140 93.5	9,771 7,546 56.6	41,932 33,454 81.1
Agriculture			
Agricultural land (% land area)	12	49	36
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	34.8	1 657	20.017
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	60,937 6,081	1,657 4,958	30,017 5,919
Forests and biodiversity			
Forest area (% land area)	68.5	26.3	28.9
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	-0.0 19.4	-0.2 15.6	-0.0 15.7
Threatened species, mammals	28	918	527
Threatened species, birds	42	1,097	923
Threatened species, fish	77	1,549	2,263
Threatened species, higher plants	44	3,515	2,176
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	4,657	132,587	33.549
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	-2.5	0.9	-1.5
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	-1.0	6.5	2.6
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	5.1	17.0	23.7
Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km)	2,900 7.4	203,050 67,121	83,900 15,283
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation	3,475 2.5 7,829 85.6 7.9 9.8	2,137 7.7 3,682 76.4 15.0 6.3	4,745 5.3 9,066 60.7 12.0 11.0
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	3,382	4,529	8,733
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	18.9	11.3	9.8
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	67 100	71 94	41 100
Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population)	100	90	99
Urban (% of urban population)	100	97	100
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	100	77	99
Rural (% of rural population)	100	64	99
Urban (% of urban population)	100	87	100
Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	13	44	17
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	98	97	62
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five			
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	3	 17	6
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple	tion and	degradat	ion
Gross savings (% of GNI)	26.0	39.1	22.2
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	21.5	20.7	16.6 4.8
Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI)	3.1 0.0	2.7 0.3	4.8 0.3
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.3	0.3
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.0	0.0
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	0.8	2.1	0.8
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	0.1	0.3	0.1
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	6.8	18.1	9.1

Jordan

Population (millions) 7.6 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	89 GD	P (\$ billions	37.5
	Country data	Middle East & N. Africa group	Upper middle- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$)	4,680	8,229	8,263
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	4,432 83.7	6,251 64.2	6,302 64.1
Agriculture			
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	12 9.9	33	35
Agricultural irrigated faild (% of total agricultural faild) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$)	7,946	6,275	2,208
Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	1,456	2,299	4,104
Forests and biodiversity	1.1	2.1	34.9
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	0.0	-0.8	0.0
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	2.1	11.7	15.2
Threatened species, mammals	13	224	1,056
Threatened species, birds Threatened species, fish	13 15	279 610	1,511 2,315
Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	5	290	6,808
Oceans			
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	1.8	4,857	103,240 -0.5
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	3.1 3.0	2.0 9.4	-0.5 5.3
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	30.1	3.8	9.9
Coral reef area (sq. km)	<50	15,470	48,880
Mangroves area (sq. km)		513	50,774
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)	1,103	2,365	2,192
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	0.1	0.6	7.3
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	2,243	2,906	3,495
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	99.6	96.3	71.1 21.0
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	0.3 3.4	2.6 6.0	6.6
Water and sanitation			
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	92	555	8,261
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	138.0 65	138.4 85	6.3 68
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	97	93	95
Rural (% of rural population)	92	89	91
Urban (% of urban population)	98	96	97
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population)	99 99	91 87	80 67
Urban (% of urban population)	99	93	87
Environment and health			
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	39	61	42
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five)	100	100	95
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)	16		
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	18	23	19
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple			ion
Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	14.4 8.9	24.7 9.9	36.6 18.0
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	4.2	5.2	3.0
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	4.7	1.1
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.2	0.0 0.1	0.4 0.0
Net forest depletion (% of GNI) CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	2.0	2.1	2.6
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	0.2	0.2	0.3
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	7.4	12.9	17.2

Kazakhstan

Population (millions) 17.5 Land area (1.000 sg. km) 2.700 GDP (\$ billions) 184.4 Europe & Upper Central middle-Country Asia income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 11.390 24.275 8.263 18,328 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 8,116 6,302 Urban population (% of total) 53.2 70.9 64.1 Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area) 80 29 35 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) 0.6 2,208 Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 7.257 14.018 1,173 3.910 4.104 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity 34.9 38.0 Forest area (% land area) 12 Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 0.1 -0.10.0 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 3.3 12.6 15.2 16 350 1.056 Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds 26 638 1.511 2,315 1,220 Threatened species, fish 14 Threatened species, higher plants 16 1,032 6.808 **Oceans** 42.2 18.438 103.240 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) -0.5 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 0.8 -0.9Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -0.72.9 5.3 0.0 13.0 9.9 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 48 880 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 50.774 **Energy and emissions** 2,192 Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 4.434 3.157 5.9 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 0.0 7.3 5.600 5.369 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 3.495 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 92.1 49.8 71.1 7.9 16.6 21.0 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 15.4 7.3 6.6 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 7.850 8.261 3.722 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 32.9 7.4 6.3 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 66 47 68 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 93 98 95 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 86 96 91 Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) 99 99 97 98 93 80 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 98 89 67 Rural (% of rural population) 97 95 87 Urban (% of urban population) **Environment and health** 20 19 42 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 89 89 95 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 14 11 19 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 31.9 36.6 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 13.5 161 18.0 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 3.1 4.8 3.0 2.9 0.6 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 1.1 1.3 0.4 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.1 0.0 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.0 4.7 1.0 2.6 CO2 damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.3 0.1 0.3

17.2

9.5

97

Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

Kenya

GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 1,340 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 1,036 Urban population (% of total) 25.6 Agriculture Agricultural and (% land area) 49 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 21,628 Forests and biodiversity Forest area (% land area) 7.8 Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -1.4 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 12.4 Threatened species, mammals 30 Threatened species, fish 71 Threatened species, fish 71 Threatened species, higher plants 222 Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 184 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 27.1 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 10.0 Coral reaf area (sq. km) 630 Mangroves area (sq. km) 630 Energy and emissions Energy and emissions Energy and emissions Energy grom biomass products and waste (% of total) 18.5 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 18.5 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 18.5 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 25.8 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 30.3 Water and sanitation 18.1 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 461 Co2 emissions per capita (metric tons) 0.3 Water and sanitation 18.7 Rural (% of rural population) 30.4 Cess to improved water source (% of total population) 31.8 Environment and health 49M2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 461 Environment and health 49M2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 16.7 Environment and health 49M2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 16.7 Environment and health 49M2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 16.7 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 30.7 Bural (% of urban population) 30.7 Cosumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 4.9 Environment and health 49M2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 16.7 Environment and health 49M2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 16.7 Environment and health 49M2.5 pol	569 GDP (\$ billions)		569 GDP (\$ billions)	569 GDP (\$ billions)	s) 63.4
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total) Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, higher plants Oceans Cocans Cotal fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Agriculture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km) Energy and emissions Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electricity generated using fossif fuel (% of total) Electricity generated using fossif fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) Co_2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Rural (% of rural population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Bening use per capita (metric tons) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Bening use per capita (metric tons) Access to improved sanitation Rural (% of rural population) Bening use per capita (metric tons) Access to improv	Sub- Saharan Africa group	Lower middle- income group			
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, sish Threatened species, higher plants Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Ag	1,239	2,029 1,767 39.0			
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds Threatened species, higher plants Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Aquaculture (avg. annual exposure (pg. avg. avg. avg. avg. avg. avg. avg. av	42	44			
Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants Oceans Cocans Cotal fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Energy and emissions Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Rural (% of orural population) Rural (% of orural population) Rural (% of urban population) Environment and health PM_5, seposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of urban population) Rural (% of urban population) Environment and health PM_5, pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM_5, exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of urban population) Rural (% of urban population) Rural (% of of urban population) Rural (% of of urban population) Rural (% of orural population) Rural		1,614			
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 1-1.4 Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants Oceans Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Coral reef area (sq. km) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km) Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated wind fossil fuel (% of total) Access to improved water source per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Rural (% of orural population) Rural (% of orural population) Rural (% of urban population) Rural (% of urban population) Environment and health PM2.5 exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of folildren under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of GNI) Ational accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and Gross savings (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI)		3,185			
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 12.4 Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds 39. Threatened species, fish 71. Threatened species, fish 72. Threatened species, higher plants 222. Coeans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km) 630. Energy and emissions Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 171 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Co ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Urban (% of urban population) Coess to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) 160 Environment and health PM_2,5 exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Accuses to improved sanitation (% of total population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Urban (% of urban population) 160 Environment and health PM_2,5 exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Accuse resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of Ghildren under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of Ghildren under five) National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and Gross	3 25.7	24.3			
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds Threatened species, fish Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants 222 Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km) 610 Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Urban (% of urban population) Urban (% of urban population) Environment and health PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion an Gross savings (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI)					
Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds Threatened species, birds Threatened species, fish Threatened speci					
Threatened species, birds Threatened species, fish Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants Cocans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Agrice area (sq. km) Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO_2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Afficial freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Rural (% of orural population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of urban population) Rural (% of urban population) Rural (% of urban population) Environment and health PM_5,5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM_5,5 exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of folildren under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion an Gross savings (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) 4.9					
Threatened species, higher plants Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Annual farea (sq. km) Energy and emissions Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) Selectricity generated by hydropower (% of total) Belectricity generated by hydropower (% of total) Selectricity generated by hydropower (% of total) Belectricity generated by hydropower (% of total) Selectricity generated by hydropower (% of total population) Selectricity generated by hydropower (% of total population					
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Advance area (sq. km) Annual (sq. km) Annual experiments Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) Acce emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Afficial freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population) Access to improved water source (% of total population) Access to improved water source (% of total population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total popula	,				
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Arine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Urban (% of urban population) 30 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of urban population) 31 Environment and health PM2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM3.6 vexposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion an Gross savings (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI)	3,740	3,971			
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Coral reef area (sq. km) Coral reef area (sq. km) 630 Mangroves area (sq. km) 631 Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Control (% of urban population) Sural (% of urban population) Environment and health PM2.5 exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion an Gross savings (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) 1.5. 1.5. 1.6. 1.6. 1.7. 1.6. 1.7. 1.6. 1.7.	7,416	58,665			
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km) 610 Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) Co ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Environment and health PM_2,5 exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Accute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion an Gross savings (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI)					
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km) Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Benvironment and health Environment and health PM2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM2.5 exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) Astional accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and Gross savings (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) 4.9					
Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) St. Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Urban (% of urban population) 30 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) 10 Environment and health Environment and health Environment and health PM2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM2.5 exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion an Gross savings (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI)		5.0			
Mangroves area (sq. km) 610	17,980	128,580			
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Urban (% of urban population) Urban (% of urban population) Benvironment and health Environment and health PM2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM2.5 exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion an Gross savings (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI)	28,061	68,563			
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Urban (% of urban population) Environment and health PM_2,5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM2,5 exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion an Gross savings (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) 4.9	701	651			
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Benvironment and health PM2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM3.5 exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) Asimula accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and Gross savings (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) 4.9		28.5			
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Otal freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Benvironment and health PM2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM2.5 exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion an Gross savings (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) 1.5.8 1.5.8 4		777			
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Rural (% of rural population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Rural (% of rural population) Benvironment and health PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion an Gross savings (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) 25.8 26.8 27.8 28.8 29.8 29.8 20.3					
Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Internal freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Urban (% of urban population) Environment and health PM_5.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM_5.5 exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion an Gross savings (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) 461 152 153 164 167 168 169 170 180 180 180 180 180 180 180					
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Environment and health PM_2,5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM2,5 exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion an Gross savings (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI)	0.8	1.4			
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) 30 Rural (% of rural population) 31 Environment and health PM2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM2.5 exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion an Gross savings (% of GNI) 10.8 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI)	2.000	2 002			
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) 3C Brand (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Environment and health PM2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM2.5 publication prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) Astional accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and Gross savings (% of GNI) 10.8 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI)					
Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Cross improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Environment and health PM_5.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM_5.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion an Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI)		18.4 88			
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 3C Urban (% of rural population) 31 Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) Autional accounting aggregates—savings, depletion an Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) 4.9		90			
Urban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) 30 Benvironment and health PM2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 16 PM2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 17 PM2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 18 Mational accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and Gross savings (% of GNI) 10.8 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 21.0 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 4.9					
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Environment and health PM2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 16 PM2.5 exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion an Gross savings (% of GNI) 10.8 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) 4.9		94			
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) 31 Environment and health PM_5,5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM_5,5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM_5,5 exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion an Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI)	30	52			
Environment and health PM2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM2.5 exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) Actional accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) 4.9		42			
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion an Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI)	. 40	67			
PM _{2,5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion an Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI)	36	58			
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion an Gross savings (% of GNI) 10.8 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) 4.9		99			
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion an Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) 4.9					
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion an Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) 4.9					
Gross savings (% of GNI) 10.8 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 21.0 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 4.9		53			
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) 21.0 4.9	d degrada	tion			
Education expenditure (% of GNI) 4.9		27.6			
Franklinder (I) of CNII)		3.0			
Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0		0.8			
minoral depreción (70 en arti)		0.3 0.4			
Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 3.2 CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) 0.7					
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)		0.9			
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI) -10.8		16.1			

Kiribati

Population (thousands) 112 Land area (sq. km)	810 GD	P (\$ million	s) 160.1
	Country data	East Asia & Pacific group	
GNI per capita, <i>World Bank Atlas</i> method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	3,390 2,897 44.3	9,771 7,546 56.6	2,029 1,767 39.0
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area)	42	49	44
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	3,733 	1,657 4,958	1,614 3,185
Forests and biodiversity			
Forest area (% land area)	15.0 0.0	26.3 -0.2	24.3 0.4
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	22.2	15.6	12.0
Threatened species, mammals	1	918	1,134
Threatened species, birds	5	1,097	1,199
Threatened species, fish	13	1,549	2,011
Threatened species, higher plants	0	3,515	3,971
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	149	132,587	58,665
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	9.9	0.9	2.4
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	-7.3	6.5	12.0
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	20.2	17.0	5.0
Coral reef area (sq. km)	2,940		128,580
Mangroves area (sq. km)	2.6	67,121	68,563
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)		2,137	651
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)		7.7	28.5
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)		3,682	777
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)		76.4	74.9
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	0.6	15.0 6.3	14.9 1.4
Water and sanitation			
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)		4,529	3,003
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)		11.3	18.4
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	67	71 94	88 90
Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population)	51	90	87
Urban (% of urban population)	87	97	94
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	40	77	52
Rural (% of rural population)	31	64	42
Urban (% of urban population)	51	87	67
Environment and health	3	44	58
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	0	97	99
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five	-		
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)			
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	56	17	53
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple			
Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	4.0	39.1 20.7	27.6 9.7
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	6.1	2.7	3.0
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.3	0.8
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.2	0.3
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.0	0.4
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	0.6	2.1	2.3
Air pollution damage (% of GNI) Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)		0.3 18.1	0.9 16.1
najustou liet saviligs (10 of alvi)		10.1	10.1

Korea, Dem. People's Rep.

Population (millions) 25.2 Land area (1,000 sq. km) 120 GDP (\$ millions)

	data	& Pacific group	Low- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	 60.9	9,771 7,546 56.6	619 497 30.7
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area)	22	49	39
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	 4,149	1,657 4,958	504 1,486
Forests and biodiversity Forest area (% land area)	41.8	26.3	27.4
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	2.1	-0.2	0.5
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	2.5	15.6	15.2
Threatened species, mammals	10	918	619
Threatened species, birds	27 17	1,097 1,549	599 1,156
Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	17	3,515	1,962
Oceans Total fishering production (thousand motio tops)	774	132,587	3,954
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	0.2	0.9	2.2
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	1.1	6.5	3.1
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	0.1	17.0	3.5
Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km)		203,050 67,121	12,520 15,778
Energy and emissions	476	0.107	
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	9.2	2,137 7.7	79.1
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	602	3,682	
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	27.4	76.4	
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	72.6 2.0	15.0 6.3	0.3
Water and sanitation			
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	2,677	4,529 11.3	4,629
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	12.9 76	71	3.3 90
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	100	94	66
Rural (% of rural population)	99	90	56
Urban (% of urban population)	100	97	87
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	82 73	77 64	28
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	88	87	23 40
Environment and health	2.4	11	39
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (μg/cu. m) PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	34 100	44 97	99
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five			6
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)			16
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	25	17	76
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple Gross savings (% of GNI)	tion and	l degradat 39.1	tion 14.7
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)		20.7	10.6
Education expenditure (% of GNI)		2.7	3.2
Energy depletion (% of GNI)		0.3	0.4
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)		0.2	1.5
Net forest depletion (% of GNI) CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)		0.0 2.1	6.6 1.2
		0.3	1.7
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)			

Korea, Rep.

Population (millions) **50.6** Land area (1,000 sq. km) **97** GDP (\$ billions) **1,377.9**

	Country data	East Asia & Pacific group	High- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	27,450 22,007 82.5	9,771 7,546 56.6	41,932 33,454 81.1
Agriculture			
Agricultural land (% land area)	18	49	36
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	26,500 6,618	1,657 4,958	30,017 5,919
Forests and biodiversity			
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	63.4	26.3 -0.2	28.9 -0.0
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	7.6	15.6	15.7
Threatened species, mammals	11	918	527
Threatened species, birds	30 25	1,097	923 2,263
Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	31	1,549 3,515	2,203
Oceans			
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	3,333	132,587	33,549
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	-0.7 6.3	0.9 6.5	-1.5 2.6
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	4.3	17.0	23.7
Coral reef area (sq. km)		203,050	83,900
Mangroves area (sq. km)		67,121	15,283
Energy and emissions	5.323	2 127	1715
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	2.1	2,137 7.7	4,745 5.3
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	10,564	3,682	9,066
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	69.5	76.4	60.7
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	0.5 11.8	15.0 6.3	12.0 11.0
Water and sanitation			
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	1,286	4,529	8,733
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	45.0 55	11.3 71	9.8 41
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	98	94	100
Rural (% of rural population)	88	90	99
Urban (% of urban population)	100 100	97 77	100 99
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population)	100	64	99
Urban (% of urban population)	100	87	100
Environment and health			
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	29 100	44 97	17 62
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five			02
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)			
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	3	17	6
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple			
Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	35.4 19.5	39.1 20.7	22.2 16.6
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	4.1	2.7	4.8
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.3	0.3
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.2	0.1
Net forest depletion (% of GNI) CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	1.4	2.1	0.0
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	0.1	0.3	0.1
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	18.5	18.1	9.1

Kosovo

Population (millions) 1.8 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	11 GD	OP (\$ billions	6.4
	Country data	Europe & Central Asia group	Lower middle- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	3,960 	24,275 18,328 70.9	2,029 1,767 39.0
Agriculture		29	44
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$)		14,018	1,614
Cereal yield (kg per hectare)		3,910	3,185
Forests and biodiversity Forest area (% land area)		38.0	24.3
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15)		-0.1	0.4
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)		12.6	12.0
Threatened species, mammals		350	1,134
Threatened species, birds Threatened species, fish		638 1,220	1,199 2,011
Threatened species, higher plants		1,032	3,971
Oceans		10 400	E0.00E
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)		18,438 -0.9	58,665 2.4
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)		2.9	12.0
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)		13.0	5.0
Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km)			128,580 68,563
Energy and emissions			
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)	1,213 11.4	3,157 5.9	651 28.5
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	2,804	5,369	26.3 777
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	97.2	49.8	74.9
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)	2.8	16.6	14.9
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)		7.3	1.4
Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)		7,850	3,003
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)		7.4	18.4
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)		47	88
Access to improved water source (% of total population)		98	90
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)		96 99	87 94
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)		93	52
Rural (% of rural population)		89	42
Urban (% of urban population)		95	67
Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)		19	58
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)		89	99
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five)		
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		 11	 53
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple	tion and	l degradat	ion
Gross savings (% of GNI)	18.2	22.5	27.6
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	11.7	16.1 4.8	9.7 3.0
Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.6	0.8
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.6	0.1	0.3
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)		0.0	0.4
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	3.5	1.0	2.3
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)		0.1 9.5	0.9 16.1
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)		9.5	10.1

Kuwait

Population (millions) 3.9 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	18 GD	P (\$ billions) 114.0
	Country data	Middle East & N. Africa group	High- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	42,150 27,551 98.3	8,229 6,251 64.2	41,932 33,454 81.1
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area)	9	33	36
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)		6,275 2,299	30,017 5,919
Forests and biodiversity	0.4	2.1	20.0
Forest area (% land area)	0.4 -1.7	2.1 -0.8	28.9 -0.0
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	-1. <i>1</i> 18.4	-0.8 11.7	-0.0 15.7
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) Threatened species, mammals	6	224	527
Threatened species, manimals Threatened species, birds	11	279	923
Threatened species, fish	15	610	2,263
Threatened species, higher plants	0	290	2,176
Oceans	4.6	4.057	22 540
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	4.6 -3.2	4,857 2.0	33,549 -1.5
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	-2.4	9.4	2.6
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	0.2	3.8	23.7
Coral reef area (sq. km)	110	15,470	83,900
Mangroves area (sq. km)	0.05	513	15,283
Energy and emissions	0.007	2.205	4 745
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)	9,027 0.0	2,365 0.6	4,745 5.3
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	15,332	2,906	9,066
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	100.0	96.3	60.7
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)	0.0	2.6	12.0
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	27.3	6.0	11.0
Water and sanitation	0		0.700
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	0	555	8,733 9.8
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	54	138.4 85	41
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	99	93	100
Rural (% of rural population)	99	89	99
Urban (% of urban population)	99	96	100
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	100	91	99
Rural (% of rural population)	100 100	87 93	99 100
Urban (% of urban population)	100	93	
Environment and health	67	C1	17
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	67 100	61 100	17 62
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)			
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five))		
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	9	23	6
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple	tion and	degradat	ion
Gross savings (% of GNI)	28.9	24.7	22.2
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	7.3	9.9	16.6
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	3.2 9.5	5.2 4.7	4.8 0.3
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	4.7 0.0	0.3
Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.0	0.1
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	2.5	2.1	0.8
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	0.1	0.2	0.1
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	12.7	12.9	9.1

Kyrgyz Republic

Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 1,900 14,018 1,614 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 2.0 -0.1 0,4 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 6.9 12.6 12.0 Threatened species, mammals 15 350 1,134 Threatened species, sinds 16 638 1,199 Threatened species, fish 3 1,220 2,011 Threatened species, higher plants 14 1,032 3,971 Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 1.1 18,438 58,665 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -3.4 -0.9 2.4 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -3.4 -0.9 2.4 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -3.4 -0.9 2.4 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -3.4 -0.9 2.4 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -3.4 -0.9 2.4 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -3.4 -0.9 2.4 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -3.4 -0.9 2.4 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -3.4 -0.9 2.4 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -3.4 -0.9 2.4 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -3.4 -0.9 2.4 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -3.4 -0.9 2.4 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -3.4 -0.9 2.4 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -3.4 -0.9 2.5 Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)	Population (millions) 6.0 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	192 GD	OP (\$ billions	6.6
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$)			Central Asia	middle- income
Agricultural Agricultural Agricultural Agricultural Agricultural Agricultural Agricultural Agricultural Agricultural Iniquate Iniquate Iniq				
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 1,900				1,767 39.0
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 1,900 14,018 1,614 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) 2,276 3,910 3,185 Forest area (% land area) 2,200-15) 2.0 -0.1 0.4 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 6.9 12.6 12.0 Threatened species, mammals 16 33 1,220 2,011 Threatened species, birds 16 638 1,134 Threatened species, birds 16 638 1,134 Threatened species, higher plants 17 18,438 58,665 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 3.4 -0.9 2.4 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 21.4 2.9 12.0 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 0.0 13.0 5.0 Coral reef area (sq. km) 5.0 2.1 2.8,580 Mangroves area (sq. km) 5.0 3,157 651 Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 8.7 49.8 74.9 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 91.3 16.6 14.9 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 91.3 16.6 14.9 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 91.3 16.6 14.9 CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) 1.7 7.3 1.4 Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 1.7 7.3 1.4 Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 1.7 7.3 1.4 Water and sanitation Internal freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 16.4 7.4 18.4 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 93 47 88 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 90 98 99 Rural (% of rural population) 97 99 94 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 97 99 94 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 97 99 94 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 96 89 42 Urban (% of urban population) 97 99 99 40 Consumption of fixed capital (c of GNI) 16.8 16.1 9.7 Environment and health 98 99 99 99 99 99 99 99 99 99 99 99 99		55	29	44
Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	9.5		
Forest area (% land area) 3.3 38.0 24.3				1,614 3,185
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 2.0 -0.1 0.4		2.2	20.0	2/12
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)				0.4
Threatened species, birds	Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)			
Threatened species, fish 3 1,220 2,011				, -
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 1.1 18,438 58,665 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -3.4 -0.9 2.4 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 21.4 2.9 12.0 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 0.0 13.0 5.0 Coral reef area (sq. km) 128,580 Mangroves area (sq. km) 128,580 Mangroves area (sq. km) 68,563 Energy and emissions 650 3,157 651 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 0.1 5.9 28.5 18.7 651 18.7 28.5 18.6 17.7 18.5 18.7 49.8 74.9 17.7 18.5 18.7 49.8 74.9 17.4 18.4 18.4 18.4 18.4 18.4 14.9 18.4 14.9 18.4 14.9 14.9 18.0 18.3 14.9 14.9 14.9		3		
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 1.1 18,438 58,665 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) -3.4 -0.9 2.4 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) 21.4 2.9 12.0 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 0.0 13.0 5.0 Coral reef area (sq. km) 128,580 Mangroves area (sq. km) 68,563 Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 650 3,157 651 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 0.1 5.9 28.5 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 1,941 5,369 777 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 8.7 49.8 74.9 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 91.3 16.6 14.9 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 91.3 16.6 14.9 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 91.3 16.6 14.9 Ilectricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 91.3	Threatened species, higher plants	14	1,032	3,971
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)		1.1	18.438	58.665
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 0.0 13.0 5.0 Coral reef area (sq. km) 128,580 Mangroves area (sq. km) 68,563 Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 650 3,157 651 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 0.1 5.9 28.5 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 1,941 5,369 777 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 8.7 49.8 74.9 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 91.3 16.6 14.9 CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) 1.7 7.3 1.4 Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 8,385 7,850 3,003 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 16.4 7.4 18.4 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 93 47 88 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 96 96 87 Urban (% of urban pop	Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	-3.4	-0.9	2.4
Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total fotal) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of GNI) Electrici				
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) Energy deviation Energy and Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) Energy deviation Energy deviation Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total population) Energy deviation (% of total population) Energy deviation Energy deviation Electricity generated by hydropower (% of children under five) Energy deviation Energy deviation Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total population) Energy depletion (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI) Electricity generated (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI) Electricity generated (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI) Energy deplet				128,580
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 650 3,157 651 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 0.1 5.9 28.5 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 1,941 5,369 777 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 8.7 49.8 74.9 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 91.3 16.6 14.9 CO₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) 1.7 7.3 1.4 Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 8,385 7,850 3,003 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 16.4 7.4 18.4 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 93 47 88 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 90 98 90 Rural (% of rural population) 97 99 94 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 93 93 52 Rural (% of rural population) 96 89 95 Urban (% of or urban population) 96				68,563
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 0.1 5.9 28.5 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 1,941 5,369 777 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 8.7 49.8 74.9 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 91.3 16.6 14.9 CO₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) 1.7 7.3 1.4 Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 8,385 7,850 3,003 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 16.4 7.4 18.4 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 90 98 90 Rucess to improved water source (% of total population) 90 98 90 Rural (% of rural population) 97 99 94 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 97 99 94 Rural (% of rural population) 93 93 52 Rural (% of rural population) 96 89 42 Urban (% of urban population) 96 89		650	3.157	651
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 8.7 49.8 74.9 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 91.3 16.6 14.9 CO₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) 1.7 7.3 1.4 Water and sanitation		0.1	5.9	28.5
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 91.3 16.6 14.9 CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) 1.7 7.3 1.4 Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 8.385 7,850 3,003 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 16.4 7.4 18.4 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 93 47 88 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 90 98 90 Rural (% of rural population) 91 97 99 94 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 97 99 94 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 97 99 94 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 96 89 42 Urban (% of rural population) 96 89 42 Urban (% of urban population) 97 99 94 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 97 99 94 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 96 89 42 Urban (% of urban population) 97 99 94 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 97 99 94 Access to improved sanitation (% of of total population) 97 99 94 Access to improved sanitation (% of of of total population) 97 99 99 99 99 99 99 99 99 99 99 99 99				
Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 8,385 7,850 3,003 Total freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 16.4 7.4 18.4 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 93 47 88 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 90 98 90 Rural (% of rural population) 86 96 87 Urban (% of urban population) 97 99 94 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 93 93 52 Rural (% of rural population) 96 89 42 Urban (% of urban population) 96 89 42 Urban (% of urban population) 89 95 67 Environment and health 71 19 58 PM2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 17 19 58 PM2.5 exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 99 89 99 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) 5 Diar				14.9
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	1.7	7.3	1.4
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)		8 385	7 850	3 003
Access to improved water source (% of total population) 90 98 90 Rural (% of rural population) 86 96 87 Urban (% of urban population) 97 99 94 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 93 93 52 Rural (% of rural population) 96 89 42 Urban (% of urban population) 96 89 42 Urban (% of urban population) 97 99 6 89 42 Urban (% of urban population) 97 95 67 89 95 67 89 99 95 97 97 99 89 99 89 99 89 99 89 99 89 99 89 99 89 99 89 99 89 99 89 99 89 99 9				18.4
Rural (% of rural population) 86 96 87 Urban (% of urban population) 97 99 94 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 93 93 52 Rural (% of rural population) 96 89 42 Urban (% of urban population) 89 95 67 Environment and health Environment and health PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 99 89 99 AB M _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 99 89 99 Board resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) 5 Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 21 11 53 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 20.6 22.5 27.6 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 16.8 16.1 9.7 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 6.4 4.8 3.0 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.6 0.8 Mineral depletion (% of GNI)				88
Urban (% of urban population) 97 99 94 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 93 93 52 Rural (% of rural population) 96 89 42 Urban (% of urban population) 89 95 67 Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (μg/cu. m) 17 19 58 PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 99 89 99 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) 1 Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 21 11 53 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 20.6 22.5 27.6 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 16.8 16.1 9.7 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 0.0 0.6 0.8 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 5.8 0.1 0.3 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 5.8 0.1 0.3 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 5.3 1.0 2.3 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 5.3 1.0 2.3 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.5 0.1 0.9				90 87
Rural (% of rural population) 96 89 42 Urban (% of urban population) 89 95 67 Environment and health Environment and health PM2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (μg/cu. m) 17 19 58 PM2.5 exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 99 89 99 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) 1 Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) 5 Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 21 11 53 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 20.6 22.5 27.6 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 16.8 16.1 9.7 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 6.4 4.8 3.0 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.6 0.8 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 5.8 0.1 0.3 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 5.3 1.0 2.3 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) <th< td=""><td>Urban (% of urban population)</td><td></td><td></td><td>94</td></th<>	Urban (% of urban population)			94
Urban (% of urban population) 89 95 67 Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (μg/cu. m) 17 19 58 PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 99 89 99 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) 1 Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) 5 Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 21 11 53 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 20.6 22.5 27.6 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 16.8 16.1 9.7 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 6.4 4.8 3.0 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.6 0.8 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 5.8 0.1 0.3 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 5.3 1.0 2.3 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 5.3 1.0 2.3 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.5 0.1 0.9				
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 17 19 58 PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 99 89 99 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) 1 Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) 5 Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 21 11 53 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 20.6 22.5 27.6 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 16.8 16.1 9.7 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 6.4 4.8 3.0 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.6 0.8 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 5.8 0.1 0.3 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 5.3 1.0 2.3 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 5.3 1.0 2.3 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.5 0.1 0.9				
PM2.5 exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 99 89 99 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) 1 Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) 5 Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 21 11 53 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 20.6 22.5 27.6 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 16.8 16.1 9.7 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 6.4 4.8 3.0 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.6 0.8 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 5.8 0.1 0.3 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.0 0.4 CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) 5.3 1.0 2.3 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.5 0.1 0.9		17	10	50
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) 1				99
National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation 21 11 53 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation 20.6 22.5 27.6 Gross savings (% of GNI) 20.6 22.5 27.6 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 16.8 16.1 9.7 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 0.0 0.6 0.8 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 5.8 0.1 0.3 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.0 0.4 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 5.3 1.0 2.3 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.5 0.1 0.9	Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five			
Gross savings (% of GNI) 20.6 22.5 27.6 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 16.8 16.1 9.7 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 6.4 4.8 3.0 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.6 0.8 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 5.8 0.1 0.3 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.0 0.4 CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) 5.3 1.0 2.3 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.5 0.1 0.9			11	53
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 16.8 16.1 9.7 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 6.4 4.8 3.0 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.6 0.8 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 5.8 0.1 0.3 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.0 0.4 CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) 5.3 1.0 2.3 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.5 0.1 0.9				
Education expenditure (% of GNI) 6.4 4.8 3.0 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.6 0.8 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 5.8 0.1 0.3 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.4 CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) 5.3 1.0 2.3 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.5 0.1 0.9				9.7
Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 5.8 0.1 0.3 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.0 0.4 CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) 5.3 1.0 2.3 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.5 0.1 0.9		6.4	4.8	3.0
Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.0 0.4 CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) 5.3 1.0 2.3 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.5 0.1 0.9				0.8
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				0.3
1	CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	5.3	1.0	2.3

Lao PDR

Population (millions) 6.8 Land area (1.000 sq. km) 231 GDP (\$ billions) 12.4 Lower East Asia middle-Country & Pacific income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 1.740 9.771 2.029 7,546 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 1,005 1,767 56.6 Urban population (% of total) 38.6 39.0 Agriculture 49 44 Agricultural land (% land area) 10 11.5 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 961 1.657 1.614 4.508 4.958 3.185 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity 24.3 813 26.3 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -0.8 -0.20.4 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 16.7 15.6 12.0 45 918 1.134 Threatened species, mammals 24 Threatened species, birds 1.097 1.199 55 1,549 2,011 Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants 41 3,515 3,971 **Oceans** 132.587 58.665 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 171 0.9 24 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 5.2 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 6.5 6.5 12.0 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 0.0 17.0 5.0 203.050 128 580 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 67.121 68.563 **Energy and emissions** Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 2,137 651 7.7 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 28.5 3.682 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 777 74.9 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 76.4 15.0 14.9 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 0.3 6.3 1.4 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 28.463 4.529 3.003 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 1.8 11.3 18.4 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 71 88 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 91 76 94 90 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 90 87 69 Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) 86 97 94 71 77 52 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 56 64 42 Rural (% of rural population) 95 87 67 Urban (% of urban population) **Environment and health** 44 58 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 97 99 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 67 17 53 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 14.9 39.1276 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 15.8 20.7 9.7 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 1.1 2.7 3.0 0.1 0.3 0.8 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 3.6 0.2 0.3 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.4 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 3.8 0.0 2.3 0.6 2.1 CO2 damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.9 0.3 0.9 -10.318.1 16.1 Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

Latvia

Population (millions) 2.0 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	sq. km) 62 GDP (\$ billions		2.0 Land area (1,000 sq. km) 62 GDF		2.0 Land area (1,000 sq. km) 62 GDP (\$ billio	P (\$ billions	lions) 27.0	
	Country data	Europe & Central Asia group	High- income group					
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	14,990 10,506 67.4	24,275 18,328 70.9	41,932 33,454 81.1					
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area)	30	29	36					
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	0.0							
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	10,419 3,486	14,018 3,910	30,017 5,919					
Forests and biodiversity	540	20.0	00.0					
Forest area (% land area)	54.0	38.0 -0.1	28.9 -0.0					
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	-0.2 18.2	12.6	-0.0 15.7					
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) Threatened species, mammals	10.2	350	527					
Threatened species, manimals Threatened species, birds	9	638	923					
Threatened species, fish	6	1,220	2,263					
Threatened species, higher plants	0	1,032	2,176					
Oceans Total fishering production (thousand matric tons)	82.4	18,438	33,549					
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	-3.4	-0.9	-1.5					
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	6.7	2.9	2.6					
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	44.3	13.0	23.7					
Coral reef area (sq. km)			83,900					
Mangroves area (sq. km)			15,283					
Energy and emissions	2,177	3,157	4.745					
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	34.4	5.9	5.3					
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	3,507	5,369	9,066					
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	45.5	49.8	60.7					
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)	38.8	16.6	12.0					
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	3.5	7.3	11.0					
Water and sanitation	9.406	7.050	8,733					
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	8,496 1.5	7,850 7.4	9.8					
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	1.5	47	41					
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	99	98	100					
Rural (% of rural population)	98	96	99					
Urban (% of urban population)	100	99	100					
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	88	93	99					
Rural (% of rural population)	82	89	99					
Urban (% of urban population)	91	95	100					
Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (μg/cu. m)	20	19	17					
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	100	89	62					
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five								
	,							
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)								
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	8	11	6					
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) National accounting aggregates—savings, deple	8 etion and	degradat	ion					
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) National accounting aggregates—savings, deple Gross savings (% of GNI)	8 etion and 21.3	degradat 22.5	i on 22.2					
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) National accounting aggregates—savings, deple Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	21.3 22.9	degradat 22.5 16.1	22.2 16.6					
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) National accounting aggregates—savings, deple Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI)	21.3 22.9 4.3	22.5 16.1 4.8	22.2 16.6 4.8					
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) National accounting aggregates—savings, deple Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI)	21.3 22.9	degradat 22.5 16.1	22.2 16.6					
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) National accounting aggregates—savings, deple Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	21.3 22.9 4.3 0.0	22.5 16.1 4.8 0.6	22.2 16.6 4.8 0.3					
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) National accounting aggregates—savings, deple Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI)	21.3 22.9 4.3 0.0 0.0	22.5 16.1 4.8 0.6 0.1	22.2 16.6 4.8 0.3 0.1					
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) National accounting aggregates—savings, deple Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	8 21.3 22.9 4.3 0.0 0.0 0.0	22.5 16.1 4.8 0.6 0.1	22.2 16.6 4.8 0.3 0.1 0.0					

Lebanon

Population (millions) 5.9 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	10 GD	P (\$ billions	s) 47.1
	Country data	Middle East & N. Africa group	Upper middle- income group
GNI per capita, <i>World Bank Atlas</i> method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	7,710 6,481 87.8	8,229 6,251 64.2	8,263 6,302 64.1
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area)	64	33	35
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	87,924 2,620	6,275 2,299	2,208 4,104
Forests and biodiversity			
Forest area (% land area)	13.4	2.1	34.9
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	-0.3 2.7	-0.8 11.7	0.0 15.2
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) Threatened species, mammals	10	224	1,056
Threatened species, hidhmals Threatened species, birds	12	279	1,511
Threatened species, fish	28	610	2,315
Threatened species, higher plants	10	290	6,808
Oceans	10	4 057	102 240
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	4.8 -0.1	4,857 2.0	103,240 -0.5
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	7.1	9.4	5.3
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	0.0	3.8	9.9
Coral reef area (sq. km)		15,470	48,880
Mangroves area (sq. km)		513	50,774
Energy and emissions	1 225	2.265	2 102
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	1,335 1.7	2,365 0.6	2,192 7.3
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	2,888	2,906	3,495
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	98.9	96.3	71.1
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)	1.1	2.6	21.0
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	4.3	6.0	6.6
Water and sanitation	855	555	8,261
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	27.3	138.4	6.3
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	60	85	68
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	99	93	95
Rural (% of rural population)	99	89	91
Urban (% of urban population)	99	96	97
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	81	91	80
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	81 81	87 93	67 87
Environment and health			
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	33	61	42
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	100	100	95
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five)		
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	8	23	 19
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple	tion and	degradat	ion
Gross savings (% of GNI)	25.8	24.7	36.6
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	18.4	9.9	18.0
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	2.1	5.2	3.0
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	4.7	1.1
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.0	0.4
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.0 1.5	0.1 2.1	0.0 2.6
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	0.2	0.2	0.3
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	7.8	12.9	17.2
Tajasta net savingo (70 or arri)			

Lesotho

Population (millions) 2.1 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	30 GD	P (\$ billions	s) 2.3
	Country data	Sub- Saharan Africa group	Lower middle- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$)	1,280	1,631	2,029
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	1,293 27.3	1,239 37.7	1,767 39.0
Agriculture			
Agricultural land (% land area)	75 0.1	42	44
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$)	393	1,219	1,614
Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	637	1,452	3,185
Forests and biodiversity	1.0	25.7	24.2
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	1.6 -1.0	25.7 0.5	24.3 0.4
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	0.5	15.3	12.0
Threatened species, mammals	3	918	1,134
Threatened species, birds	7 1	876 2,023	1,199
Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	4	3,740	2,011 3,971
Oceans			
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	1.1	7,416	58,665
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	3.3 38.0	1.8 17.0	2.4 12.0
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	0.0	6.1	5.0
Coral reef area (sq. km)		17,980	128,580
Mangroves area (sq. km)		28,061	68,563
Energy and emissions		701	651
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)		57.4	28.5
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)		497	777
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)		64.3 21.2	74.9 14.9
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	1.1	0.8	1.4
Water and sanitation			
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	2,480	3,986	3,003
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	0.8	3.2 81	18.4 88
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	82	68	90
Rural (% of rural population)	77	56	87
Urban (% of urban population)	95	87	94
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population)	30 28	30 23	52 42
Urban (% of urban population)	37	40	67
Environment and health			
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	25	36	58
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five	100	99 5	99
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)	12	14	
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	90	83	53
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple	tion and		tion 27.6
Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	12.1	14.4 13.8	9.7
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	9.7	3.3	3.0
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	1.7	0.8
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.0 6.1	0.9 2.3	0.3 0.4
Net forest depletion (% of GNI) CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	2.0	1.6	2.3
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	1.5	1.2	0.9
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)		-3.9	16.1

Liberia

Population (millions) 4.5 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	96 GD	P (\$ billions	s) 2.1
	Country data	Sub- Saharan Africa group	Low- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$)	380	1,631	619
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	224 49.7	1,239 37.7	497 30.7
Agriculture	20	42	20
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	28	42	39
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	593 1,322	1,219 1,452	504 1,486
Forests and biodiversity			
Forest area (% land area)	43.4	25.7	27.4
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	0.7	0.5	0.5
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	2.5 22	15.3 918	15.2 619
Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds	13	876	599
Threatened species, fish	63	2,023	1,156
Threatened species, higher plants	52	3,740	1,962
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand matric tons)	14.7	7,416	3,954
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	1.6	1.8	2.2
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	4.1	17.0	3.1
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	2.0	6.1	3.5
Coral reef area (sq. km)		17,980	12,520
Mangroves area (sq. km)	109	28,061	15,778
Energy and emissions		701	
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)		57.4	79.1
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)		497	
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)		64.3	
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)		21.2	
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	0.2	0.8	0.3
Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	45,490	3,986	4,629
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	0.1	3.2	3.3
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	9	81	90
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	76	68	66
Rural (% of rural population)	63	56	56
Urban (% of urban population)	89	87	87
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	17 6	30 23	28 23
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	28	40	40
Environment and health		20	20
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	8	36 99	39 99
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)) 7	5	6
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)	22	14	16
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	70	83	76
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple			
Gross savings (% of GNI)	20.9 7.0	14.4 13.8	14.7 10.6
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI)	3.7	3.3	3.2
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	1.7	0.4
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	1.1	0.9	1.5
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	32.0	2.3	6.6
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	1.6	1.6	1.2
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	1.9	1.2	1.7
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	-35.9	-3.9	-3.8

<u>Libya</u>

Population (millions) 6.3 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	1,760 GDP (\$ billions) 34.7		
	Country data	Middle East & N. Africa group	Upper middle- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$)	4,660 4,811	8,229 6,251	8,263 6,302
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	78.6	64.2	64.1
Agriculture	9	33	35
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)			
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$ Cereal yield (kg per hectare)) 673	6,275 2,299	2,208 4,104
Forests and biodiversity			
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	0.1	2.1 -0.8	34.9 0.0
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	0.3	11.7	15.2
Threatened species, mammals	11	224	1,056
Threatened species, birds	6	279	1,511
Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	32 3	610 290	2,315 6,808
Oceans	00.0	4.055	400.040
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	26.0 -4.3	4,857 2.0	103,240 -0.5
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	-8.8	9.4	5.3
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	4.3	3.8	9.9
Coral reef area (sq. km)		15,470	48,880
Mangroves area (sq. km)		513	50,774
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)	2,855	2,365	2,192
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	0.8	0.6	7.3
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	1,841 100.0	2,906 96.3	3,495 71.1
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)	0.0	2.6	21.0
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	8.1	6.0	6.6
Water and sanitation	112	555	8,261
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	832.9	138.4	6.3
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	83	85	68
Access to improved water source (% of total population)		93 89	95 91
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)		96	91
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	97	91	80
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	96 97	87 93	67 87
Environment and health			
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	79	61	42
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	100	100	95
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)			
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	13	23	19
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple	etion and	degradat	i on 36.6
Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	7.9	9.9	18.0
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	2.1	5.2	3.0
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	5.0	4.7	1.1
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.0 0.1	0.0 0.1	0.4
Net forest depletion (% of GNI) CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	2.9	2.1	2.6
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	0.8	0.2	0.3
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)		12.9	17.2

Liechtenstein

Population (thousands) 38 Land area (sq. km) 160 GDP (\$ billions) 6.7 Europe & Central High-Country Asia income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 24.275 41.932 18,328 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 33 454 14.3 Urban population (% of total) 70.9 81.1 Agriculture 33 29 36 Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) 14.018 Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 30.017 3.910 5.919 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity 43.1 28.9 38.0 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 0.0 -0.1-0.0Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 44.3 12.6 15.7 0 350 527 Threatened species, mammals 2 923 Threatened species, birds 638 Λ 1,220 2,263 Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants 0 1,032 2.176 **Oceans** 18.438 33.549 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) -1.5 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -0.9Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 2.9 2.6 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 0.0 13.0 23.7 83 900 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 15.283 **Energy and emissions** Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 3.157 4.745 5.9 5.3 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 5.369 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 9.066 49.8 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 60.7 16.6 12.0 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 1.4 7.3 11.0 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 7,850 8.733 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 7.4 9.8 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 47 41 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 98 100 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 96 99 Rural (% of rural population) 100 Urban (% of urban population) 99 93 99 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 89 99 Rural (% of rural population) 95 100 Urban (% of urban population) .. **Environment and health** 19 17 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 89 62 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 11 6 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 222 14.1 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 161 166 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 3.1 4.8 48 0.6 0.3 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.1 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.1 0.0 0.0 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 1.0 0.8 CO2 damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.1 0.1 9.5 9.1 Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

Lithuania

Population (millions) 2.9 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	63 GDP (\$ billions) 41.4		
	Country data	Europe & Central Asia group	High- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	15,080 11,734 66.5	24,275 18,328 70.9	41,932 33,454 81.1
Agriculture			
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	47 0.1	29	36
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	13,233 3,975	14,018 3,910	30,017 5,919
Forests and biodiversity	04.0	00.0	
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	34.8 -0.5	38.0 -0.1	28.9 -0.0
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	16.8	12.6	15.7
Threatened species, mammals	2	350	527
Threatened species, birds Threatened species, fish	9	638 1,220	923 2,263
Threatened species, higher plants	1	1,032	2,176
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	89.6	18,438	33,549
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	0.5	-0.9	-1.5
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	5.5	2.9	2.6
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	30.6	13.0	23.7 83,900
Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km)			15,283
Energy and emissions	2 207	2.157	4 745
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	2,387 17.1	3,157 5.9	4,745 5.3
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	3,821	5,369	9,066
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	51.5 10.8	49.8 16.6	60.7 12.0
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	4.3	7.3	11.0
Water and sanitation	F 0.70	7.050	0.722
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	5,272 4.1	7,850 7.4	8,733 9.8
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	10	47	41
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	97	98	100
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	90 100	96 99	99 100
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	92	93	99
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	83 97	89 95	99 100
Environment and health			
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	19 100	19 89	17 62
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five			
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	' 5	 11	6
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple			
Gross savings (% of GNI)	18.4	22.5	22.2
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI)	14.2 15.5	16.1 4.8	16.6 4.8
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.6	0.3
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.1	0.1
Net forest depletion (% of GNI) CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	0.0 1.0	0.0 1.0	0.0
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	0.2	0.1	0.1
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	18.6	9.5	9.1

Luxembourg

Population (thousands) 570 Land area (1.000 sq. km) 2.6 GDP (\$ billions) 56.8 Europe & Central High-Country Asia income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 77 480 24.275 41.932 58,069 18,328 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 33 454 Urban population (% of total) 90.2 70.9 81.1 Agriculture 36 Agricultural land (% land area) 29 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 40,662 14.018 30.017 3.910 5.919 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity 28.9 33 5 38.0 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 0.0 -0.1-0.0Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 34.6 12.6 15.7 0 350 527 Threatened species, mammals 923 Threatened species, birds 638 1,220 2,263 Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants 0 1,032 2.176 **Oceans** 18.438 33.549 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) -1.5 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -0.9Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 2.9 2.6 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 0.0 13.0 23.7 83 900 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 15.283 **Energy and emissions** Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 6.861 3.157 4.745 5.3 5.1 5.9 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 13.915 5.369 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 9.066 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 76.2 49.8 60.7 5.7 16.6 12.0 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 18.7 7.3 11.0 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 1.798 7.850 8,733 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 4.3 7.4 9.8 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 47 41 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 100 100 98 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 100 96 99 Rural (% of rural population) 100 Urban (% of urban population) 100 99 98 93 99 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 99 89 99 Rural (% of rural population) 98 95 100 Urban (% of urban population) **Environment and health** 17 19 17 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 89 62 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 2 11 6 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 35.4 222 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 17.5 16.1 166 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 3.9 4.8 48 0.0 0.6 0.3 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.1 0.1 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.0 0.8 1.0 0.8 CO2 damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.1 0.1 0.1 9.5 20.9 9 1 Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

Macao SAR, China

Population (thousands) 588 Land area (sq. km)

30 GDP (\$ billions)

46.2

	Country data	East Asia & Pacific group	High- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$)	67,180	9,771 7,546	41,932 33,454
Urban population (% of total)	100.0	56.6	81.1
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area)		49	36
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)			
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)		1,657 4,958	30,017 5,919
Forests and biodiversity		20.2	28.9
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15)		26.3 -0.2	28.9 -0.0
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	0.0	15.6	15.7
Threatened species, mammals	0	918	527
Threatened species, birds Threatened species, fish	4 5	1,097 1,549	923 2,263
Threatened species, higher plants	0	3,515	2,176
Oceans	1.5	122 507	22 540
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	1.5 0.0	132,587 0.9	33,549 -1.5
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)		6.5	2.6
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	0.0	17.0	23.7
Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km)		203,050 67,121	83,900 15,283
Energy and emissions			
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)		2,137	4,745
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)		7.7 3,682	5.3 9,066
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)		76.4	60.7
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)		15.0	12.0
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	3.8	6.3	11.0
Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)		4,529	8,733
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)		11.3	9.8
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)		71	41
Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population)		94 90	100 99
Urban (% of urban population)		97	100
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)		77	99
Rural (% of rural population)		64 87	99
Urban (% of urban population)		01	100
Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)		44	17
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)		97	62
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five))		
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		17	6
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple			
Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	56.8 1.6	39.1 20.7	22.2 16.6
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	2.1	2.7	4.8
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.3	0.3
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.2	0.1
Net forest depletion (% of GNI) CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	0.1	0.0 2.1	0.0
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)		0.3	0.1
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)		18.1	9.1

Macedonia, FYR

Population (millions) 2.1 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	25 GDP (\$ billion		ns) 10.1	
	Country data	Europe & Central Asia group	Upper middle- income group	
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$)	5,140	24,275	8,263	
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	3,573 57.1	18,328 70.9	6,302 64.1	
Agriculture	FO	29	25	
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	50	29	35	
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	16,895 3,900	14,018 3,910	2,208 4,104	
Forests and biodiversity				
Forest area (% land area)	39.6	38.0	34.9	
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	-0.3	-0.1	0.0	
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	9.7	12.6	15.2	
Threatened species, mammals	6 14	350 638	1,056	
Threatened species, birds Threatened species, fish	13	1,220	1,511 2,315	
Threatened species, higher plants	0	1,032	6,808	
Oceans				
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	1.3	18,438	103,240	
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	3.5	-0.9	-0.5	
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	-1.4 0.0	2.9 13.0	5.3 9.9	
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km)	0.0	13.0	48,880	
Mangroves area (sq. km)			50,774	
Energy and emissions				
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)	1,264	3,157	2,192	
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	6.5	5.9	7.3	
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	3,500 76.0	5,369 49.8	3,495 71.1	
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)	22.5	16.6	21.0	
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	4.0	7.3	6.6	
Water and sanitation				
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	2,602	7,850	8,261	
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	10.2 23	7.4 47	6.3 68	
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population)	99	98	95	
Rural (% of rural population)	99	96	91	
Urban (% of urban population)	100	99	97	
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	91	93	80	
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	83 97	89 95	67 87	
Environment and health				
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	40	19	42	
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	100	89	95	
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five)			
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)				
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	6	11	19	
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple Gross savings (% of GNI)	tion and	l degradat 22.5	i on 36.6	
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	21.3	16.1	18.0	
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	3.3	4.8	3.0	
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.3	0.6	1.1	
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	1.3	0.1	0.4	
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.0	0.0	
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	2.4	1.0	2.6	
Adjusted not equippe (% of GNI)	0.4	0.1 9.5	0.3	
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	5.2	9.5	17.2	

Madagascar

Population (millions) 24.2 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	582 GD	P (\$ billions	9.7
	Country data	Sub- Saharan Africa group	Low- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	420 393 35.1	1,631 1,239 37.7	619 497 30.7
Agriculture	71	42	20
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	2.2 261 3,682	1,219 1,452	39 504 1,486
Forests and biodiversity			
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	21.4 0.3	25.7 0.5	27.4 0.5
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	5.0 120	15.3 918	15.2 619
Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds	35	876	599
Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	93 607	2,023 3,740	1,156 1,962
Oceans		-,	
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	137	7,416	3,954
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	-0.4	1.8	2.2
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	7.2 3.4	17.0 6.1	3.1 3.5
Coral reef area (sq. km)	2,230	17,980	12,520
Mangroves area (sq. km)	2,991	28,061	15,778
Energy and emissions		701	
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)		57.4	79.1
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)		497	
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)		64.3 21.2	
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	0.1	0.8	0.3
Water and sanitation	44007	0.000	4.000
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	14,297 4.9	3,986 3.2	4,629 3.3
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	98	81	90
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	52	68	66
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	35 82	56 87	56 87
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	12	30	28
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	9 18	23 40	23 40
Environment and health			
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	20	36	39
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	99	99 5	99 6
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)) 3 8	14	16
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	50	83	76
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple			ion
Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	4.5 9.2	14.4 13.8	14.7 10.6
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	2.1	3.3	3.2
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	1.7	0.4
Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.2	0.9 2.3	1.5 6.6
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	1.1	1.6	1.2
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	1.8 -3.4	1.2 -3.9	1.7 -3.8
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	-3.4	-3.9	-3.0



Population (millions) 17.2 Land area (1.000 sq. km) 94 GDP (\$ billions) Sub-Saharan Low-Country Africa income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 340 1.631 619 1,239 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 254 497 37.7 Urban population (% of total) 16.3 30.7 Agriculture 39 Agricultural land (% land area) 61 42 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) 412 504 Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 1.219 1.591 1.452 1.486 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity 33.4 25.7 27.4 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 0.8 0.5 0.5 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 16.8 15.3 15.2 10 918 619 Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds 18 876 599 98 2,023 1,156 Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants 24 3.740 1.962 **Oceans** 7.416 3.954 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 147 72 2.2 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 1.8 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 16.1 17.0 3.1 0.0 6.1 3.5 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 17,980 12 520 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 28.061 15.778 **Energy and emissions** Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 701 79.1 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 57.4 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 497 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 64.3 21.2 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 0.1 0.8 0.3 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 3.986 4,629 967 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 8.4 3.2 3.3 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 86 81 90 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 90 68 66 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 89 56 56 Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) 96 87 87 41 30 28 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 40 23 23 Rural (% of rural population) 47 40 40 Urban (% of urban population) **Environment and health** 26 36 39 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 99 99 5 6 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) 7 18 14 16 Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 64 83 76 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 9.5 14.4 147 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 21.0 13.8 10.6 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 6.9 3.3 32 0.0 1.7 0.4 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.9 1.5 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 2.3 6.6 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 8.2 0.6 1.6 1.2 CO2 damage (% of GNI) 1.7 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 2.0 1.2 -3.9 -15.5-3.8Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

Malaysia

Population (millions) 30.3 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	329 GE	P (\$ billions	s) 296.3
	Country data	East Asia & Pacific group	Upper middle- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	10,570 7,722 74.7	9,771 7,546 56.6	8,263 6,302 64.1
Agriculture			
Agricultural land (% land area)	24	49	35
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	19,868 3,866	1,657 4,958	2,208 4,104
Forests and biodiversity			
Forest area (% land area)	67.6	26.3 -0.2	34.9
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	-0.2 18.4	15.6	0.0 15.2
Threatened species, mammals	73	918	1,056
Threatened species, birds	50	1,097	1,511
Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	83 721	1,549 3,515	2,315 6,808
		0,010	
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	2,003	132,587	103,240
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	1.0	0.9	-0.5
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	7.6	6.5	5.3
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	2.3	17.0	9.9
Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km)	3,600 7,097	203,050 67,121	48,880 50,774
	,	- ,	
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)	3,000	2,137	2,192
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	2.1	7.7	7.3
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	4,646	3,682	3,495
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)	90.3 9.1	76.4 15.0	71.1 21.0
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	8.0	6.3	6.6
Water and sanitation			
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	19,397	4,529	8,261
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	1.9	11.3	6.3
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	22 98	71 94	68 95
Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population)	93	90	91
Urban (% of urban population)	100	97	97
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	96	77	80
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	96 96	64 87	67 87
Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	16	44	42
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	87	97	95
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five)		
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)	 7	 17	 19
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		17	19
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple Gross savings (% of GNI)	tion and 28.8	l degradat 39.1	ion 36.6
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	17.0	20.7	18.0
		2.7	3.0
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	6.1		
Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI)	1.6	0.3	
Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	1.6 0.1	0.3 0.2	0.4
Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	1.6 0.1 0.0	0.3 0.2 0.0	1.1 0.4 0.0
Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	1.6 0.1	0.3 0.2	0.4

Maldives

Population (thousands) 409 Land area (sq. km)	300 GD	P (\$ billions	3.4
	Country data	South Asia group	Upper middle- income group
GNI per capita, <i>World Bank Atla</i> s method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	6,950 6,545 45.5	1,535 1,365 33.0	8,263 6,302 64.1
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area)	26	57	35
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	4,878 2,405	1,131 3,083	2,208 4,104
Forests and biodiversity	2.2	47.5	240
Forest area (% land area)	3.3 0.0	17.5 -0.4	34.9 0.0
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	0.0	6.6	15.2
Threatened species, mammals	2	251	1,056
Threatened species, birds	0	238	1,511
Threatened species, fish	24	383	2,315
Threatened species, higher plants	0	752	6,808
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	127	15,171	103,240
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	0.4	1.9	-0.5
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)		7.3	5.3
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	0.4	2.3	9.9
Coral reef area (sq. km)	8,920	15,440 10,343	48,880 50,774
Mangroves area (sq. km)		10,343	50,774
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)		576	2,192
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)		25.6	7.3
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)		707	3,495
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)		80.0 11.6	71.1 21.0
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	2.7	1.4	6.6
Water and sanitation			
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	75	1,152	8,261
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	19.7	51.6	6.3
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population)	0 99	91 92	68 95
Rural (% of rural population)	98	91	91
Urban (% of urban population)	100	95	97
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	98	45	80
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	98 98	35 65	67 87
Environment and health			
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	29	74	42
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	100	100	95
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five			
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	4 9	 53	 19
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple	tion and	degradat	tion
Gross savings (% of GNI)		31.3	36.6
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	13.2	10.5	18.0
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	5.6	2.8	3.0
Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.4 0.1	1.1 0.4
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.1	0.4
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	1.1	3.0	2.6
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	0.2	1.2	0.3 17.2



Population (millions) 17.6 Land area (1,000 sq. km) 1,220 GDP (\$ billions) 12.7 Sub-Saharan Low-Country Africa income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 760 1.631 619 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 544 1,239 497 39.9 37.7 Urban population (% of total) 30.7 Agriculture 34 Agricultural land (% land area) 42 39 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) 504 1.245 1.219 Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 1.551 1.452 1.486 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity 25.7 27.4 39 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 1.5 0.5 0.5 8.4 15.3 15.2 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 12 918 619 Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds 16 876 599 1,156 2,023 2 Threatened species, fish 3.740 1.962 Threatened species, higher plants **Oceans** Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 949 7.416 3.954 2.2 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -1.11.8 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 33.9 17.0 3.1 0.0 6.1 3.5 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 17.980 12.520 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 28.061 15.778 **Energy and emissions** Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 701 79.1 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 574 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 497 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 64.3 21.2 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 0.1 0.8 0.3 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 3.512 3.986 4.629 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 8.6 3.2 3.3 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 98 81 90 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 77 68 66 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 56 64 56 Rural (% of rural population) 97 87 87 Urban (% of urban population) 25 30 28 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 23 23 Rural (% of rural population) 16 40 40 Urban (% of urban population) 38 **Environment and health** 44 39 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 36 PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 99 99 5 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) 2 6 9 14 16 Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 115 83 76 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 20.9 14.4 147 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 11.7 13.8 10.6 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 44 3.3 3.2 0.0 1.7 0.4 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 6.5 0.9 1.5 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 2.3 6.6 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 4.0 0.3 1.6 1.2 CO2 damage (% of GNI) 1.7 2.0 1.2 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) -3.9 -8.0 -3.8Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)



Population (thousands) 432 Land area (sq. km)	320 GD	P (\$ billions	9.7
	Country data	Middle East & N. Africa group	High- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	23,900 95.4	8,229 6,251 64.2	41,932 33,454 81.1
Agriculture			
Agricultural land (% land area)	32	33	36
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	36.2 63,642 4,763	6,275 2,299	30,017 5,919
Forests and biodiversity			
Forest area (% land area)	1.1	2.1	28.9 -0.0
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	0.0 23.1	-0.8 11.7	-0.0 15.7
Threatened species, mammals	2	224	527
Threatened species, birds	5	279	923
Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	22 4	610 290	2,263 2,176
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	8.4	4,857	33,549
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	5.6	2.0	-1.5
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	8.5	9.4	2.6
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	4.7	3.8 15,470	23.7 83,900
Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km)		513	15,283
Energy and emissions			
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)	1,811	2,365	4,745
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	0.9	0.6	5.3
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	5,007 96.7	2,906 96.3	9,066 60.7
Electricity generated using lossifider (% of total)	0.0	2.6	12.0
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	5.2	6.0	11.0
Water and sanitation			
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	118 89.7	555 138.4	8,733 9.8
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	64	85	41
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	100	93	100
Rural (% of rural population)	100	89	99
Urban (% of urban population)	100 100	96 91	100 99
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population)	100	87	99
Urban (% of urban population)	100	93	100
Environment and health			
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (μg/cu. m)	16	61	17
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	100	100	62
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five))		
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	6	23	6
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple			ion
Gross savings (% of GNI)	28.5	24.7	22.2
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI)	13.2 7.2	9.9 5.2	16.6 4.8
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	4.7	0.3
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.0	0.1
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	<u> </u>	0.1	0.0
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	0.7 0.1	2.1 0.2	0.8 0.1
Air pollution damage (% of GNI) Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	0.1	12.9	9.1
,		-	

Marshall Islands

Population (thousands) 53 Land area (sq. km)	180 GD	P (\$ million	s) 179.4
	Country data	East Asia & Pacific group	Upper middle- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	4,770 72.7	9,771 7,546 56.6	8,263 6,302 64.1
Agriculture			
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	64	49	35
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	4,761 	1,657 4,958	2,208 4,104
Forests and biodiversity	70.2	26.3	34.9
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	0.0	-0.2	0.0
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	7.9	15.6	15.2
Threatened species, mammals	2	918	1,056
Threatened species, birds	3	1,097	1,511
Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	16 0	1,549 3,515	2,315 6,808
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	89.7 17.2	132,587 0.9	103,240 -0.5
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)		6.5	5.3
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	3.4	17.0	9.9
Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km)	6,110	203,050 67,121	48,880 50,774
Energy and emissions			
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)		2,137 7.7	2,192 7.3
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)		3,682	3,495
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)		76.4	71.1
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	1.9	15.0 6.3	21.0 6.6
Water and sanitation			
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)		4,529	8,261
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)		11.3	6.3
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	95	71 94	68 95
Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population)	98	90	91
Urban (% of urban population)	94	97	97
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	77	77	80
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	56 85	64 87	67 87
Environment and health			
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	12	44	42
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	0	97	95
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five			
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	36	17	19
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple	tion and	l degradat	ion
Gross savings (% of GNI)		39.1	36.6
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	6.1	20.7	18.0 3.0
Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI)	6.5	2.7 0.3	3.0 1.1
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.2	0.4
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)		0.0	0.0
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	1.3	2.1	2.6
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)		0.3	0.3
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)		18.1	17.2

Mauritania

Population (millions) 4.1 Land area (1.000 sq. km) 1.031 GDP (\$ billions) 5.4 Sub-Lower Saharan middle-Country Africa income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 1.370 1.631 2.029 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 839 1,239 1,767 37.7 Urban population (% of total) 59.9 39.0 Agriculture 39 44 Agricultural land (% land area) 42 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 1.174 1.219 1.614 1.679 1.452 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) 3.185Forests and biodiversity 25.7 24.3 0.2 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 2.3 0.5 0.4 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 1.0 15.3 12.0 17 918 1.134 Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds 15 876 1.199 43 2,023 2,011 Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants 0 3.740 3,971 **Oceans** 404 7.416 58.665 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 24 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 8.8 1.8 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 17.0 12.0 32.3 6.1 5.0 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 17.980 128 580 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 14 28.061 68.563 **Energy and emissions** Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 701 651 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 57.4 28.5 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 497 777 74.9 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 64.3 21.2 14.9 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 0.7 0.8 1.4 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 3.986 3.003 101 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 337.5 3.2 18.4 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 91 81 88 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 90 58 68 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 87 57 56 Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) 58 87 94 40 30 52 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 14 23 42 Rural (% of rural population) 58 40 67 Urban (% of urban population) **Environment and health** 85 36 58 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 99 99 5 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) .. 14 Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 85 83 53 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 27.2 14.4 276 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 194 13.8 9.7 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 2.9 3.3 3.0 1.8 1.7 0.8 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 12.6 0.9 0.3 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 2.0 2.3 0.4 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 2.3 1.6 1.6 CO2 damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 1.8 1.2 0.9 -3.9 -9.016.1

Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

Mauritius

Population (millions) 1.3 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	2.0 GD	P (\$ billions) 11.7
	Country data	Sub- Saharan Africa group	Upper middle- income group
GNI per capita, <i>World Bank Atlas</i> method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	9,780 7,637 39.7	1,239	8,263 6,302 64.1
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area)	42		35
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	19.8 9,653 3,765	1,219	
Forests and biodiversity Forest area (% land area)	19.0	25.7	34.9
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	0.5 4.5 7		0.0 15.2 1,056
Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds Threatened species, fish	9 19	876 2,023	1,511 2,315
Threatened species, higher plants	90	3,740	6,808
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	16.3 3.2 15.7	1.8	
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km)	0.3 870 1.2	17,980	
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)	1,111	701	2,192
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	14.7 2,183 79.7	57.4 497 64.3	7.3 3,495 71.1
Electricity generated using rossil rule (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	3.1	21.2	21.0
Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	2,182	3,986	8,261
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population)	26.4 68 100	81	6.3 68 95
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	100 100	56 87	91 97
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	93 93 94		80 67 87
Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	15	36	42
${\rm PM}_{2.5}^{-}$ exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five		_	95
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	14		19
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple Gross savings (% of GNI)	5.6	14.4	36.6
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI)	16.8 4.8 0.0	3.3	18.0 3.0 1.1
Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.9 2.3	0.4 0.0
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI) Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	1.0 0.1 -7.6	1.6 1.2 -3.9	2.6 0.3 17.2



Population (millions) 127.0 Land area (1,000 sq. km) 1,944 GDP (\$ billions) 1,143.8

		Latin America & Caribbean group	
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$)	9,710		8,263
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	7,767 79.2		6,302 64.1
Agriculture			
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	55 5.5		35
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)		7,188	2,208 4,104
Forests and biodiversity	24.0	10.0	24.0
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	34.0 0.2		34.9 0.0
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	12.9	23.3	15.2
Threatened species, mammals	96 61		1,056
Threatened species, birds Threatened species, fish	179		1,511 2,315
Threatened species, higher plants	402		
Oceans Total ficharias production (thousand matric tans)	1,691	1///16	103,240
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	0.6		-0.5
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	9.5		5.3
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	19.0 1,780		9.9 48,880
Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km)	6,557		
Energy and emissions	1 400	1.337	2,192
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	1,499 4.6	,	7.3
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	2,071	2,122	3,495
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	79.2 12.9		71.1 21.0
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	3.9		6.6
Water and sanitation	2.000	00.400	0.004
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	3,262 19.6		8,261 6.3
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	77		68
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	96		95
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	92 97		91 97
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	85		80
Rural (% of rural population)	75		67
Urban (% of urban population)	88	88	87
Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	20	18	42
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	100	85	95
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five))		
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	13	18	19
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple	tion and		ion 36.6
Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	11.4		18.0
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	5.0	4.9	3.0
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	1.2		1.1
Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.4 0.1		0.4
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	1.3		2.6
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	0.1		0.3
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	12.6	9.4	17.2

Micronesia, Fed. Sts.

Population (thousands) 104 Land area (sq. km)	700 GE	P (\$ million	s) 315.0
	Country data	East Asia & Pacific group	Lower middle- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$)	3,560	9,771 7,546	2,029 1,767
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	22.4	56.6	39.0
Agriculture	21	40	4.4
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	31	49	44
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	6,709 1,596	1,657 4,958	1,614 3,185
Forests and biodiversity			
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	91.8 -0.0	26.3 -0.2	24.3 0.4
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	4.3	15.6	12.0
Threatened species, mammals	5	918	1,134
Threatened species, birds	11 25	1,097 1,549	1,199 2,011
Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	4	3,515	3,971
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	68.9	132,587	58,665
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	7.4	0.9	2.4
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)		6.5	12.0
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km)	0.1 4,340	17.0 203,050	5.0 128,580
Mangroves area (sq. km)	87.0	67,121	68,563
Energy and emissions		2,137	651
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)		7.7	28.5
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)		3,682	777
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)		76.4 15.0	74.9 14.9
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	1.4	6.3	1.4
Water and sanitation		4,529	3,003
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)		11.3	18.4
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)		71	88
Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population)	89 87	94 90	90 87
Urban (% of urban population)	95	97	94
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	57	77	52
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	49 85	64 87	42 67
Environment and health	0	44	
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	8	44 97	58 99
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five			
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	 35	 17	 53
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple	tion and		tion
Gross savings (% of GNI)		39.1 20.7	27.6 9.7
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI)	23.6	20.7	3.0
Energy depletion (% of GNI)		0.3	0.8
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.2 0.0	0.3 0.4
Net forest depletion (% of GNI) CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	1.2	2.1	2.3
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)		0.3	0.9
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)		18.1	16.1

Moldova

Population (millions) 3.6 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	33 GD	P (\$ billions	6.6
	Country data	Europe & Central Asia group	Lower middle- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$)	2,240	24,275	2,029
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	1,856 45.0	18,328 70.9	1,767 39.0
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area)	75	29	44
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	9.2		
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	5,160 3,162	14,018 3,910	1,614 3,185
Forests and biodiversity	40.4	20.0	040
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	12.4 -1.6	38.0 -0.1	24.3 0.4
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	3.8	12.6	12.0
Threatened species, mammals	5	350	1,134
Threatened species, birds	12	638	1,199
Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	8 2	1,220 1,032	2,011 3,971
Oceans	0.1	10 /20	E0 66E
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	9.1 4.7	18,438 -0.9	58,665 2.4
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	11.8	2.9	12.0
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	0.0	13.0	5.0
Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km)			128,580 68,563
Energy and emissions			
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	928 8.6	3,157 5.9	651 28.5
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	1,386	5,369	777
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	93.8	49.8	74.9
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	5.9 1.4	16.6 7.3	14.9 1.4
Water and sanitation	450	7.050	0.000
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	456 65.7	7,850 7.4	3,003 18.4
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	3	47	88
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	88	98	90
Rural (% of rural population)	81 97	96 99	87 94
Urban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	76	99	52
Rural (% of rural population)	67	89	42
Urban (% of urban population)	88	95	67
Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	21	19	58
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	100	89	99
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five)			
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	16	11	53
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple			
Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	14.3 5.9	22.5 16.1	27.6 9.7
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	6.1	4.8	3.0
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.6	0.8
Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.1 0.0	0.3 0.4
iver iorest achieron (70 or aivi)	2.1	1.0	2.3
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	2.1	1.0	2.0
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI) Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	0.3 11.9	0.1 9.5	0.9 16.1

Monaco

Population (thousands) 38 Land area (sq. km)	2.0 GE	P (\$ billions	s) 6.1
	Country data	Europe & Central Asia group	High- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$)		24,275	41,932
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	100.0	18,328 70.9	33,454 81.1
Agriculture			
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)		29	36
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$)		14,018	30,017
Cereal yield (kg per hectare)		3,910	5,919
Forests and biodiversity		38.0	28.9
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15)		-0.1	-0.0
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	53.4	12.6	15.7
Threatened species, mammals	3	350	527
Threatened species, birds Threatened species, fish	0 15	638 1,220	923 2,263
Threatened species, higher plants	0	1,032	2,176
Oceans			
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	0.00	18,438 -0.9	33,549
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	-7.1	2.9	-1.5 2.6
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	100.3	13.0	23.7
Coral reef area (sq. km)			83,900
Mangroves area (sq. km)			15,283
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)		3,157	4,745
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)		5.9	5.3
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)		5,369	9,066
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)		49.8 16.6	60.7 12.0
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)		7.3	11.0
Water and sanitation			
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)		7,850	8,733
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)		7.4	9.8
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	100	47 98	41 100
Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population)	100	96	99
Urban (% of urban population)	100	99	100
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	100	93	99
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	100	89 95	99 100
Environment and health			
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)		19	17
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)		89	62
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five))		
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	4	11	6
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple	tion and		
Gross savings (% of GNI)	••	22.5 16.1	22.2 16.6
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI)	1.0	4.8	4.8
Energy depletion (% of GNI)		0.6	0.3
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)		0.1	0.1
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	••	0.0 1.0	0.0 0.8
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI)		0.1	0.8
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)			

Mongolia

Population (millions) **3.0** Land area (1,000 sq. km) **1,554** GDP (\$ billions) **11.7**

	Country data	East Asia & Pacific group	
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$)	3,870	9,771	2,029
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$)	3,021	7,546	1,767
Urban population (% of total)	72.0	56.6	39.0
Agriculture			
Agricultural land (% land area)	73	49	44
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$)	7.340	1,657	1,614
Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	1,650	4,958	3,185
Forests and biodiversity			
Forest area (% land area)	8.1	26.3	24.3
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	-0.5	-0.2	0.4
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	17.2 11	15.6 918	12.0 1,134
Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds	24	1,097	1,199
Threatened species, fish	2	1,549	2,011
Threatened species, higher plants	0	3,515	3,971
Oceans			
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	0.06	132,587	58,665
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	-11.9	0.9	2.4
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)		6.5 17.0	12.0
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km)	0.0	203,050	5.0 128,580
Mangroves area (sq. km)		67,121	68,563
Energy and emissions			
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)	1,847	2,137	651
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	3.5	7.7	28.5
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	2,027 96.8	3,682 76.4	777 74.9
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)	0.0	15.0	14.9
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	14.5	6.3	1.4
Water and sanitation			
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	11,959	4,529	3,003
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	1.6	11.3	18.4
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	44 64	71 94	88 90
Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population)	59	90	87
Urban (% of urban population)	66	97	94
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	60	77	52
Rural (% of rural population)	43	64	42
Urban (% of urban population)	66	87	67
Environment and health	0.4	4.4	50
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	24 92	44 97	58 99
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five		91	99
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)			
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	22	17	53
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple	tion and	l degradat	
Gross savings (% of GNI)	23.2	39.1	27.6
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	8.5	20.7	9.7
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	4.2 2.0	2.7 0.3	3.0 0.8
Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	6.6	0.3	0.3
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.0	0.4
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	16.0	2.1	2.3
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	0.5	0.3	0.9
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	-6.2	18.1	16.1

Montenegro

Population (thousands) 622 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	13 GE	OP (\$ billions	s) 4.0
	Country data	Europe & Central Asia group	Upper middle- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	7,220 5,832 64.0	24,275 18,328 70.9	8,263 6,302 64.1
Agriculture			
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	17	29	35
Agricultural inflated land (% of lotal agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	11,856 3,452	14,018 3,910	2,208 4,104
Forests and biodiversity			
Forest area (% land area)	61.5 -1.9	38.0 -0.1	34.9 0.0
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	4.1	12.6	15.2
Threatened species, mammals	6	350	1,056
Threatened species, birds	14	638	1,511
Threatened species, fish	32	1,220	2,315
Threatened species, higher plants	2	1,032	6,808
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	2.3	18,438	103,240
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)		-0.9	-0.5
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)		2.9	5.3
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	0.0	13.0	9.9
Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km)			48,880 50,774
Energy and emissions			
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)	1,538	3,157	2,192
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	17.3	5.9	7.3
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	4,612	5,369	3,495
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)	44.8 55.2	49.8 16.6	71.1 21.0
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	3.6	7.3	6.6
Water and sanitation			
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)		7,850	8,261
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	1	7.4 47	6.3 68
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	100	98	95
Rural (% of rural population)	99	96	91
Urban (% of urban population)	100	99	97
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	96	93	80
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	92 98	89 95	67 87
Environment and health			
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	23	19	42
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	100	89	95
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five			
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	 5	 11	19
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple	tion and	l degradat	tion
Gross savings (% of GNI)	7.0	22.5 16.1	36.6 18.0
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI)	11.2	4.8	3.0
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.6	1.1
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.1	0.1	0.4
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.0	0.0
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	1.4	1.0	2.6
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	0.2	0.1	0.3
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)		9.5	17.2



GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 3,030 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 2,531 Urban population (% of total) 60.2 Agriculture Agricultural and (% land area) 69 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) 4,6 Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 5,476 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) 1,454 Forests and biodiversity Forest area (% land area) 12,6 Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15) -0.8 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 33.6 Threatened species, mammals 18 Threatened species, higher plants 15 Threatened species, higher plants 37 Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 1,371 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) -3.8 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 1.3 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 560 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 7.2 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 912 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 5.7 CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) 1.8 Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 855 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 36.0 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 85 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 99 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 99 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 66	Middle East & N. Africa group 8,229 6,251 64.2 33 6,275 2,299 2.1 -0.8 11.7 2244 279 610 290 4,857 2.0 9.4 3.8 15,470 513 2,365 0.6 2,906 96.3 2,6 6.0	2,029 1,767 39.0 44 1,614 3,185 24.3 0.4 12.0 1,134 1,199 2,011 3,971 58,665 2.4 12.0 5.0 0 128,580 68,563
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total) Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 5,476 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, higher plants Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Agriculture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Agriculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Agriculture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Agriculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Agriculture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Agriculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Agriculture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Agriculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Agriculture (sof. km) Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Forest area (sq. km) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Forest area (sq. km) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	6,251 64.2 33 6,275 2,299 2.1 -0.8 11.7 224 279 610 290 4,857 2.0 9,4 3.8 15,470 513 2,365 0.6 2,906 96.3 2,6	2.4 12.0 5.0 128,580 68,563 651 28.5 777 74.9
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 5,476 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds Threatened species, higher plants Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Agriculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Coral reef area (sq. km) Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) For CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation Internal freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Rural (% of rural population) Rural (% of rural population) Rural (% of rural population) For Rural (% of rural population) For Rural (% of rural population) For Rural (% of rural population)	64.2 33 6,275 2,299 2.1 -0.8 11.7 224 279 610 290 4,857 2.0 9,4 3.8 15,470 513 2,365 0,6 2,906 96.3 2,6	39.0 44 1,614 3,185 24.3 0.4 12.0 1,134 1,199 2,011 3,971 58,665 2.4 12.0 5.0 0 128,580 68,563 651 28.5 777 74.9
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 5,476 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Cerestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Agriculture ef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Agriculture (% of total) freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	6,275 2,299 2.11 -0.8 11.7 224 279 610 290 4,857 2.0 9.4 3.8 15,470 513 2,365 0.6 2,906 96.3 2.6	1,614 3,185 24.3 0,4 12.0 1,134 1,199 2,011 3,971 58,665 2,4 12.0 5,0 128,580 68,563 651 28.5 777 74.9
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 5,476 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) Threatened species, birds Threatened species, birds Threatened species, higher plants Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Energy and emissions Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electricity generated using fossil fuel	6,275 2,299 2.11 -0.8 11.7 224 279 610 290 4,857 2.0 9.4 3.8 15,470 513 2,365 0.6 2,906 96.3 2.6	1,614 3,185 24.3 0,4 12.0 1,134 1,199 2,011 3,971 58,665 2,4 12.0 5,0 128,580 68,563 651 28.5 777 74.9
Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	2,299 2.1 -0.8 11.7 224 279 610 290 4,857 2.0 9.4 3.8 15,470 513 2,365 0.6 2,906 96.3 2,6	3,185 24.3 0.4 12.0 1,134 1,199 2,011 3,971 58,665 2.4 12.0 128,580 68,563 651 28.5 777 74.9
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Errerestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 33.6 Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds Threatened species, fish Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Agric fisheries area (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km) Energy and emissions Energy and emissions Energy and emissions Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 5.7 CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) Energy and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Rural (% of rural population) Rural (% of rural population) For Rural (% of rural population) For Rural (% of rural population) For Rural (% of rural population)	-0.8 11.7 224 279 610 290 4,857 2.0 9.4 3.8 15,470 513 2,365 0.6 2,906 96.3 2.6	0.4 12.0 1,134 1,199 2,011 3,971 58,665 2.4 12.0 5.0 128,580 68,563 651 28.5 777 74.9
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Errerestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 33.6 Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds Threatened species, fish Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Agric fisheries area (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km) Energy and emissions Energy and emissions Energy and emissions Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 5.7 CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) Energy and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Rural (% of rural population) Rural (% of rural population) For Rural (% of rural population) For Rural (% of rural population) For Rural (% of rural population)	-0.8 11.7 224 279 610 290 4,857 2.0 9.4 3.8 15,470 513 2,365 0.6 2,906 96.3 2.6	0.4 12.0 1,134 1,199 2,011 3,971 58,665 2.4 12.0 5.0 128,580 68,563 651 28.5 777 74.9
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds Threatened species, birds Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Energy and emissions Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity farenerated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated using fossil fu	11.7 224 279 610 290 4,857 2.0 9.4 3.8 15,470 513 2,365 0.6 2,906 96.3 2.6	12.0 1,134 1,199 2,011 3,971 58,665 2.4 12.0 5.0 128,580 68,563 651 28.5 777 74.9
Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds Threatened species, fish Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Coral reef area (sq. km) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km) Energy and emissions Energy and emissions Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) Solution (% of total freshwater vithdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Rural (% of rural population) Fural (% of rural population) Rural (% of rural population) Fural (% of rural population)	224 279 6100 290 4,857 2.0 9.4 3.8 15,470 513 2,365 0.6 2,906 96.3 2,65	1,134 1,199 2,011 3,971 58,665 2,4 12.0 5.0 128,580 68,563 651 28.5 777 74.9
Threatened species, birds Threatened species, fish Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Agriculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Barrie protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km) Energy and emissions Energy and emissions Energy and emissions Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) Electricity generated withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Rural (% of rural population) Rural (% of rural population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Furban (% of urdan population)	279 610 290 4,857 2.0 9.4 3.8 15,470 513 2,365 0.6 2,906 96.3 2.6	1,199 2,011 3,971 58,665 2.4 12.0 5.0 128,580 68,563 651 28.5 777 74.9
Threatened species, higher plants Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Coral reef area (sq. km) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km) Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) Electricity generated with (metric tons) Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Rural (% of rural population) Rural (% of rural population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Rural (% of rural population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Rural (% of rural population)	290 4,857 2.0 9.4 3.8 15,470 513 2,365 0.6 2,906 96.3 2.6	58,665 2.4 12.0 5.0 128,580 68,563 651 28.5 777 74.9
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Agriculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Energy and emissions Energy and emissions Energy and emissions Energy grom biomass products and waste (% of total) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 912 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 5.7 CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Rural (% of rural population) Rural (% of rural population) For Rural (% of rural population) For Rural (% of rural population) For Rural (% of rural population)	4,857 2.0 9.4 3.8 15,470 513 2,365 0.6 2,906 96.3 2.6	58,665 2.4 12.0 5.0 128,580 68,563 651 28.5 777 74.9
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Agniculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Agniculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Berery erae (sq. km) Energy and emissions Energy and emissions Energy guse per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generate	2.0 9.4 3.8 15,470 513 2,365 0.6 2,906 96.3 2.6	58,665 2.4 12.0 5.0 128,580 68,563 651 28.5 777 74.9 14.9
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Agrine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km) Energy and emissions Energy and emissions Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated with formula (metric tons) Electricity generated with formula (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) Electricity generated with formula (% of total) Electricity generated withdrawal) Solution (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total population) Agriculture (% of total population) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total population) Electricity generated withdrawal (% of total population)	9.4 3.8 15,470 513 2,365 0.6 2,906 96.3 2.6	12.0 5.0 128,580 68,563 651 28.5 777 74.9
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electricity generated using fossil fuel	3.8 15,470 513 2,365 0.6 2,906 96.3 2.6	5.0 128,580 68,563 651 28.5 777 74.9
Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 560 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 7.2 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 912 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 87.6 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 5.7 CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) 1.8 Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 855 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 36.0 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 88 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 85 Rural (% of rural population) 99 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 77 Rural (% of rural population) 66	15,470 513 2,365 0.6 2,906 96.3 2.6	128,580 68,563 651 28.5 777 74.9
Energy and emissions 560	2,365 0.6 2,906 96.3 2.6	68,563 651 28.5 777 74.9
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) E	0.6 2,906 96.3 2.6	28.5 777 74.9
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Flectric power consumption per capita (kWh) Flectric power consumption per capita (kWh) Flectricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Flectricity generated by hydropower (% of total)	0.6 2,906 96.3 2.6	28.5 777 74.9
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 912 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 87.6 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 5.7 CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) 1.8 Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 855 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 36.0 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 88 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 85 Rural (% of rural population) 99 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 77 Rural (% of rural population) 66	96.3 2.6	74.9
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) 1.8 Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Agriculture (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Rural (% of fural population) Rural (% of rural population) Access to improved water source (% of total population) Burban (% of rural population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 77 Rural (% of rural population) 66	2.6	
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) S55 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Rccess to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Jrban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 77 Rural (% of rural population) 66		
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 855 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 36.0 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 88 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 65 Rural (% of rural population) 99 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 77 Rural (% of rural population) 66		1.4
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 88 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 85 Rural (% of rural population) 99 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 77 Rural (% of rural population) 66		2 222
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) 66	555 138.4	3,003 18.4
Access to improved water source (% of total population) 85 Rural (% of rural population) 65 Urban (% of urban population) 99 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 77 Rural (% of rural population) 66	85	88
Urban (% of urban population) 99 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 77 Rural (% of rural population) 66	93	90
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 77 Rural (% of rural population) 66	89	87
Rural (% of rural population) 66	96 91	94 52
	87	42
Urban (% of urban population) 84	93	67
Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 23	61	58
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100	100	99
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five)		
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 28	23	 53
National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and o	degradat	ion
Gross savings (% of GNI) 28.7	24.7	27.6
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 10.0 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 5.2	9.9 5.2	9.7 3.0
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	4.7	0.8
Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.2	0.0	0.3
Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.2		0.4
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) 1.9 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.2	0.1	
Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.2 Adjusted net savings (% of GNI) 21.4		2.3 0.9

Mozambique

Population (millions) 28.0 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	786 GD	P (\$ billions	s) 14.8
	Country data	Sub- Saharan Africa group	Low- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$)	590 423	1,631 1,239	619 497
Urban population (% of total)	32.2	37.7	30.7
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area)	64	42	39
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	332 703	1,219 1,452	504 1,486
Forests and biodiversity			
Forest area (% land area)	48.2	25.7	27.4
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	0.5 17.2	0.5 15.3	0.5 15.2
Threatened species, mammals	14	918	619
Threatened species, birds	29	876	599
Threatened species, fish	67	2,023	1,156
Threatened species, higher plants	84	3,740	1,962
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand matric tops)	288	7,416	3,954
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	13.7	1.8	2.2
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)		17.0	3.1
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	18.0	6.1	3.5
Coral reef area (sq. km)	1,860	17,980	12,520
Mangroves area (sq. km)	2,909	28,061	15,778
Energy and emissions	428	701	
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	77.3	57.4	79.1
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	463	497	10.1
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	8.8	64.3	
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)	91.2	21.2	
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	0.2	8.0	0.3
Water and sanitation	2.005	2.000	4 600
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	3,685 0.9	3,986 3.2	4,629 3.3
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	78	81	90
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	51	68	66
Rural (% of rural population)	37	56	56
Urban (% of urban population)	81	87	87
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	21 10	30 23	28 23
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	42	40	40
Environment and health			
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	20	36	39
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	100	99	99
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five		5	6
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	11 79	14 83	16 76
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple	tion and	degradat	tion
Gross savings (% of GNI)	10.3	14.4	14.7
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	18.7	13.8	10.6
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	5.4 0.2	3.3 1.7	3.2 0.4
Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.2	0.9	1.5
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	2.3	6.6
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	1.0	1.6	1.2
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	1.0	1.2	1.7
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	-5.1	-3.9	-3.8



Population (millions) 53.9 Land area (1,000 sq. km) 653 GDP (\$ billions) 62.6 Lower East Asia middle-Country & Pacific income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 1.160 9.771 2.029 7,546 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 1.029 1.767 Urban population (% of total) 34.1 56.6 39.0 Agriculture 49 44 Agricultural land (% land area) 19 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 1.034 1.657 1.614 3.714 4.958 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) 3.185Forests and biodiversity 24.3 44 5 26.3 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 1.2 -0.20.4 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 7.2 15.6 12.0 48 1.134 918 Threatened species, mammals 48 Threatened species, birds 1.097 1.199 50 1,549 2,011 Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants 61 3,515 3,971 **Oceans** 132.587 58.665 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 2.953 24 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 3.9 0.9 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 16.7 6.5 12.0 0.2 17.0 5.0 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 1 870 203.050 128 580 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 5.029 67.121 68.563 **Energy and emissions** Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 361 2,137 651 7.7 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 56.7 28.5 3.682 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 211 777 74.9 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 37.6 76.4 62.4 15.0 14.9 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 0.2 6.3 1.4 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 18,770 4.529 3.003 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 3.3 11.3 18.4 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 89 71 88 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 81 94 90 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 74 90 87 Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) 93 97 94 80 77 52 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 77 64 42 Rural (% of rural population) 84 87 67 Urban (% of urban population) **Environment and health** 54 44 58 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 97 99 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 50 17 53 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 39.127.6 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 20.7 9.7 0.7 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 2.7 3.0 0.7 0.3 0.8 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.2 0.3 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.1 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.6 0.0 0.4 0.6 2.1 2.3 CO2 damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.8 0.3 0.9 18.1 16.1 Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

Namibia

Population (millions) 2.5 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	823 GD	P (\$ billions	s) 11.5
	Country data	Sub- Saharan Africa group	Upper middle- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$)	5,190	1,631	8,263
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	4,167 46.7	1,239 37.7	6,302 64.1
Agriculture			
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	47	42	35
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$)	3,064	1,219	2,208
Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	589	1,452	4,104
Forests and biodiversity	0.4	25.7	24.0
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	8.4 1.0	25.7 0.5	34.9 0.0
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	37.9	15.3	15.2
Threatened species, mammals	14	918	1,056
Threatened species, birds	28	876	1,511
Threatened species, fish	33	2,023	2,315
Threatened species, higher plants	28	3,740	6,808
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	511	7,416	103,240
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	-1.0	1.8	-0.5
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	16.0	17.0	5.3
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	28.1	6.1	9.9
Coral reef area (sq. km)		17,980	48,880
Mangroves area (sq. km)		28,061	50,774
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)	752	701	2,192
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	12.8	57.4	7.3
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	1,564	497	3,495
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	0.9	64.3	71.1
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)	99.1	21.2	21.0
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	1.3	0.8	6.6
Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	2,564	3,986	8,261
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	4.7	3.2	6.3
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	70	81	68
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	91	68	95
Rural (% of rural population)	85	56	91
Urban (% of urban population)	98 34	87 30	97 80
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population)	17	23	67
Urban (% of urban population)	55	40	87
Environment and health			
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	21	36	42
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	96	99	95
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)) 6 17	5 14	
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	45	83	19
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple	tion and	degradat	
Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	23.1 9.6	14.4 13.8	36.6 18.0
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	8.3	3.3	3.0
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	1.7	1.1
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	1.0	0.9	0.4
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	2.3	0.0
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	0.9	1.6	2.6
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	0.8	1.2	0.3
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	19.2	-3.9	17.2



Population (thousands) 12 Land area (sq. km) 20 GDP (\$ millions) 100.5

	Country data	East Asia & Pacific group	High- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$)	11,850	9,771 7,546	41,932 33,454
Urban population (% of total)	100.0	56.6	81.1
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area)	20	49	36
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$ Cereal yield (kg per hectare)		1,657 4,958	30,017 5,919
Forests and biodiversity	0.0	26.3	28.9
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15)		-0.2	-0.0
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) Threatened species, mammals	0.0	15.6 918	15.7 527
Threatened species, birds	2 11	1,097 1,549	923 2,263
Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	0	3,515	2,176
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	0.53	132,587	33,549
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	2.2	0.9	-1.5
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	0.0	6.5 17.0	2.6 23.7
Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km)		203,050 67,121	83,900 15,283
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)		2,137	4.745
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)		7.7	5.3
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)		3,682 76.4	9,066 60.7
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	4.1	15.0 6.3	12.0 11.0
Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)		4,529	8,733
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)		11.3	9.8
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population)	97	71 94	41 100
Rural (% of rural population)	 97	90 97	99 100
Urban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	66	77	99
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	66	64 87	99 100
Environment and health		44	17
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (μg/cu. m) PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)		97	62
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)			
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	35	17	6
National accounting aggregates—savings, deplo		39.1	22.2
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)		20.7	16.6
Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI)		2.7 0.3	4.8 0.3
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)		0.2 0.0	0.1
Net forest depletion (% of GNI) CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)		2.1	0.8
Air pollution damage (% of GNI) Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)		0.3 18.1	0.1 9.1

Population (millions) 28.5 Land area (1,000 sq. km) 143 GDP (\$ billions) 21 2 South Low-Country Asia income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 730 1.535 619 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 695 1,365 497 Urban population (% of total) 18.6 33.0 30.7 Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area) 29 39 29 7 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) 504 449 1.131 Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 2.748 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) 3.083 1.486 Forests and biodiversity 27.4 25.4 17.5 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 0.5 -0.40.5 22.9 6.6 15.2 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 30 251 619 Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds 36 238 599 1,156 7 383 Threatened species, fish 17 752 1.962 Threatened species, higher plants **Oceans** Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 3.954 69.5 15.171 2.2 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 1.7 1.9 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 8.1 7.3 3.1 0.0 2.3 3.5 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 15.440 12.520 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 10.343 15.778 **Energy and emissions** Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 415 576 79.1 25.6 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 80.4 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 140 707 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 0.0 80.0 99.8 11.6 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 0.2 1.4 0.3 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 7.035 1.152 4.629 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 48 51.6 3.3 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 98 91 90 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 92 92 66 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 92 91 56 Rural (% of rural population) 91 95 87 Urban (% of urban population) 46 45 28 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 44 35 23 Rural (% of rural population) 56 65 40 Urban (% of urban population) **Environment and health** 75 74 39 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 100 100 99 PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 5 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) 6 .. 14 16 Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 36 53 76 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 45.4 31.3 147 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 6.8 10.5 10.6 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 42 2.8 3.2 0.0 0.4 0.4

Energy depletion (% of GNI)

Mineral depletion (% of GNI)

CO2 damage (% of GNI)

Net forest depletion (% of GNI)

Air pollution damage (% of GNI)

Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

0.1

0.3

3.0

1.2

18.6

0.0

1.2

1.1

12

39 2

1.5

6.6

1.2

1.7

-3.8

Netherlands

34 GDP (\$ billions) 750.3 Population (millions) 16.9 Land area (1,000 sq. km) Europe & Central High-Country Asia income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 48.850 24.275 41.932 18,328 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 36,632 33 454 Urban population (% of total) 90.5 70.9 81.1 Agriculture 36 Agricultural land (% land area) 29 5.5 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 79,612 14.018 30.017 9.074 3.910 5.919 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity 28.9 38.0 Forest area (% land area) 112 Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -0.3-0.1-0.0Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 11.6 12.6 15.7 3 350 527 Threatened species, mammals 923 Threatened species, birds 8 638 1,220 2,263 Threatened species, fish 15 1.032 Threatened species, higher plants 0 2.176 **Oceans** 18.438 33.549 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 447 -1.5 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -1.7-0.9Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -1.22.9 2.6 57.7 13.0 23.7 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 83 900 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 15.283 **Energy and emissions** Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 4.326 3.157 4.745 5.9 5.3 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 5.0 6.713 5.369 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 9.066 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 83.0 49.8 60.7 0.1 16.6 12.0 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 10.1 7.3 11.0 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 7.850 8.733 652 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 97.5 7.4 9.8 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 47 41 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 100 100 98 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 100 96 99 Rural (% of rural population) 100 Urban (% of urban population) 100 99 98 93 99 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 100 89 99 Rural (% of rural population) 95 100 Urban (% of urban population) 98 **Environment and health** 15 19 17 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 89 62 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 11 6 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 28.0 222 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 166 161 166 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 4.9 4.8 48 0.4 0.6 0.3 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.10.1 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.0 0.7 1.0 0.8 CO2 damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.1 0.1 0.1 15.1 9.5 9.1 Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

New Caledonia

Population (thousands) 273 Land area (1,000 sq. km) 18 GDP (\$ millions)

	Country data	East Asia & Pacific group	High- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	 70.2	9,771 7,546 56.6	41,932 33,454 81.1
	10.2	30.0	01.1
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area)	10	49	36
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)		 1,657	30,017
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	3,844	4,958	5,919
Forests and biodiversity	45.0	00.0	00.0
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	45.9 0.0	26.3 -0.2	28.9 -0.0
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	54.3	15.6	15.7
Threatened species, mammals	9	918	527
Threatened species, birds	16	1,097	923 2.263
Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	35 286	1,549 3,515	2,263
Oceans			
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	5.3 0.9	132,587 0.9	33,549 -1.5
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	-2.2	6.5	2.6
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	56.6	17.0	23.7
Coral reef area (sq. km)	5,980	203,050	83,900
Mangroves area (sq. km)	227	67,121	15,283
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)		2,137	4,745
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)		7.7	5.3
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)		3,682	9,066
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)		76.4 15.0	60.7 12.0
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	14.7	6.3	11.0
Water and sanitation		4.500	0.700
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)		4,529 11.3	8,733 9.8
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)		71	41
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	99	94	100
Rural (% of rural population)	99 99	90 97	99 100
Urban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	100	77	99
Rural (% of rural population)	100	64	99
Urban (% of urban population)	100	87	100
Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)		44	17
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)		97	62
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five)		
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		 17	6
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple	tion and	degradat	ion
Gross savings (% of GNI)		39.1	22.2
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	0.5	20.7 2.7	16.6 4.8
Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.5	0.3	0.3
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)		0.2	0.1
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)		0.0	0.0
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI)		2.1 0.3	0.8 0.1
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)		18.1	9.1

New Zealand

Population (millions) **4.6** Land area (1,000 sq. km) **263** GDP (\$ billions) **173.8**

	Country data	East Asia & Pacific group	High- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$)	40,020 31,002	9,771 7,546	41,932 33,454
Urban population (% of total)	86.3	56.6	81.1
Agriculture			
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	42 6.3	49	36
Agricultural impacted land (% of octal agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)		1,657 4,958	30,017 5,919
Forests and biodiversity			
Forest area (% land area)	38.6	26.3	28.9
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	-0.0	-0.2	-0.0
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) Threatened species, mammals	32.5 9	15.6 918	15.7 527
Threatened species, manimals Threatened species, birds	67	1,097	923
Threatened species, fish	34	1,549	2,263
Threatened species, higher plants	21	3,515	2,176
Oceans			
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	525 -1.6	132,587 0.9	33,549 -1.5
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	0.4	6.5	-1.5 2.6
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	12.5	17.0	23.7
Coral reef area (sq. km)		203,050	83,900
Mangroves area (sq. km)	261	67,121	15,283
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	4,560 5.6 9,026 20.8 55.9 7.6	2,137 7.7 3,682 76.4 15.0 6.3	4,745 5.3 9,066 60.7 12.0 11.0
Water and sanitation	72,510	4,529	8,733
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	1.6	11.3	9.8
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	62	71	41
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	100	94	100
Rural (% of rural population)	100	90	99
Urban (% of urban population)	100	97 77	100 99
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population)		64	99
Urban (% of urban population)		87	100
Environment and health			
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	6	44	17
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	0	97	62
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five)			
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	6	17	6
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple	tion and	degradat	ion
Gross savings (% of GNI)	20.0	39.1	22.2
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	14.4	20.7	16.6
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	7.4 0.2	2.7 0.3	4.8 0.3
Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.2	0.3	0.3
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.0	0.0
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	0.6	2.1	0.8
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	0.0	0.3	0.1
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	11.8	18.1	9.1

Nicaragua

Population (millions) 6.1 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	120 GI	OP (\$ billions) 12.7
	Country data	Latin America & Caribbean group	
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	1,940 1,815 58.8	7,249	2,029 1,767 39.0
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area)	42	38	44
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	4,877 2,259	 7,188	1,614 3,185
Forests and biodiversity Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	25.9 1.3 37.1 7 15 37 46	0.4 23.3 622 1,011 1,642	24.3 0.4 12.0 1,134 1,199 2,011 3,971
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km)	65.2 4.0 10.6 37.7 710 671	-3.5 7.7 15.5 20,320	58,665 2.4 12.0 5.0 128,580 68,563
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	609 40.7 580 46.1 8.9 0.8	17.1 2,122 43.1 46.5	651 28.5 777 74.9 14.9 1.4
Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	25,973 1.0 77 87 69 99 68 56 77	2.4 71 95 84 97 83	3,003 18.4 88 90 87 94 52 42 67
Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	27 100) 22		58 99 53
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI) CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	24.1 7.2 4.1 0.0 1.5 1.9 1.2	17.7 10.2 4.9 0.9 0.9 0.1 1.1	27.6 9.7 3.0 0.8 0.3 0.4 2.3 0.9
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	16.1	9.4	16.1



Population (millions) 19.9 Land area (1,000 sq. km) 1,267 GDP (\$ billions) 7.1 Sub-Saharan Low-Country Africa income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 390 1.631 619 1,239 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 297 497 37.7 Urban population (% of total) 18.7 30.7 Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area) 35 42 39 0.2 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) 504 Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 584 1.219 448 1.452 1.486 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity 25.7 27.4 0.9 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 1.0 0.5 0.5 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 17.6 15.3 15.2 918 12 619 Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds 876 599 2,023 1,156 4 Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants 3 3.740 1.962 **Oceans** 35.6 7.416 3.954 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 2.2 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 53 1.8 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 22.1 17.0 3.1 0.0 6.1 3.5 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 17.980 12.520 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 28.061 15.778 **Energy and emissions** Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 151 701 79.1 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 73.8 57.4 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 52 497 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 99 4 64.3 0.0 21.2 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 0.1 0.8 0.3 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 3.986 183 4.629 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 28.1 3.2 3.3 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 67 81 90 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 58 68 66 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 56 49 56 Rural (% of rural population) 100 87 87 Urban (% of urban population) 30 28 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 5 23 23 Rural (% of rural population) 38 40 40 Urban (% of urban population) **Environment and health** 36 39 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 63 PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 99 99 Δ 5 6 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) 14 14 16 Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 96 83 76 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 21.7 14.4 147 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 32 13.8 10.6 5.2 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 3.3 32 1.2 1.7 0.4 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.1 0.9 1.5 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 6.6 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 12.0 2.3 1.1 1.6 1.2 CO2 damage (% of GNI) 1.7 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 2.5 1.2

-3.8

Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

7.5

-3.9

Nigeria

Population (millions) 182.2 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	911 GD	P (\$ billions	s) 486.8
	Country data	Sub- Saharan Africa group	Lower middle- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$)	2,790	1,631	2,029
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	2,211 47.8	1,239 37.7	1,767 39.0
Agriculture			
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	78	42	44
Agricultural irrigated fand (% of total agricultural fand) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$)	8,534	1,219	1,614
Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	1,592	1,452	3,185
Forests and biodiversity	7.7	05.7	242
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	7.7 4.1	25.7 0.5	24.3 0.4
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	14.2	15.3	12.0
Threatened species, mammals	29	918	1,134
Threatened species, birds	21	876	1,199
Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	71 197	2,023 3,740	2,011 3,971
	101	0,1 10	
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	1,027	7,416	58,665
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	3.2	1.8	2.4
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	18.2	17.0	12.0
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	0.2	6.1	5.0
Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km)	7,356	17,980 28,061	128,580 68,563
Energy and emissions	,		
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)	759	701	651
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	80.6	57.4	28.5
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	144	497	777
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)	82.4 17.6	64.3 21.2	74.9 14.9
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	0.6	0.8	1.4
Water and sanitation			
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	1,245	3,986	3,003
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	5.9	3.2	18.4
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	54 69	81 68	88 90
Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population)	57	56	87
Urban (% of urban population)	81	87	94
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	29	30	52
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	25 33	23 40	42 67
Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	38	36	58
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	100	99	99
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five		5	
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	10 109	14 83	 53
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple Gross savings (% of GNI)	tion and 16.9	degrada 14.4	27.6
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	10.7	13.8	9.7
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	0.9	3.3	3.0
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	1.6	1.7	0.8
Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.0 1.1	0.9 2.3	0.3
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	0.6	1.6	2.3
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	1.5	1.2	0.9
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	2.3	-3.9	16.1

Northern Mariana Islands

Population (thousands) 55 Land area (sq. km) 460 GDP (\$ millions) 922.0

	Country data	East Asia & Pacific group	High- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$)		9,771 7,546	41,932 33,454
Urban population (% of total)	89.2	56.6	81.1
Agriculture	7	49	36
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)		49	
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)		1,657 4,958	30,017 5,919
Forests and biodiversity	01.1	000	20.0
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	64.1 0.5	26.3 -0.2	28.9 -0.0
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	3.4	15.6	15.7
Threatened species, mammals	4	918	527
Threatened species, birds	16 15	1,097	923
Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	5	1,549 3,515	2,263 2,176
Oceans			
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	1.2 8.7	132,587 0.9	33,549 -1.5
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)		6.5	2.6
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	20.4	17.0	23.7
Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km)	<50 0.07	203,050 67,121	83,900 15,283
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)		2,137 7.7 3,682 76.4 15.0	4,745 5.3 9,066 60.7 12.0
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)		6.3	11.0
Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)		4,529	8,733
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)		11.3	9.8
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)		71	41
Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population)	98 98	94 90	100 99
Urban (% of urban population)	98	97	100
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	80	77	99
Rural (% of rural population)	80 80	64 87	99 100
Urban (% of urban population) Environment and health	80	81	100
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	12	44	17
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	100	97	62
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five)		
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		17	6
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple			
Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)		39.1 20.7	22.2 16.6
Education expenditure (% of GNI)		2.7	4.8
Energy depletion (% of GNI)		0.3	0.3
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)		0.2 0.0	0.1
Net forest depletion (% of GNI) CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)		2.1	0.0
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)		0.3	0.1
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)		18.1	9.1

Norway

		Eurona e	
	Country data	Europe & Central Asia group	High- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	93,530 61,958 80.5	24,275 18,328 70.9	41,932 33,454 81.1
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area)	3	29	36
Agricultural irrigated land (% off total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	2.0	14,018 3,910	30,017 5,919
Forests and biodiversity			
Forest area (% land area)	33.2	38.0	28.9
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	0.0 29.2	-0.1 12.6	-0.0 15.7
Threatened species, mammals	8	350	527
Threatened species, birds	7	638	923
Threatened species, fish	23 3	1,220 1,032	2,263 2,176
Threatened species, higher plants		1,032	
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	3,822	18,438	33,549
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	-1.1	-0.9	-1.5
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	7.1	2.9	2.6
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	60.7	13.0	23.7
Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km)			83,900 15,283
Energy and emissions			
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)	5,596	3,157	4,745
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	5.0	5.9	5.3
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	23,000 2.0	5,369 49.8	9,066 60.7
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)	96.0	16.6	12.0
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	11.7	7.3	11.0
Water and sanitation	74.050	7.050	0.700
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	74,359 0.8	7,850 7.4	8,733 9.8
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	28	47	41
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	100	98	100
Rural (% of rural population)	100	96	99
Urban (% of urban population)	100 98	99 93	100 99
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population)	98	89	99
Urban (% of urban population)	98	95	100
Environment and health			
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	9	19	17
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five	9	89	62
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)	e) 		
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	3	11	6
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple			
Gross savings (% of GNI)	35.1 16.8	22.5 16.1	22.2 16.6
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI)	6.8	4.8	4.8
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	4.0	0.6	0.3
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.1	0.1
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.0 0.5	0.0	0.0 0.8
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	0.0	1.0 0.1	0.8
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)		9.5	9.1

Oman

Population (millions) 4.5 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	310 GD	P (\$ billions	s) 69.8
	Country data	Middle East & N. Africa group	High- income group
GNI per capita, <i>World Bank Atla</i> s method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	16,910 9,962 77.6	8,229 6,251 64.2	41,932 33,454 81.1
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area)	5	33	36
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	5.0 2,549 573	6,275 2,299	30,017 5,919
Forests and biodiversity	0.0	0.1	00.0
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	0.0	2.1 -0.8	28.9 -0.0
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	10.7	11.7	15.7
Threatened species, mammals	10	224	527
Threatened species, birds	13	279	923
Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	31 6	610 290	2,263 2,176
Oceans	0.57	4.057	00.540
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	257 5.2	4,857 2.0	33,549 -1.5
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	5.2	9.4	2.6
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	1.3	3.8	23.7
Coral reef area (sq. km)	530	15,470	83,900
Mangroves area (sq. km)	10.9	513	15,283
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)	5,743	2,365	4,745
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	0.0	0.6	5.3
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	6,128	2,906	9,066
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	100.0	96.3 2.6	60.7 12.0
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	15.7	6.0	11.0
Water and sanitation			
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	330 94.4	555 138.4	8,733
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	88	85	9.8 41
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	93	93	100
Rural (% of rural population)	86	89	99
Urban (% of urban population)	96 97	96 91	100 99
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population)	95	87	99
Urban (% of urban population)	97	93	100
Environment and health		04	4.7
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	53 100	61 100	17 62
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five		100	
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)	·		
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	12	23	6
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple	tion and	l degradat 24.7	tion 22.2
Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	15.6	9.9	16.6
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	4.6	5.2	4.8
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	18.2	4.7	0.3
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.0 0.1	0.1
Net forest depletion (% of GNI) CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	3.2	2.1	0.0
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	0.1	0.2	0.1

Pakistan

Population (millions) 188.9 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	771 GD	s) 271.0	
	Country data	South Asia group	Lower middle- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$)	1,440	1,535	2,029
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	1,435 38.8	1,365 33.0	1,767 39.0
Agriculture			
Agricultural land (% land area)	47 0.1	57	44
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$)		1,131	1,614
Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	2,750	3,083	3,185
Forests and biodiversity	1.0	17.5	242
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	1.9 2.4	17.5 -0.4	24.3 0.4
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	10.8	6.6	12.0
Threatened species, mammals	25	251	1,134
Threatened species, birds Threatened species, fish	32 41	238 383	1,199 2,011
Threatened species, higher plants	12	752	3,971
Oceans	0.40	45 474	F0.005
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	643 -1.5	15,171 1.9	58,665 2.4
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	18.1	7.3	12.0
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	5.6	2.3	5.0
Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km)	977	15,440 10,343	128,580 68,563
Energy and emissions			
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)	486 35.7	576	651 28.5
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	472	25.6 707	26.3 777
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	64.9	80.0	74.9
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)	29.8 0.8	11.6 1.4	14.9 1.4
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	0.0	1.4	
Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	297	1.152	3.003
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	333.6	51.6	18.4
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	94	91	88
Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population)	91 90	92 91	90 87
Urban (% of urban population)	94	95	94
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	64 51	45 35	52 42
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	83	65	67
Environment and health			
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	65	74	58
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five	100	100	99
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)	23		
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	81	53	53
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple Gross savings (% of GNI)	etion and 22.0	degradat 31.3	tion 27.6
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	4.8	10.5	9.7
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	1.9	2.8	3.0
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.6 0.0	0.4 0.1	0.8 0.3
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.0		
Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.2	0.3	0.4
	0.2 1.7 1.5	0.3 3.0 1.2	0.4 2.3 0.9



Population (thousands) 21 Land area (sq. km) 460 GDP (\$ millions) 287.4 Upper East Asia middle-Country & Pacific income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 12.180 9.771 8.263 7,546 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 6,302 87.1 56.6 Urban population (% of total) 64.1 Agriculture 49 Agricultural land (% land area) 35 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) 2,208 Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 3.475 1.657 4.958 4.104 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity 34.9 876 26.3 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -0.1-0.20.0 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 16.0 15.6 15.2 4 918 1.056 Threatened species, mammals 5 Threatened species, birds 1.097 1.511 2,315 1,549 Threatened species, fish 19 Threatened species, higher plants 3,515 6.808 **Oceans** 132.587 103.240 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 0.92 -2.30.9 -0.5 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 18.1 6.5 5.3 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 31.4 17.0 9.9 1.150 203.050 48 880 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 48.5 67.121 50.774 **Energy and emissions** 2,192 Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 2,137 7.7 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 7.3 3.682 3.495 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 76.4 71.1 15.0 21.0 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 10.7 6.3 6.6 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 4.529 8.261 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 11.3 6.3 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 71 68 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 95 94 95 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 90 86 91 Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) 97 97 97 100 77 80 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 100 64 67 Rural (% of rural population) 100 87 87 Urban (% of urban population) **Environment and health** 44 42 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 97 95 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 16 17 19 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 39.136.6 10.0 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 20.7 18.0 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 2.7 3.0 .. 0.3 1.1 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.2 0.4 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.0 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 3.0 2.1 2.6 CO2 damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.3 0.3 17.2 18.1 Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

Panama

Population (millions) 3.9 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	74 GDP (\$ billions		74 GDP (\$ billions)) 52.1
	Country data	Latin America & Caribbean group	Upper middle- income group		
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	11,880 11,297 66.6	8,968 7,249 79.9	8,263 6,302 64.1		
Agriculture					
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	30 1.1	38	35		
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	5,268 2,661		2,208 4,104		
Forests and biodiversity	00.1	40.0	040		
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	62.1 0.4	46.3 0.4	34.9 0.0		
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	20.6	23.3	15.2		
Threatened species, mammals	16	622	1,056		
Threatened species, birds	22	1,011	1,511		
Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	54 208	1,642 5,108	2,315 6,808		
Oceans					
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	151	14,416	103,240		
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	-3.1	-3.5	-0.5		
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	11.5	7.7	5.3		
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	7.4	15.5	9.9		
Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km)	720 1,744	20,320 41,330	48,880 50,774		
Energy and emissions					
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)	1,089	1,337	2,192		
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	8.6	17.1	7.3		
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	2,082 44.2	2,122 43.1	3,495 71.1		
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)	54.2	46.5	21.0		
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	2.7	3.0	6.6		
Water and sanitation					
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	35,320	22,160	8,261		
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	0.8 43	2.4 71	6.3		
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population)	43 95	95	68 95		
Rural (% of rural population)	89	84	91		
Urban (% of urban population)	98	97	97		
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	75	83	80		
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	58 84	64 88	67 87		
Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	13	18	42		
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	91	85	95		
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five)				
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	 17	 18	 19		
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple Gross savings (% of GNI)	35.4	17.7	36.6		
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	7.4	10.2	18.0		
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	2.8	4.9	3.0		
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.9	1.1		
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.1 0.0	0.9 0.1	0.4		
Net forest depletion (% of GNI) CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	0.0	1.1	2.6		
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	0.1	0.2	0.3		
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	30.9	9.4	17.2		

Papua New Guinea

Population (millions) 7.6 Land area (1,000 sq. km) 453 GDP (\$ billions) 16.9 Lower East Asia middle-Country & Pacific income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 2.240 9.771 2.029 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 1,728 7,546 1.767 Urban population (% of total) 13.0 56.6 39.0 Agriculture 3 49 44 Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) .. Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 1.657 1.614 4.660 4.958 3.185 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity 24.3 74.1 26.3 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 0.0 -0.20.4 3.1 15.6 12.0 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 39 918 1.134 Threatened species, mammals 37 Threatened species, birds 1.097 1.199 56 1,549 2,011 Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants 152 3,515 3,971 **Oceans** 132.587 58.665 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 241 24 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 5.2 0.9 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 25.2 6.5 12.0 0.4 17.0 5.0 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 13,840 203.050 128 580 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 4.265 67.121 68.563 **Energy and emissions** Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 2,137 651 7.7 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 28.5 3.682 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 777 74.9 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 76.4 15.0 14.9 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 0.8 6.3 1.4 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 107.321 4.529 3,003 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 0.0 11.3 18.4 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 0 71 88 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 40 94 90 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 33 90 87 Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) 88 97 94 19 77 52 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 13 64 42 Rural (% of rural population) 87 67 Urban (% of urban population) 56 **Environment and health** 14 44 58 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 65 97 99 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 57 17 53 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 39.127.6 8.6 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 20.7 9.7 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 6.9 2.7 3.0 4.2 0.3 0.8 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 9.1 0.2 0.3 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.4 2.3 1.1 2.1 CO2 damage (% of GNI) 0.7 0.3 0.9 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 18.1 16.1 Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

Paraguay

Population (millions) 6.6 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	397 GI	OP (\$ billions) 27.1
	Country data	Latin America & Caribbean group	
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	4,190 3,287 59.7	8,968 7,249 79.9	8,263 6,302 64.1
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area)	55	38	35
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	5,995 3,277	7,188 4,169	2,208 4,104
Forests and biodiversity Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	38.6 1.5 6.5 10 27 0 19	46.3 0.4 23.3 622 1,011 1,642 5,108	34.9 0.0 15.2 1,056 1,511 2,315 6,808
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km)	25.5 -3.3 34.2 0.0	14,416 -3.5 7.7 15.5 20,320 41,330	103,240 -0.5 5.3 9.9 48,880 50,774
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	789 43.2 1,564 0.0 100.0 0.8	1,337 17.1 2,122 43.1 46.5 3.0	2,192 7.3 3,495 71.1 21.0 6.6
Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	17,856 2.1 79 98 95 100 89 78	22,160 2.4 71 95 84 97 83 64 88	8,261 6.3 68 95 91 97 80 67
Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	15 100) 21	18 85 18	42 95 19
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple			ion 36.6
Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI) CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	15.5 12.3 4.9 0.0 0.0 2.3 0.6	0.9 0.1	18.0 3.0 1.1 0.4 0.0 2.6
Air pollution damage (% of GNI) Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	0.3 4.9	0.2 9.4	0.3 17.2



Population (millions) 31.4 Land area (1,000 sq. km) 1,280 GDP (\$ billions) 189.1 Latin Upper America & middle-Country Caribbean income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 6.130 8.968 8.263 7,249 6,302 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 5.030 79.9 Urban population (% of total) 78.6 64.1 Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area) 19 38 35 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) 2,208 Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 3.100 7.188 4.104 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) 4.017 4.169 Forests and biodiversity 34.9 578 463 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 0.2 0.4 0.0 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 31.4 23.3 15.2 53 622 1.056 Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds 120 1.011 1.511 2,315 Threatened species, fish 50 1.642 Threatened species, higher plants 326 5,108 6.808 **Oceans** 14.416 103.240 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 4.930 -0.5 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -5.1-3.5Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 19.1 7.7 5.3 6.8 15.5 9.9 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 20.320 48 880 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 53.1 41.330 50.774 **Energy and emissions** 2,192 Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 768 1.337 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 122 171 7.3 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 1.308 2.122 3.495 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 47.8 43.1 71.1 48.8 46.5 21.0 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 3.0 6.6 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) 1.9 Water and sanitation 52.981 22.160 8.261 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 0.8 2.4 6.3 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 89 71 68 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 87 95 95 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 69 84 91 Rural (% of rural population) 97 91 97 Urban (% of urban population) 76 83 80 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 53 64 67 Rural (% of rural population) 83 88 87 Urban (% of urban population) **Environment and health** 28 18 42 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 95 85 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) 6 .. Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 17 18 19 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 20.4 17.7 36.6 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 94 10.2 18.0 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 3.1 4.9 3.0 0.4 0.9 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 1.1 3.5 0.9 0.4 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.1 1.0 1.1 2.6 CO2 damage (% of GNI) 0.2 0.2 0.3 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 17.2 90 9.4

Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

Philippines

Population (millions) 100.7 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	298 GDP (\$ billions) 292.5		
	Country data	East Asia & Pacific group	Lower middle- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	3,550 3,220 44.4	9,771 7,546 56.6	2,029 1,767 39.0
Agriculture			
Agricultural land (% land area)	42 9.3	49	44
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)		1,657 4,958	1,614 3,185
Forests and biodiversity			
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	27.0 -0.9	26.3 -0.2	24.3 0.4
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	11.0	15.6	12.0
Threatened species, mammals	39	918	1,134
Threatened species, birds Threatened species, fish	89 87	1,097 1,549	1,199 2,011
Threatened species, higher plants	239	3,515	3,971
Oceans	4,503	122 507	E0 66E
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	0.8	132,587 0.9	58,665 2.4
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	5.2	6.5	12.0
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	2.5 25,060	17.0 203,050	5.0 128,580
Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km)	2,565	67,121	68,563
Energy and emissions	404	0.407	054
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	481 17.7	2,137 7.7	651 28.5
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	706	3,682	777
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	74.4	76.4	74.9
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	11.8 1.0	15.0 6.3	14.9 1.4
Water and sanitation	4.000	4.500	0.000
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	4,832 17.0	4,529 11.3	3,003 18.4
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	82	71	88
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	92	94	90
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	90 94	90 97	87 94
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	74	77	52
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	71 78	64 87	42 67
Environment and health			
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	23	44	58
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five	100	97 	99
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	, 8 28	 17	 53
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple			
Gross savings (% of GNI)	35.5	39.1	27.6
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	7.4 1.8	20.7 2.7	9.7 3.0
Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.1	0.3	0.8
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.7	0.2	0.3
Net forest depletion (% of GNI) CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	0.2 0.9	0.0 2.1	0.4 2.3
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	0.4	0.3	0.9
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	27.6	18.1	16.1

Poland

306 GDP (\$ billions) 477 1 Population (millions) 38.0 Land area (1,000 sq. km) Europe & Central High-Country Asia income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 13.310 24.275 41.932 18,328 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 10,617 33 454 Urban population (% of total) 60.5 70.9 81.1 Agriculture 47 36 Agricultural land (% land area) 29 05 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 4.539 14.018 30.017 4.268 3.910 5.919 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity 28.9 30.8 38.0 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -0.3-0.1-0.0Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 30.0 12.6 15.7 5 350 527 Threatened species, mammals 923 Threatened species, birds 11 638 1,220 2,263 Threatened species, fish 8 1.032 Threatened species, higher plants 10 2.176 **Oceans** 18.438 33.549 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 242 -1.5 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -n 4 -0.9Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 0.2 2.9 2.6 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 52.7 13.0 23.7 83 900 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 15.283 **Energy and emissions** 2,473 Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 3.157 4.745 5.9 5.3 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 8.7 3.972 5.369 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 9.066 49.8 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 87.4 60.7 1.4 16.6 12.0 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 7.9 7.3 11.0 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 7.850 8.733 1.410 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 21.4 7.4 9.8 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 10 47 41 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 100 98 98 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 97 96 99 Rural (% of rural population) 100 Urban (% of urban population) 99 99 97 93 99 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 97 89 99 Rural (% of rural population) 98 95 100 Urban (% of urban population) **Environment and health** 24 19 17 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 89 62 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 11 6 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 20.4 222 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 11.9 161 166 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 48 4.8 48 0.1 0.6 0.3 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.2 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.1 0.1 0.0 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.1 2.0 1.0 0.8 CO2 damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.2 0.1 0.1 9.5 109 9 1 Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

<u>Portugal</u>

Population (millions) 10.4 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	92 GE	OP (\$ billions	199.1
	Country data	Europe & Central Asia group	High- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	20,470 15,454 63.5	24,275 18,328 70.9	41,932 33,454 81.1
Agriculture	40	00	20
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	40 12.9	29	36
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	10,421 4,416	14,018 3,910	30,017 5,919
Forests and biodiversity			
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	34.7 0.3	38.0 -0.1	28.9 -0.0
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	22.1	12.6	15.7
Threatened species, mammals	13	350	527
Threatened species, birds	12 63	638	923
Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	81	1,220 1,032	2,263 2,176
Oceans Total fishering production (thousand metric tons)	199	10 // 20	33,549
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	-0.1	18,438 -0.9	-1.5
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	1.4	2.9	2.6
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	5.5	13.0	23.7
Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km)			83,900 15,283
Energy and emissions	0.005	2.457	4.745
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	2,035 14.2	3,157 5.9	4,745 5.3
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	4,663	5,369	9,066
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	38.8	49.8	60.7
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	30.0 4.4	16.6 7.3	12.0 11.0
Water and sanitation	2.052	7.050	0.700
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	3,653 24.1	7,850 7.4	8,733 9.8
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	79	47	41
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	100	98	100
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	100 100	96 99	99 100
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	100	93	99
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	100 100	89 95	99 100
Environment and health			
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	10 24	19 89	17 62
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five			
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	, 4	 11	6
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple			ion
Gross savings (% of GNI)	15.0 17.6	22.5 16.1	22.2 16.6
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI)	5.1	4.8	4.8
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.6	0.3
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.1	0.1	0.1
Net forest depletion (% of GNI) CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	0.0 0.7	0.0 1.0	0.0 0.8
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	0.1	0.1	0.1
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	1.7	9.5	9.1

Puerto Rico

103 1 Population (millions) 3.5 Land area (1,000 sq. km) 8.9 GDP (\$ billions) Latin America & High-Country Caribbean income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 19.320 8.968 41.932 7,249 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 33 454 93.6 79.9 Urban population (% of total) 81.1 Agriculture 36 Agricultural land (% land area) 38 10.7 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 56,824 7.188 30.017 1.902 5.919 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) 4.169 Forests and biodiversity 28.9 55 9 463 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -0.60.4 -0.0Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 10.3 23.3 15.7 2 622 527 Threatened species, mammals 923 Threatened species, birds 8 1.011 30 2,263 Threatened species, fish 1.642 Threatened species, higher plants 57 5,108 2.176 **Oceans** 14.416 33.549 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 1.1 -1.5 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -8.5-3.5Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -12.77.7 2.6 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 1.8 15.5 23.7 480 20.320 83 900 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 73.9 41.330 15.283 **Energy and emissions** Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 1.337 4.745 5.3 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 17.1 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 2.122 9.066 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 43.1 60.7 46.5 12.0 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 3.0 11.0 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 2.009 22.160 8.733 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 58.5 2.4 9.8 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 2 71 41 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 100 95 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 84 99 Rural (% of rural population) .. 97 100 Urban (% of urban population) 99 83 99 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 99 64 99 Rural (% of rural population) 99 88 100 Urban (% of urban population) **Environment and health** 18 17 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 18 PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 85 62 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 18 6 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 22.2 13.7 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 10.2 16.6 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 8.9 4.9 48 0.0 0.9 0.3 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.9 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.1 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.1 0.0 1.1 0.8 CO2 damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.2 0.1 9.4 9 1 Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

Qatar

Population (millions) 2.2 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	12 GDP (\$ billions)		
	Country data	Middle East & N. Africa group	High- income group
GNI per capita, <i>World Bank Atla</i> s method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	83,990 59,969 99.2	8,229 6,251 64.2	41,932 33,454 81.1
Agriculture	6	33	36
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)			
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	33,402 3,724	6,275 2,299	30,017 5,919
Forests and biodiversity	0.0	0.4	00.0
Forest area (% land area)	0.0	2.1 -0.8	28.9 -0.0
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	3.2	11.7	15.7
Threatened species, mammals	2	224	527
Threatened species, birds	8	279	923
Threatened species, fish	13	610	2,263
Threatened species, higher plants	0	290	2,176
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	15.2	4,857	33,549
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	5.2	2.0	-1.5
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)		9.4	2.6
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	1.6	3.8	23.7
Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km)	700 12.3	15,470 513	83,900 15,283
-	12.0	515	10,200
Energy and emissions	20,292	2,365	4,745
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	0.0	0.6	5.3
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	16,736	2,906	9,066
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	100.0	96.3	60.7
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)	0.0	2.6	12.0
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	40.5	6.0	11.0
Water and sanitation	0.0		0.700
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	26 792.9	555 138.4	8,733 9.8
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	192.9	136.4	9.0
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	100	93	100
Rural (% of rural population)	100	89	99
Urban (% of urban population)	100	96	100
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	98	91	99
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	98 98	87 93	99 100
Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	107	61	17
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	100	100	62
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five)			
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)			
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	8	23	6
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple			
Gross savings (% of GNI)	47.6 14.3	24.7 9.9	22.2 16.6
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI)	2.5	5.2	4.8
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	2.5	4.7	0.3
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.0	0.1
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.1	0.0
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	1.5	2.1	0.8
Adjusted not savings (% of GNI)	0.0 31.8	0.2 12.9	0.1 9.1
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	31.6	12.9	9.1

Romania

Population (millions) 19.8 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	230 GDP (\$ billions) 178.0
	Country data	Europe & Central Asia group	Upper middle- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	9,510 7,041 54.6	18,328	8,263 6,302 64.1
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area)	60	29	35
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	1.0		
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	15,124 4,069	,	2,208 4,104
Forests and biodiversity	00.0	20.0	240
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	29.8 -0.5		34.9 0.0
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	23.8		15.2
Threatened species, mammals	8		1,056
Threatened species, birds Threatened species, fish	18 22		1,511 2,315
Threatened species, higher plants	5		6,808
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	20.3	18.438	103,240
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	1.6	-,	-0.5
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	0.8		5.3
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km)	42.8		9.9 48,880
Mangroves area (sq. km)			50,774
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)	1,592	3,157	2,192
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	12.2	5.9	7.3
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	2,584		3,495
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)	40.5 28.8		71.1 21.0
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	3.5		6.6
Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	2,129	7,850	8,261
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	15.1	7.4	6.3
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	18		68
Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population)	100 100		95 91
Urban (% of urban population)	100	99	97
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	79	93	80
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	63 92		67 87
Environment and health	20	10	40
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	20 100		42 95
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five			
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	 11	 11	 19
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple	tion and	l degradat	ion
Gross savings (% of GNI)	25.1	22.5	36.6
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI)	19.1 2.8		18.0 3.0
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.6		1.1
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.0		0.4
Net forest depletion (% of GNI) CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	0.0 1.2		0.0 2.6
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	0.3	0.1	0.3
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	6.7	9.5	17.2

Russian Federation

Population (millions) 144.1 Land area (1,000 sq. km) 16,377 GDP (\$ billions) 1,365.9

	Country data	Europe & Central Asia group	Upper middle- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$)	11,720 7,315	24,275 18,328	8,263 6,302
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	74.0	70.9	64.1
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area)	13	29	35
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	11,540 2,444	14,018 3,910	2,208 4,104
Forests and biodiversity	40.0	20.0	34.9
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	49.8 -0.0	38.0 -0.1	0.0
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	11.4	12.6	15.2
Threatened species, mammals	32	350	1,056
Threatened species, birds	54	638	1,511
Threatened species, fish	39	1,220	2,315
Threatened species, higher plants	56	1,032	6,808
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	4,617	18,438	103,240
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	0.7	-0.9	-0.5
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	4.7	2.9	5.3
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	11.5	13.0	9.9
Coral reef area (sq. km)			48,880
Mangroves area (sq. km)			50,774
Energy and emissions	4,943	2 157	2 102
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	1.0	3,157 5.9	2,192 7.3
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	6,603	5,369	3,495
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	66.1	49.8	71.1
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)	16.5	16.6	21.0
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	12.5	7.3	6.6
Water and sanitation	00.000	7.050	0.004
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	29,982 1.4	7,850 7.4	8,261 6.3
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	20	47	68
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	97	98	95
Rural (% of rural population)	91	96	91
Urban (% of urban population)	99	99	97
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	72	93	80
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	59 77	89 95	67 87
Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	17	19	42
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	90	89	95
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five)		
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)			
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	10	11	19
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple			ion
Gross savings (% of GNI)	26.6 11.8	22.5 16.1	36.6 18.0
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI)	3.9	4.8	3.0
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	4.9	0.6	1.1
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.5	0.1	0.4
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.0	0.0
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	3.9	1.0	2.6
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	0.4	0.1	0.3
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	9.0	9.5	17.2

Rwanda

Population (millions) 11.6 Land area (1,000 sq. km) 25 GDP (\$ billions) Sub-Saharan Low-Country Africa income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 700 1.631 619 1,239 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 536 497 37.7 Urban population (% of total) 28.8 30.7 Agriculture 73 39 Agricultural land (% land area) 42 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) 471 504 Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 1.219 1.981 1.452 1.486 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity 25.7 27.4 195 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -2.2 0.5 0.5 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 9.4 15.3 15.2 24 918 619 Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds 16 876 599 2,023 1,156 Threatened species, fish q Threatened species, higher plants 3.740 1.962 **Oceans** 34 2 7.416 3.954 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 2.2 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 103 1.8 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 21.2 17.0 3.1 0.0 6.1 3.5 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 17,980 12.520 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 28.061 15.778 **Energy and emissions** Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 701 79.1 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 57.4 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 497 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 64.3 21.2 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 0.1 0.8 0.3 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 3.986 4,629 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 838 1.6 3.2 3.3 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 68 81 90 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 76 68 66 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 56 72 56 Rural (% of rural population) 87 Urban (% of urban population) 87 87 62 30 28 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 63 23 23 Rural (% of rural population) 59 40 40 Urban (% of urban population) **Environment and health** 50 36 39 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 99 99 5 6 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) 6 12 14 16 Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 42 83 76 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 14.4 14.4 147 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 13.8 13.8 10.6 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 4.3 3.3 32 0.0 1.7 0.4 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.9 1.5 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 2.3 6.6 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 6.3 0.3 1.6 1.2 CO2 damage (% of GNI) 1.7 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 1.7 1.2 -3.9 -0.2-3.8Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

Samoa

Population (thousands) 193 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	2.8 GE	P (\$ million	s) 761.0
	Country data	East Asia & Pacific group	Lower middle- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	3,930 3,431 19.1	9,771 7,546 56.6	2,029 1,767 39.0
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area)	12	49	44
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	4,082 	1,657 4,958	1,614 3,185
Forests and biodiversity Forest area (% land area)	60.4	26.3	24.3
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	0.0	-0.2	0.4
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	6.8	15.6	12.0
Threatened species, mammals	2	918	1,134
Threatened species, birds	6	1,097	1,199
Threatened species, fish	16	1,549	2,011
Threatened species, higher plants	2	3,515	3,971
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	8.7	132,587	58,665
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	0.1	0.9	2.4
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)		6.5	12.0
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	1.1	17.0	5.0
Coral reef area (sq. km)	490	203,050	128,580
Mangroves area (sq. km)	3.7	67,121	68,563
Energy and emissions		2,137	651
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)		7.7	28.5
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)		3,682	777
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)		76.4	74.9
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)		15.0	14.9
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	1.3	6.3	1.4
Water and sanitation		4 500	2 002
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)		4,529 11.3	3,003 18.4
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)		71	88
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	99	94	90
Rural (% of rural population)	99	90	87
Urban (% of urban population)	98	97	94
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	92	77	52
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	91 93	64 87	42 67
Environment and health	4	44	58
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	0	97	99
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five			
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)			
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	18	17	53
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple	tion and	degradat	ion
Gross savings (% of GNI)		39.1	27.6
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	9.9 4.2	20.7	9.7 3.0
Education expanditure (0/ of CNI)	0.0	2.7 0.3	3.0 0.8
		0.3	
Energy depletion (% of GNI)		0.2	U 3
Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.2	0.3
Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI)		0.2 0.0 2.1	
Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.0	0.4

San Marino

60 GDP (\$ billions) Population (thousands) 32 Land area (sq. km) Europe & Central High-Country Asia income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 24.275 41.932 18,328 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 33 454 94.2 Urban population (% of total) 70.9 81.1 Agriculture 17 29 36 Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) 14.018 Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 30.017 3.910 5.919 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity 28.9 0.0 38.0 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -0.1-0.0Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 0.0 12.6 15.7 350 527 0 Threatened species, mammals 923 Threatened species, birds 638 1,220 2,263 Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants 0 1,032 2.176 **Oceans** 18.438 33.549 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) -1.5 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -0.9Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 2.9 2.6 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 0.0 13.0 23.7 83 900 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 15.283 **Energy and emissions** Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 3.157 4.745 5.9 5.3 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 5.369 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 9.066 49.8 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 60.7 16.6 12.0 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 7.3 11.0 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 7,850 8.733 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 7.4 9.8 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 47 41 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 98 100 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 96 99 Rural (% of rural population) 100 Urban (% of urban population) 99 93 99 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 89 99 Rural (% of rural population) 95 100 Urban (% of urban population) .. **Environment and health** 19 17 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 89 62 .. Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 3 11 6 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 222 .. Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 161 166 3.6 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 4.8 48 0.6 0.3 Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.1 0.1 .. Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 1.0 0.8 CO2 damage (% of GNI)

0.1

9.1

0.1

9.5

Air pollution damage (% of GNI)

Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

São Tomé and Principe

Population (thousands) 190 Land area (sq. km)	960 GDP (\$ millions)		s) 317.7
	Country data	Sub- Saharan Africa group	Lower middle- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	1,760 820 65.1	1,631 1,239 37.7	2,029 1,767 39.0
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area)	51	42	44
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	684 2,100	1,219 1,452	1,614 3,185
Forests and biodiversity Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	55.8 0.3 0.0 5 13 25 38	25.7 0.5 15.3 918 876 2,023 3,740	24.3 0.4 12.0 1,134 1,199 2,011 3,971
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km)	11.4 7.8 0.0 	7,416 1.8 17.0 6.1 17,980 28,061	58,665 2.4 12.0 5.0 128,580 68,563
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)		701 57.4 497 64.3 21.2 0.8	651 28.5 777 74.9 14.9
Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	11,699 0.3 97 94 99 35 23 41	3,986 3.2 81 68 56 87 30 23 40	3,003 18.4 88 90 87 94 52 42 67
Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	14 100) 9 16 47	36 99 5 14 83	58 99 53
National accounting aggregates—savings, deplet Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI) CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI) Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	50.1 3.5 0.0 0.0 0.0 1.2 1.6	14.4 13.8 3.3 1.7 0.9 2.3 1.6 1.2 -3.9	27.6 9.7 3.0 0.8 0.3 0.4 2.3 0.9 16.1

Saudi Arabia

Population (millions) 31.5 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	2,150 GE	P (\$ billions	646.0
	Country data	Middle East & N. Africa group	High- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$)	23,550	8,229	41,932
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$)	17,439	6,251	33,454
Urban population (% of total)	83.1	64.2	81.1
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area)	81	33	36
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 S Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	\$) 33,368 3,640	6,275 2,299	30,017 5,919
Forests and biodiversity Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds	0.5	2.1	28.9
	0.0	-0.8	-0.0
	31.3	11.7	15.7
	10	224	527
	18	279	923
Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	35	610	2,263
	3	290	2,176
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km)	98.1	4,857	33,549
	2.2	2.0	-1.5
	11.3	9.4	2.6
	3.4	3.8	23.7
	6,660	15,470	83,900
	204	513	15,283
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	6,913	2,365	4,745
	0.0	0.6	5.3
	9,411	2,906	9,066
	100.0	96.3	60.7
	0.0	2.6	12.0
	17.9	6.0	11.0
Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	78 986.3 88 97 97 97 100 100	555 138.4 85 93 89 96 91 87 93	8,733 9.8 41 100 99 100 99 99
Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under fiv Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		61 100 23	17 62 6
National accounting aggregates—savings, depi	25.1	24.7	22.2
Gross savings (% of GNI)	9.2	9.9	16.6
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	7.2	5.2	4.8
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	7.6	4.7	0.3
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.0	0.1
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.1	0.0
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	2.6	2.1	0.8
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	0.1	0.2	0.1
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	12.7	12.9	9.1

Senegal

Population (millions) 15.1 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	193 GD	s) 13.6	
	Country data	Sub- Saharan Africa group	Low- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$)	980	1,631	619
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	754 43.7	1,239 37.7	497 30.7
Agriculture	40	40	20
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	46	42	39
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	513 1,110	1,219 1,452	504 1,486
Forests and biodiversity			
Forest area (% land area)	43.0	25.7	27.4
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	0.5 25.2	0.5 15.3	0.5 15.2
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) Threatened species, mammals	17	918	619
Threatened species, birds	16	876	599
Threatened species, fish	55	2,023	1,156
Threatened species, higher plants	12	3,740	1,962
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	427	7,416	3,954
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	-0.2	1.8	2.2
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	17.8	17.0	3.1
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	14.4	6.1 17,980	3.5 12,520
Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km)	1,279	28,061	15,778
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	270 45.2 222 87.8 8.7 0.6	701 57.4 497 64.3 21.2 0.8	79.1 0.3
Water and sanitation			
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	1,758	3,986	4,629
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	8.6	3.2	3.3
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	93 79	81 68	90 66
Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population)	67	56	56
Urban (% of urban population)	93	87	87
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	48	30	28
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	34 65	23 40	23 40
Environment and health			
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (μg/cu. m)	38	36	39
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	100	99 5	99 6
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)	19	14	16
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	47	83	76
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple	tion and	degradat	tion 14.7
Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	17.4	13.8	14.7
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	5.2	3.3	3.2
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	1.7	0.4
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	1.2	0.9	1.5
	0.0		
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	2.3	6.6 1.2
	0.0 2.2 0.9	2.3 1.6 1.2	6.6 1.2 1.7

Serbia

Population (millions) 7.1 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	87 GDP (\$ billions) 3		37.2
	Country data	Europe & Central Asia group	Upper middle- income group
GNI per capita, <i>World Bank Atlas</i> method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	5,540 4,153 55.6	24,275 18,328 70.9	8,263 6,302 64.1
Agriculture			
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	40 1.3	29	35
Agricultural impacted land (% of local agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	6,578 5,963	14,018 3,910	2,208 4,104
Forests and biodiversity			
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	31.1 -0.6	38.0 -0.1	34.9 0.0
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	6.8	12.6	15.2
Threatened species, mammals	6	350	1,056
Threatened species, birds	13	638	1,511
Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	15 5	1,220 1,032	2,315 6,808
Oceans			
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	10.5	18,438	103,240
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)		-0.9 2.9	-0.5 5.3
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	0.0	13.0	9.9
Coral reef area (sq. km)			48,880
Mangroves area (sq. km)			50,774
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)	1,859	3,157	2,192
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	7.9	5.9	7.3
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	4,272	5,369	3,495
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	67.0	49.8 16.6	71.1
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	32.9 6.3	7.3	21.0 6.6
Water and sanitation			
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	1,179	7,850	8,261
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	49.4 3	7.4 47	6.3 68
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	99	98	95
Rural (% of rural population)	99	96	91
Urban (% of urban population)	99	99	97
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population)	96 94	93 89	80 67
Urban (% of urban population)	98	95	87
Environment and health	0.1	10	40
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	21 100	19 89	42 95
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five			
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)	, 7	11	19
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)			
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple Gross savings (% of GNI)	tion and 14.9	l degradat 22.5	i on 36.6
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	16.2	16.1	18.0
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	4.5	4.8	3.0
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.1	0.6	1.1
Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.3	0.1 0.0	0.4
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	2.9	1.0	2.6
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	0.4	0.1	0.3

Seychelles

Population (thousands) 93 Land area (sq. km)	460 GDP (\$ billions)		
	Country data	Sub- Saharan Africa group	High- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	14,680 10,951 53.9	1,631 1,239 37.7	41,932 33,454 81.1
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	3	42	36
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	866	1,219 1,452	30,017 5,919
Forests and biodiversity			
Forest area (% land area)	88.4 0.0	25.7 0.5	28.9 -0.0
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	42.1	15.3	15.7
Threatened species, mammals	6	918	527
Threatened species, birds	11	876	923
Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	21 62	2,023 3,740	2,263 2,176
Oceans			
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	103	7,416	33,549
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	7.9	1.8	-1.5
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	-42.7 1.0	17.0 6.1	2.6 23.7
Coral reef area (sq. km)	1,690	17,980	83,900
Mangroves area (sq. km)	32.3	28,061	15,283
Energy and emissions			
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)		701	4,745
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)		57.4 497	5.3 9.066
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)		64.3	60.7
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)		21.2	12.0
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	7.2	8.0	11.0
Water and sanitation		2.000	0.700
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)		3,986 3.2	8,733 9.8
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	7	81	41
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	96	68	100
Rural (% of rural population)	96	56	99
Urban (% of urban population)	96	87	100
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	98 98	30 23	99 99
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	98	40	100
Environment and health			
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	13	36	17
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	100	99	62
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five))	5 14	
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	14	83	6
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple			tion
Gross savings (% of GNI)	17.4 15.1	14.4 13.8	22.2 16.6
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI)	3.5	3.3	4.8
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	1.7	0.3
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.9	0.1
		2.2	0.0
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	2.3	
	1.4	1.6 1.2	0.8 0.1

Sierra Leone

Population (millions) 6.5 Land area (1,000 sq. km) 72 GDP (\$ billions) 4.2 Sub-Saharan Low-Country Africa income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 620 1.631 619 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 528 1,239 497 37.7 Urban population (% of total) 39.9 30.7 Agriculture 39 Agricultural land (% land area) 42 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) 504 Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 1.146 1.219 1.452 1.486 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) 1.842 Forests and biodiversity 25.7 27.4 42 2 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -0.30.5 0.5 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 10.9 15.3 15.2 22 918 619 Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds 15 876 599 1,156 56 2,023 Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants 65 3.740 1.962 **Oceans** 7.416 3.954 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 202 2.2 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 6.9 1.8 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 6.3 17.0 3.1 7.8 6.1 3.5 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 17.980 12.520 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 1.049 28.061 15.778 **Energy and emissions** Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 701 79.1 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 57.4 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 497 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 64.3 21.2 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 0.2 0.8 0.3 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 25.334 3.986 4.629 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 0.1 3.2 3.3 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 22 81 90 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 63 68 66 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 56 48 56 Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) 85 87 87 13 30 28 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 7 23 23 Rural (% of rural population) 23 40 40 Urban (% of urban population) **Environment and health** 36 39 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 19 PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 99 99 5 5 6 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) 11 14 16 Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 120 83 76 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 6.3 14.4 147 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 10.1 13.8 10.6 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 28 3.3 32 0.0 1.7 0.4 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 2.3 0.9 1.5 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 10.0 2.3 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 6.6 0.7 1.6 1.2 CO2 damage (% of GNI) 1.7 22 1.2 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) -3.9 -94-3.8Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

Singapore

5.5 Land area (sq. km) Population (millions) 709 GDP (\$ billions) 292 7 East Asia High-& Pacific Country income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 52.090 9.771 41.932 42,930 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 7,546 33 454 56.6 Urban population (% of total) 100.0 81.1 Agriculture 49 36 Agricultural land (% land area) 1 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 103,264 1.657 30.017 4.958 5.919 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity 28.9 23.1 26.3 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 0.0 -0.2-0.05.8 15.6 15.7 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 13 527 918 Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds 17 1.097 923 27 1,549 2,263 Threatened species, fish 58 3,515 2.176 Threatened species, higher plants **Oceans** 33.549 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 7.7 132.587 -1.5 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -9.20.9 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 1.6 6.5 2.6 1.5 17.0 23.7 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) <100 203.050 83 900 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 46 67.121 15.283 **Energy and emissions** Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 5.122 2,137 4.745 7.7 5.3 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 25 8.845 3.682 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 9.066 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 97.1 76.4 60.7 0.0 15.0 12.0 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 9.4 6.3 11.0 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 4.529 110 8.733 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 31.7 11.3 9.8 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 71 41 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 4 100 100 94 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 90 99 Rural (% of rural population) 100 100 97 Urban (% of urban population) 77 99 100 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 64 99 Rural (% of rural population) 100 87 100 Urban (% of urban population) **Environment and health** 44 17 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 19 PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 97 100 62 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 3 17 6 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 48 4 39.122.2 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 148 20.7 16.6 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 2.8 2.7 48 0.0 0.3 0.3 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.2 0.1 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.0 0.6 2.1 0.8 CO2 damage (% of GNI) 0.1 0.3 0.1 Air pollution damage (% of GNI)

Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

35.6

18.1

9.1

Sint Maarten (Dutch part)

Population (thousands) 39 Land area (sq. km) 34 GDP (\$ millions)

	Country data	Latin America & Caribbean group	
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$)		8,968	41,932
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	100.0	7,249 79.9	33,454 81.1
Agriculture			
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)		38	36
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$		7,188	30,017
Cereal yield (kg per hectare)		4,169	5,919
Forests and biodiversity		46.3	28.9
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15)		46.3	-0.0
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)		23.3	15.7
Threatened species, mammals	2		527
Threatened species, birds	29	. , -	923
Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants		9 1,642 2 5,108	2,263 2,176
Oceans			
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	0.25		33,549
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)		3.5 7.7	-1.5 2.6
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)		15.5	23.7
Coral reef area (sq. km)		20,320	83,900
Mangroves area (sq. km)		41,330	15,283
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)		1,337	4,745
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)		. 17.1	5.3
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)		. 2,122	9,066
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)		. 43.1	60.7
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	20.8	46.5 3 3.0	12.0 11.0
Water and sanitation			
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)		. 22,160	8,733
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)		. 2.4 . 71	9.8 41
Access to improved water source (% of total population)		95	100
Rural (% of rural population)		. 84	99
Urban (% of urban population)		. 97	100
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)		. 83 . 64	99 99
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)		. 64 88	100
Environment and health			
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)		. 18	17
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under fiv		85	62
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)			
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		. 18	6
National accounting aggregates—savings, depl		477	ion
Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)		. 17.7 . 10.2	22.2 16.6
Education expenditure (% of GNI)		. 4.9	4.8
Energy depletion (% of GNI)			0.3
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)		0.4	0.1
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)		4.4	0.0 0.8
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)			
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)		. 0.2	0.1

Slovak Republic

Population (millions)	5.4 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	48 GDP (\$ billions)		ea (1,000 sq. km) 48 GDP (\$ billions)	87.3
		Country data	Europe & Central Asia group	High- income group	
GNI per capita, World a Adjusted net national i Urban population (% o	income per capita (\$)	17,570 12,531 53.6	24,275 18,328 70.9	41,932 33,454 81.1	
Agriculture Agricultural land (% la	nd area)	40	29	36	
Agricultural irrigated la	and (% of total agricultural land)	0.9			
Cereal yield (kg per he	y, value added per worker (2010 \$) ctare)	19,241 6,039	14,018 3,910	30,017 5,919	
Forests and biodive		40.3	38.0	28.9	
Forest area (% land are Deforestation (avg. an		-0.1	-0.1	-0.0	
Terrestrial protected a	reas (% of total land area)	36.6	12.6	15.7	
Threatened species, m Threatened species, bi		4 11	350 638	527 923	
Threatened species, fi		5	1,220	2,263	
Threatened species, hi		7	1,032	2,176	
Oceans Total fisheries product	ion (thousand metric tons)	3.2	18,438	33,549	
	owth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	2.5	-0.9	-1.5	
	(avg. annual %, 2000–15)	2.3 0.0	2.9 13.0	2.6 23.7	
Coral reef area (sq. km	s (% of territorial waters)	0.0	13.0	83,900	
Mangroves area (sq. ki				15,283	
Energy and emission		2,943	3,157	4.745	
Energy use per capita Energy from biomass r	oroducts and waste (% of total)	7.2	5.9	5.3	
Electric power consum	ption per capita (kWh)	5,137	5,369	9,066	
	sing fossil fuel (% of total) y hydropower (% of total)	19.4 15.5	49.8 16.6	60.7 12.0	
CO ₂ emissions per cap		6.2	7.3	11.0	
Water and sanitation		0.205	7.050	0.700	
	ources per capita (cu. m) rawal (% of internal resources)	2,325 4.4	7,850 7.4	8,733 9.8	
	tal freshwater withdrawal)	4	47	41	
Access to improved wa	ater source (% of total population)	100	98	100	
Rural (% of rural pop Urban (% of urban p		100 100	96 99	99 100	
	initation (% of total population)	99	93	99	
Rural (% of rural pop Urban (% of urban p		98 99	89 95	99 100	
Environment and he					
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean	annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	21	19	17	
	p. exceeding WHO guideline level)	100	89	62	
	revalence (% of children under five) % of children under five))			
	te (per 1,000 live births)	7	11	6	
National accounting	g aggregates—savings, deple	tion and	degradat 22.5	ion 22.2	
Consumption of fixed		20.8	16.1	16.6	
Education expenditure	(% of GNI)	3.8	4.8	4.8	
Energy depletion (% of		0.0	0.6 0.1	0.3 0.1	
Mineral depletion (% o Net forest depletion (%		0.0	0.0	0.0	
CO ₂ damage (% of GN	1)	1.1	1.0	0.8	
Air pollution damage (Adjusted net savings (0.1 4.7	0.1 9.5	0.1 9.1	
majustou net savings (70 OT GINI)	7.1	5.5	J.1	

nver

20 GDP (\$ billions) Population (millions) 2.1 Land area (1,000 sq. km) 42 8 Europe & Central High-Country Asia income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 22.250 24.275 41.932 18,328 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 15,955 33 454 Urban population (% of total) 49.7 70.9 81.1 Agriculture 36 Agricultural land (% land area) 31 29 0.3 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$)251,573 14.018 30.017 3.910 5.919 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) 6.481 Forests and biodiversity 28.9 62.0 38.0 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -0.1-0.1-0.0Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 53.6 12.6 15.7 6 350 527 Threatened species, mammals 923 Threatened species, birds 8 638 33 1,220 2,263 Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants 1,032 2.176 **Oceans** 18.438 33.549 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 2.0 -1.5 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -10.6-0.9Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 2.1 2.9 2.6 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 98.5 13.0 23.7 83 900 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 15.283 **Energy and emissions** Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 3.236 3.157 4.745 5.3 5.9 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 10.2 5.369 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 6.728 9.066 49.8 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 24.3 60.7 35.5 16.6 12.0 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 7.0 7.3 11.0 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 9.054 7.850 8,733 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 6.2 7.4 9.8 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 0 47 41 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 100 100 98 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 99 96 99 Rural (% of rural population) 100 Urban (% of urban population) 100 99 99 93 99 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 99 89 99 Rural (% of rural population) 99 95 100 Urban (% of urban population) **Environment and health** 20 19 17 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 89 62 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 3 11 6 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 26.1 222 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 212 161 166 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 5 4 4.8 48 0.0 0.6 0.3 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.1 0.1 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.0 1.1 1.0 0.8 CO2 damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.1 0.1 0.1 9.5 9 1 9.1

Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

Solomon Islands

Population (thousands) 584 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	28 GD	28 GDP (\$ billions)	s) 1.1
	Country data	East Asia & Pacific group	Lower middle- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$)	1,920 1,385	9,771 7.546	2,029 1,767
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	22.3	56.6	39.0
Agriculture			
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	4	49	44
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	 1,830	1,657 4,958	1,614 3,185
Forests and biodiversity			
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	78.1 0.2	26.3 -0.2	24.3 0.4
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	2.2	15.6	12.0
Threatened species, mammals	20	918	1,134
Threatened species, birds	25	1,097	1,199
Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	22 17	1,549 3,515	2,011 3,971
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	85.1	132,587	58,665
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	9.2	0.9	2.4 12.0
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	56.3 0.9	6.5 17.0	5.0
Coral reef area (sq. km)	5,750	203,050	128,580
Mangroves area (sq. km)	603	67,121	68,563
Energy and emissions		2,137	651
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)		7.7	28.5
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)		3,682	777
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)		76.4	74.9
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	0.4	15.0 6.3	14.9 1.4
Water and sanitation			
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	78,123	4,529	3,003
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)		11.3 71	18.4 88
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population)	81	94	90
Rural (% of rural population)	77	90	87
Urban (% of urban population)	93	97	94
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	30 15	77 64	52 42
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	81	87	67
Environment and health			
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	7	44	58
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	, 0	97	99
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five))		
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	28	17	53
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple	tion and		
Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	8.5	39.1 20.7	27.6 9.7
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	9.9	2.7	3.0
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.3	0.8
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	2.8	0.2	0.3
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	16.6 0.5	0.0 2.1	0.4 2.3
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	1.4	0.3	0.9
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)			

Somalia

627 GDP (\$ billions) Population (millions) 10.8 Land area (1,000 sq. km) Sub-Saharan Low-Country Africa income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 1.631 619 1,239 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 497 37.7 Urban population (% of total) 39.6 30.7 Agriculture 70 Agricultural land (% land area) 42 39 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) 504 Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 1.219 761 1.452 1.486 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity 25.7 27.4 10 1 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 1.1 0.5 0.5 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 0.6 15.3 15.2 14 918 619 Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds 18 876 599 29 2,023 1,156 Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants 43 3.740 1.962 **Oceans** 7.416 3.954 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 30.0 2.2 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 1.5 1.8 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 17.0 3.1 0.0 6.1 3.5 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 710 17.980 12.520 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 48.0 28.061 15.778 **Energy and emissions** Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 701 79.1 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 57.4 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 497 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 64.3 21.2 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 0.1 0.8 0.3 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 570 3.986 4,629 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 55.0 3.2 3.3 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 99 81 90 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 32 68 66 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 56 9 56 Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) 87 87 24 30 28 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 6 23 23 Rural (% of rural population) 52 40 40 Urban (% of urban population) **Environment and health** 20 36 39 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 99 99 5 6 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) .. 14 16 Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 137 83 76 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 14.4 147 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 13.8 10.6 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 1.0 3.3 32 1.7 0.4 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.9 1.5 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 10.6 6.6 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 2.3 0.3 1.6 1.2 CO2 damage (% of GNI) 1.7 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 1.2 -3.9-3.8Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

South Africa

Population (millions) 55.0 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	1,213 GD	P (\$ billions	314.6
	Country data	Sub- Saharan Africa group	Upper middle- income group
GNI per capita, <i>World Bank Atla</i> s method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	6,080 4,671 64.8	1,631 1,239 37.7	8,263 6,302 64.1
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$ Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	80 1.7) 9,451 4,894	42 1,219 1,452	35 2,208 4,104
Forests and biodiversity Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	7.6 0.0 8.9 26 46 107	25.7 0.5 15.3 918 876 2,023 3,740	34.9 0.0 15.2 1,056 1,511 2,315 6,808
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km)	578 -1.0 5.6 13.4 30.5	7,416 1.8 17.0 6.1 17,980 28,061	103,240 -0.5 5.3 9.9 48,880 50,774
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	2,715 10.5 4,229 93.1 0.4 8.8	701 57.4 497 64.3 21.2 0.8	2,192 7.3 3,495 71.1 21.0 6.6
Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	827 34.6 63 93 81 100 66 61 70	3,986 3.2 81 68 56 87 30 23 40	8,261 6.3 68 95 91 97 80 67
Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (μg/cu. m) PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	30 100 e) 41	36 99 5 14 83	42 95 19
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI) CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	etion and 16.8 14.3 6.0 0.7 1.1 0.0 4.6 0.4 1.5	degradat 14.4 13.8 3.3 1.7 0.9 2.3 1.6 1.2 -3.9	36.6 18.0 3.0 1.1 0.4 0.0 2.6 0.3 17.2

South Sudan

Population (millions) 12.3 Land area (sq. km) .. GDP (\$ billions) 9.0 Sub-Saharan Low-Country Africa income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 790 1.631 619 1,239 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 497 37.7 Urban population (% of total) 18.8 30.7 Agriculture 39 Agricultural land (% land area) 42 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) 504 Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 1.219 1.254 1.452 1.486 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity 27.4 25.7 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 0.5 0.5 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 20.8 15.3 15.2 10 918 619 Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds 19 876 599 2,023 1,156 Threatened species, fish n Threatened species, higher plants 15 3.740 1.962 **Oceans** 37.0 7.416 3.954 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 2.2 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 1.8 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 17.0 3.1 0.0 6.1 3.5 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 17.980 12.520 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 28.061 15.778 **Energy and emissions** Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 59 701 79.1 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 278 57.4 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 39 497 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 99.6 64.3 0.0 21.2 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 0.1 0.8 0.3 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 3.986 4,629 2.183 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 2.5 3.2 3.3 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 36 81 90 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 59 68 66 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 57 56 56 Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) 67 87 87 30 28 7 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 5 23 23 Rural (% of rural population) 40 40 Urban (% of urban population) 16 **Environment and health** 36 39 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 32 PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 99 99 5 6 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) .. 14 16 Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 93 83 76 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) -10.514.4 147 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 118 13.8 10.6 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 3.3 32 5.7 1.7 0.4 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.9 1.5 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 6.6 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0 0 2.3 0.3 1.6 1.2 CO2 damage (% of GNI) 1.7 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 1.2

-3.8

-3.9

Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

Spain

Population (millions) 46.4 Land area (1,000 sq. km) 500 GDP (\$ billions) 1,192.9 Europe & Central High-Country Asia income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 28.380 24.275 41.932 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 21,129 18,328 33 454 Urban population (% of total) 79.6 70.9 81.1 Agriculture 36 Agricultural land (% land area) 29 144 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 42,109 14.018 30.017 3.246 3.910 5.919 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity 36.8 38.0 289 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -0.5-0.1-0.028.0 12.6 15.7 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 17 350 527 Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds 638 923 78 1,220 2,263 Threatened species, fish 2,176 216 1,032 Threatened species, higher plants **Oceans** Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 18.438 33.549 1.265 -1.5 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -0.6-0.9Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -0.42.9 2.6 7.5 13.0 23.7 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 83.900 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 15.283 **Energy and emissions** 2,465 3,157 Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 4.745 5.9 5.3 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 6 1 5.356 5.369 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 9.066 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 38.8 49.8 60.7 14.2 16.6 12.0 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 5.1 7.3 11.0 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 7.850 2.392 8.733 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 33.6 7.4 9.8 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 68 47 41 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 100 98 100 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 100 96 99 Rural (% of rural population) 100 100 99 Urban (% of urban population) 100 93 99 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 100 89 99 Rural (% of rural population) 100 95 100 Urban (% of urban population) **Environment and health** 10 19 17 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 28 89 62 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 11 6 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 21.4 22.2 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 17.7 16.1 16.6 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 4.1 4.8 4.8 0.0 0.3 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.6 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.10.1 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.0 0.6 1.0 0.8 CO2 damage (% of GNI) 0.0 0.1 0.1 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 72 95 9.1 Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

Sri Lanka

Population (millions) 21.0 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	63 GD	P (\$ billions	82.3
	Country data	South Asia group	Lower middle- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$)	3,800	1,535	2,029
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	3,570 18.4	1,365 33.0	1,767 39.0
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area)	44	57	44
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)			4 04 4
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	1,487 3,802	1,131 3,083	1,614 3,185
Forests and biodiversity	22.0	47.5	04.0
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	33.0 0.4	17.5 -0.4	24.3 0.4
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	23.2	6.6	12.0
Threatened species, mammals	29	251	1,134
Threatened species, birds	16	238	1,199
Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	54 291	383 752	2,011 3,971
Oceans	E 4.4	15 171	E0.00E
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	544 3.7	15,171 1.9	58,665 2.4
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	15.0	7.3	12.0
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	1.3	2.3	5.0
Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km)	680 88.8	15,440 10,343	128,580 68,563
Energy and emissions			
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)	516	576	651
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	45.8	25.6	28.5
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	531 60.8	707 80.0	777 74.9
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)	36.5	11.6	14.9
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	0.8	1.4	1.4
Water and sanitation	2 5 4 2	1 150	2 002
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	2,542 24.5	1,152 51.6	3,003 18.4
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	87	91	88
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	96	92	90
Rural (% of rural population)	95 99	91 95	87 94
Urban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	95	45	52
Rural (% of rural population)	97	35	42
Urban (% of urban population)	88	65	67
Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	28	74	58
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	100	100	99
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)			
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	10	53	53
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple			tion 27.6
Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	28.6 6.9	31.3 10.5	9.7
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	1.3	2.8	3.0
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.4	0.8
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.0 0.1	0.1	0.3 0.4
Net forest depletion (% of GNI) CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	0.1	3.0	2.3
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	0.6	1.2	0.9
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	21.7	18.6	16.1

St. Kitts and Nevis

Population (thousands) 56 Land area (sq. km)	260 GI	OP (\$ millions	s) 876.5
	Country data	Latin America & Caribbean group	High- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$)	15,060	8,968	41,932
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	32.0	7,249 79.9	33,454 81.1
Agriculture		20	
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	23 13.3	38	36
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	1,805 	7,188 4,169	30,017 5,919
Forests and biodiversity			
Forest area (% land area)	42.3	46.3 0.4	28.9 -0.0
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	0.0 3.3	23.3	-0.0 15.7
Threatened species, mammals	2	622	527
Threatened species, birds	1 29	1,011	923
Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	29	1,642 5,108	2,263 2,176
Oceans	100	1/1/10	22 540
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	36.5	14,416 -3.5	33,549 -1.5
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	0.0	7.7	2.6
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	0.5	15.5	23.7
Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km)	180 0.68	20,320 41,330	83,900 15,283
Energy and emissions			
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)		1,337 17.1	4,745 5.3
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)		2,122	9,066
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)		43.1	60.7
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	5.1	46.5 3.0	12.0 11.0
Water and sanitation	407	00.400	0.700
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	437 65.0	22,160 2.4	8,733 9.8
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	1	71	41
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	98	95	100
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	98 98	84 97	99 100
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)		83	99
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)		64 88	99 100
Environment and health			
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)		18	17
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)		85	62
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five))		
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	11	18	6
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple	tion and	l degradat 17.7	ion 22.2
Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	35.2 18.6	10.2	16.6
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	3.3	4.9	4.8
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.9 0.9	0.3 0.1
Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.9	0.1
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	1.1	1.1	0.8
Air pollution damage (% of GNI) Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)		0.2 9.4	0.1 9.1
najustou not savings (/// or arvi)		5.4	5.1

St. Lucia

Population (thousands) 185 Land area (sq. km)	610 GI	OP (\$ billions) 1.4
	Country data	Latin America & Caribbean group	
GNI per capita, <i>World Bank Atlas</i> method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	7,350 6,858 18.5	7,249	8,263 6,302 64.1
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	17		35
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	1,821 	7,188 4,169	2,208 4,104
Forests and biodiversity	22.2	40.2	240
Forest area (% land area)	33.3 0.3		34.9 0.0
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	16.9		15.2
Threatened species, mammals	2	622	1,056
Threatened species, hidhmals Threatened species, birds	5		1,511
Threatened species, fish	30		2,315
Threatened species, higher plants	6		6,808
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	2.1	14,416	103,240
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	0.2		-0.5
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	24.3		5.3
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	0.2		9.9
Coral reef area (sq. km)	160		48,880
Mangroves area (sq. km)	1.9	41,330	50,774
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)		1,337	2,192
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)		17.1	7.3
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)		2,122	3,495
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)		43.1	71.1
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)		46.5	21.0
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	2.2	3.0	6.6
Water and sanitation	1,634	22,160	8,261
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	14.3		6.3
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	71	71	68
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	96		95
Rural (% of rural population)	96	84	91
Urban (% of urban population)	100		97
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	91		80
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	92 85		67 87
Environment and health			
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	14		42
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	100	85	95
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five)		
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	14	18	19
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple	tion and	d degradat	ion
Gross savings (% of GNI)	12.2		36.6
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	10.0		18.0
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	4.8 0.0		3.0 1.1
	0.0		0.4
Energy depletion (% of GNI)			0.4
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)			0.0
Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.1	0.0 2.6
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)		0.1 1.1	

St. Martin (French part)

Population (thousands) 32 Land area (sq. km) 54 GDP (\$ millions)

		Latin America & Caribbean group	High- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)		8,968 7,249 79.9	41,932 33,454 81.1
Agriculture		38	36
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)			
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)		7,188 4,169	30,017 5,919
Forests and biodiversity	18.4	46.3	28.9
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	0.0		-0.0
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)			15.7
Threatened species, mammals	2		527 923
Threatened species, birds Threatened species, fish	29		2,263
Threatened species, higher plants	3		2,176
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	0.09	14,416	33,549
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)		-3.5	-1.5
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)		455	2.6 23.7
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km)		20,320	83,900
Mangroves area (sq. km)		41,330	15,283
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)		1,337	4,745
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)		17.1	5.3
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)		,	9,066
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)		40 =	60.7 12.0
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)		0.0	11.0
Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)		22,160	8,733
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)		0.4	9.8
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)		71	41
Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population)		95 84	100 99
Urban (% of urban population)		97	100
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)		83	99
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)		64 88	99 100
Environment and health			
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)		18 85	17 62
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five			
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)			
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		18	. 6
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple Gross savings (% of GNI)	tion and	degradat 17.7	ion 22.2
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)		10.2	16.6
Education expenditure (% of GNI)		4.9 0.9	4.8
Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI)		0.9	0.3 0.1
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)		0.1	0.0
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)		1.1 0.2	0.8 0.1
Air pollution damage (% of GNI) Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)		9.4	9.1
, 0- (/			

St. Vincent & Grenadines

Population (thousands) 109 Land area (sq. km) 390 GDP (\$ millions) 737.7

	Country data	Latin America & Caribbean group	
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	6,630 5,294 50.6	7,249	8,263 6,302 64.1
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area)	26	38	35
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)		7,188	2,208 4,104
Forests and biodiversity Forest area (% land area)	69.2	46.3	34.9
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	-0.3		0.0
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	22.5		15.2
Threatened species, mammals	2		1,056
Threatened species, birds	2	, -	1,511
Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	29 5		2,315 6,808
Oceans	00.4	4.4.44.0	102.040
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	26.4 1.0		103,240 -0.5
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	1.0	7.7	5.3
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	1.2		9.9
Coral reef area (sq. km)	140	- ,	48,880
Mangroves area (sq. km)	0.90	41,330	50,774
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)		1.337	2,192
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)		17.1	7.3
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)			3,495
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)		43.1 46.5	71.1 21.0
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	1.9		6.6
Water and sanitation			
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	914 8.5		8,261
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	0.5		6.3 68
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	95		95
Rural (% of rural population)	95	84	91
Urban (% of urban population)	95		97
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)		83 64	80 67
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)		88	87
Environment and health			
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	14		42
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	100		95
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)			
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	18	18	19
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple			
Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	-3.1 21.1		36.6 18.0
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	5.2		3.0
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.0		1.1
	0.0	0.9	0.4
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.0		
Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.1	0.0
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)		0.1 1.1	

Sudan

Population (millions) 40.2 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	2,376 b GD	P (\$ billions	s) 97.2
	Country data	Sub- Saharan Africa group	Lower middle- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	1,920 1,936 33.8	1,631 1,239 37.7	2,029 1,767 39.0
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$ Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	29 ^t 2.2 ^t \$) 2,600 ^t 683		44 1,614 3,185
Forests and biodiversity Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	8.1 ^t 2.7 1.7 13 23 24 16	25.7 0.5 15.3 918 876 2,023 3,740	24.3 0.4 12.0 1,134 1,199 2,011 3,971
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km)	37.5 1.9 ^t 10.6 ^t 0.0 2,720 ^t 9.8 ^t	1.8 17.0 6.1	58,665 2.4 12.0 5.0 128,580 68,563
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	375 63.1 159 21.7 78.3 0.3	701 57.4 497 64.3 21.2 0.8	651 28.5 777 74.9 14.9 1.4
Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	102 673.3 96 56 50 66 24 13	3,986 3.2 81 68 56 87 30 23 40	3,003 18.4 88 90 87 94 52 42 67
Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under fiv Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		36 99 5 14 83	58 99 53
National accounting aggregates—savings, depl Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI) CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	18 0.6 0.6 2.4 -6.2	degradat 14.4 13.8 3.3 1.7 0.9 2.3 1.6 1.2 -3.9	27.6 9.7 3.0 0.8 0.3 0.4 2.3 0.9 16.1

Suriname

156 GDP (\$ billions) Population (thousands) 543 Land area (1,000 sq. km) 5.2 Latin Upper America & middle-Country Caribbean income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 9.360 8.968 8.263 7,249 6,302 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 7 024 Urban population (% of total) 66.0 79.9 64.1 Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area) 1 38 35 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) 2,208 Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 14,011 7.188 4.104 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) 4.169 Forests and biodiversity 34.9 983 463 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 0.0 0.4 0.0 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 14.7 23.3 15.2 9 622 1.056 Threatened species, mammals 9 Threatened species, birds 1.011 1.511 30 2,315 Threatened species, fish 1.642 Threatened species, higher plants 27 5,108 6.808 **Oceans** 14.416 103.240 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 44.7 -0.5 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 4.1 -3.5Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -6.77.7 5.3 22.9 15.5 9.9 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 20.320 48 880 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 510 41.330 50.774 **Energy and emissions** 1,282 2,192 Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 1,337 17.1 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 68 7.3 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 3.697 2.122 3.495 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 37.7 43.1 71.1 62.3 46.5 21.0 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 3.9 3.0 6.6 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 183.930 22.160 8.261 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 0.6 2.4 6.3 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 70 71 68 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 95 95 95 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 88 84 91 Rural (% of rural population) 97 Urban (% of urban population) 98 97 79 83 80 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 61 64 67 Rural (% of rural population) 88 87 Urban (% of urban population) 88 **Environment and health** 18 42 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 18 PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 95 100 85 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 21 18 19 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 51.3 17.7 36.6 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 128 10.2 18.0 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 34 4.9 3.0 0.9 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 1.6 1.1 0.9 0.4 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 11.2 0.0 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.1 1.3 1.1 2.6 CO2 damage (% of GNI)

0.3 17.2

0.2

27.7

0.2

9.4

Air pollution damage (% of GNI)

Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

Swaziland

Population (millions) 1.3 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	17 GD	P (\$ billions	s) 4.1
	Country data	Sub- Saharan Africa group	Lower middle- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$)	3,280	1,631	2,029
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	2,531 21.3	1,239 37.7	1,767 39.0
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area)	71	42	44
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)		1 010	1 01 4
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	2,688 936	1,219 1,452	1,614 3,185
Forests and biodiversity	24.1	0F 7	242
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	34.1 -0.8	25.7 0.5	24.3 0.4
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	4.0	15.3	12.0
Threatened species, mammals	8	918	1,134
Threatened species, birds	13 4	2 022	1,199
Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	11	2,023 3,740	2,011 3,971
Oceans Total fishering production (thousand matrix tags)	0.17	7 /110	E0 66F
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	1.8	7,416 1.8	58,665 2.4
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	2.5	17.0	12.0
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	0.0	6.1	5.0
Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km)		17,980 28,061	128,580 68,563
Energy and emissions			
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)		701 57.4	651 28.5
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)		497	26.3 777
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)		64.3	74.9
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	0.9	21.2 0.8	14.9 1.4
Water and sanitation			
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	2,080	3,986	3,003
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	39.5 97	3.2 81	18.4 88
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population)	74	68	90
Rural (% of rural population)	69	56	87
Urban (% of urban population)	94	87	94
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	58 56	30 23	52 42
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	63	40	67
Environment and health	22	26	E0
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	22 100	36 99	58 99
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five		5	
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	 61	14 83	 53
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple			tion
Gross savings (% of GNI)	24.6	14.4	27.6
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	15.3	13.8	9.7
Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI)	9.2 0.0	3.3 1.7	3.0 0.8
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.9	0.3
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	1.9	2.3	0.4
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	0.8	1.6	2.3
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	1.7	1.2	0.9
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	14.4	-3.9	16.1

Sweden

Population (millions) 9.8 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	407 GI	OP (\$ billions)	495.7
	Country data	Europe & Central Asia group	High- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$)	57,900	24,275	41,932
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	43,114 85.8	18,328 70.9	33,454 81.1
Agriculture	7	29	36
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	1.7		
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	73,062 5,647	14,018 3,910	30,017 5,919
Forests and biodiversity			
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	68.9 0.0	38.0 -0.1	28.9 -0.0
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	14.8	12.6	15.7
Threatened species, mammals	1	350	527
Threatened species, birds	8 15	638	923
Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	4	1,220 1,032	2,263 2,176
Oceans	225	10.400	22.540
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	225 -3.0	18,438 -0.9	33,549 -1.5
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	6.3	2.9	2.6
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	10.5	13.0	23.7
Coral reef area (sq. km)			83,900
Mangroves area (sq. km)			15,283
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)	4,966	3,157	4,745
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	23.7	5.9	5.3
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	13,480 1.1	5,369 49.8	9,066 60.7
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)	41.5	16.6	12.0
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	4.6	7.3	11.0
Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	17,636	7,850	8,733
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	1.6	7.4	9.8
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	4	47	41
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	100 100	98	100
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	100	96 99	99 100
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	99	93	99
Rural (% of rural population)	100	89	99
Urban (% of urban population)	99	95	100
Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	6	19	17
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	0	89	62
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five	e)		
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	3	11	6
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple			
Gross savings (% of GNI)	28.4 16.2	22.5 16.1	22.2 16.6
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI)	7.1	4.8	4.8
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.6	0.3
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.1	0.1	0.1
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.0 0.3	0.0 1.0	0.0 0.8
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)			
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	0.0	0.1	0.1

Switzerland

Population (millions) 8.3 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	40 GE	OP (\$ billions	670.8
	Country data	Europe & Central Asia group	High- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	84,550 65,641 73.9	24,275 18,328 70.9	41,932 33,454 81.1
Agriculture			
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	39 2.2	29 	36
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	31,847 6,725	14,018 3,910	30,017 5,919
Forests and biodiversity	04.7	20.0	
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	31.7 -0.3	38.0 -0.1	28.9 -0.0
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	9.9	12.6	15.7
Threatened species, mammals	3	350	527
Threatened species, birds	6	638	923
Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	9 4	1,220 1,032	2,263 2,176
Oceans	3.6	10 /20	33,549
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	1.3	18,438 -0.9	-1.5
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	2.5	2.9	2.6
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	0.0	13.0	23.7
Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km)			83,900 15,283
Energy and emissions	2.000	0.457	4.745
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	3,060 9.6	3,157 5.9	4,745 5.3
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	7,520	5,369	9,066
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	0.8	49.8	60.7
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)	54.3 5.0	16.6 7.3	12.0 11.0
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	5.0	1.3	11.0
Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	4.934	7,850	8,733
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	5.0	7.4	9.8
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	8	47	41
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	100 100	98 96	100 99
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	100	99	100
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	100	93	99
Rural (% of rural population)	100	89	99
Urban (% of urban population)	100	95	100
Environment and health	13	19	17
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (μg/cu. m) PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	100	89	62
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five			
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	4	 11	6
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple	etion and	l degradat	
Gross savings (% of GNI)	34.3	22.5	22.2
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI)	20.8 4.6	16.1 4.8	16.6 4.8
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.6	0.3
	0.0	0.1	0.1
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)			
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.0	0.0
	0.0 0.2 0.1	0.0 1.0 0.1	0.0 0.8 0.1

Syrian Arab Republic

Population (millions) 18.5 Land area (1,000 sq. km) 184 GDP (\$ billions) Middle Lower East & middle-Country N. Africa income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 8.229 2.029 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 6,251 1.767 Urban population (% of total) 57.7 64.2 39.0 Agriculture 44 Agricultural land (% land area) 76 33 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) 9.4 6.275 1.614 Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 1.064 2.299 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) 3.185Forests and biodiversity 24.3 27 2 1 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -0.9-0.8 0.4 0.7 11.7 12.0 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 224 1.134 16 Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds 18 279 1.199 51 2,011 610 Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants 13 290 3,971 **Oceans** 58.665 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 6.6 4.857 2.0 24 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -3.1Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -6.5 9.4 12.0 0.6 3.8 5.0 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 15.470 128 580 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 513 68.563 **Energy and emissions** Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 575 2.365 651 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 0.1 0.6 28.5 2.906 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 971 777 74.9 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 86 2 96.3 13.8 2.6 14.9 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 6.0 1.4 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) 1.9 Water and sanitation 3,003 380 555 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 235.0 138.4 18.4 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 88 85 88 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 90 93 90 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 87 87 89 Rural (% of rural population) 92 96 94 Urban (% of urban population) 96 91 52 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 95 87 42 Rural (% of rural population) 96 93 67 Urban (% of urban population) **Environment and health** 42 61 58 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 99 100 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 13 23 53 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 24.7 27.6 .. Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 9.9 9.7 2.6 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 5.2 3.0 4.7 0.8 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.3 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 .. Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.1 0.4 2.1 2.3 CO2 damage (% of GNI) 0.2 0.9

16.1

12.9

Air pollution damage (% of GNI)

Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

Tajikistan

Population (millions) 8.5 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	139 GE	OP (\$ billions	s) 7.9
	Country data	Europe & Central Asia group	Lower middle- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	1,280 980 26.8	24,275 18,328 70.9	2,029 1,767 39.0
Agriculture	24	00	4.4
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	34 14.7	29	44
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	1,939 3,168	14,018 3,910	1,614 3,185
Forests and biodiversity			
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	3.0 -0.0	38.0 -0.1	24.3 0.4
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	21.9	12.6	12.0
Threatened species, mammals	. 7	350	1,134
Threatened species, birds	15 5	638 1,220	1,199 2,011
Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	12	1,032	3,971
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	1.6	18,438	58,665
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	13.9	-0.9	2.4
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	11.7	2.9	12.0
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	0.0	13.0	5.0 128,580
Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km)			68,563
Energy and emissions	220	0.157	CE 1
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	338 0.0	3,157 5.9	651 28.5
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	1,492	5,369	777
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	2.9	49.8	74.9
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	97.1 0.4	16.6 7.3	14.9 1.4
Water and sanitation	7.050	7.050	2.002
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	7,650 18.1	7,850 7.4	3,003 18.4
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	91	47	88
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	74	98	90
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	67 93	96 99	87 94
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	95	93	52
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	96 94	89 95	42 67
Environment and health			
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	50 100	19 89	58 99
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five			
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	15 45	 11	 53
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple			
Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	8.7 12.1	22.5 16.1	27.6 9.7
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	3.7	4.8	3.0
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.6	0.8
Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	1.2 0.0	0.1 0.0	0.3 0.4
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	1.2	1.0	2.3
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	0.4	0.1	0.9
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	-6.5	9.5	16.1

Tanzania

886 GDP (\$ billions) 45 6 Population (millions) 53.5 Land area (1,000 sq. km) Sub-Saharan Low-Country Africa income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 920 1.631 619 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 785 1,239 497 37.7 Urban population (% of total) 31.6 30.7 Agriculture 45 39 Agricultural land (% land area) 42 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) 504 Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 564 1.219 1.452 1.486 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) 1,678 Forests and biodiversity 52.0 25.7 27.4 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 0.8 0.5 0.5 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 32.0 15.3 15.2 38 918 619 Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds 47 876 599 176 2,023 1,156 Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants 602 3.740 1.962 **Oceans** 7.416 3.954 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 383 2.2 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 0.9 1.8 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 15.7 17.0 3.1 18.2 6.1 3.5 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 3 580 17.980 12.520 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 1.287 28.061 15.778 **Energy and emissions** Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 479 701 79.1 84.7 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 57.4 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 100 497 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 57.7 64.3 41.6 21.2 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 0.2 0.8 0.3 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 3.986 1.621 4.629 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 6.2 3.2 3.3 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 89 81 90 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 56 68 66 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 56 46 56 Rural (% of rural population) 77 Urban (% of urban population) 87 87 16 30 28 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 8 23 23 Rural (% of rural population) 40 40 Urban (% of urban population) **Environment and health** 36 39 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 23 PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 99 99 4 5 6 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) 14 16 Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 49 83 76 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 22.9 14.4 147 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 7.4 13.8 10.6 3.7 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 3.3 32 0.1 1.7 0.4 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 1.7 0.9 1.5 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 2.3 6.6 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.9 1.6 1.2 CO2 damage (% of GNI) 1.7 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 1.0 1.2 -3.9 15.7 -3.8Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

Thailand

Population (millions) 68.0 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	511 GDP (\$ billions)		3 95.2
	Country data	East Asia & Pacific group	Upper middle- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$)	5,720	9,771	8,263
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	4,395 50.4	7,546 56.6	6,302 64.1
Agriculture			
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	43	49	35
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$)	2,109	1,657	2,208
Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	3,144	4,958	4,104
Forests and biodiversity	32.1	26.3	34.9
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	0.2	-0.2	0.0
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	18.8	15.6	15.2
Threatened species, mammals	56	918	1,056
Threatened species, birds	51 106	1,097 1,549	1,511 2,315
Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	150	3,515	6,808
Oceans			
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	2,590	132,587	103,240
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	-3.7 1.3	0.9 6.5	-0.5 5.3
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	5.2	17.0	9.9
Coral reef area (sq. km)	2,130	203,050	48,880
Mangroves area (sq. km)	2,484	67,121	50,774
Energy and emissions	1,990	2,137	2,192
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	19.1	7.7	7.3
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	2,566	3,682	3,495
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	90.9	76.4	71.1
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)	3.2 4.5	15.0 6.3	21.0 6.6
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	4.5	0.3	0.0
Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	3.315	4.529	8.261
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	25.5	11.3	6.3
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	90	71	68
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	98	94	95
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	98 98	90 97	91 97
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	93	77	80
Rural (% of rural population)	96	64	67
Urban (% of urban population)	90	87	87
Environment and health	26	44	42
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	100	97	42 95
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five			
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)			
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	12	17	19
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple	tion and	l degradat 39.1	i on 36.6
Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	19.2	20.7	18.0
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	4.2	2.7	3.0
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.6	0.3	1.1
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.2	0.4
Net forest depletion (% of GNI) CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	0.5 2.5	0.0 2.1	0.0 2.6
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	0.2	0.3	0.3
		18.1	

Timor-Leste

Population (millions) 1.2 Land area (1,000 sq. km) 15 GDP (\$ billions) Lower East Asia middle-Country & Pacific income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 2.290 9.771 2.029 2,243 7,546 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 1.767 56.6 Urban population (% of total) 32.8 39.0 Agriculture 49 44 Agricultural land (% land area) 26 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) 489 Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 1.657 1.614 2.923 4.958 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) 3.185Forests and biodiversity 24.3 46 1 26.3 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 1.4 -0.20.4 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 8.7 15.6 12.0 5 918 1.134 Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds 6 1.097 1.199 1,549 2,011 Threatened species, fish 8 Threatened species, higher plants 1 3,515 3,971 **Oceans** 132.587 58.665 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 48 24 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -0.80.9 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 6.5 12.0 3.8 17.0 5.0 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 203.050 128 580 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 18.0 67.121 68.563 **Energy and emissions** Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 2,137 651 7.7 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 28.5 3.682 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 74.9 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 76.4 15.0 14.9 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 0.4 6.3 1.4 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 7.098 4.529 3.003 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 14.3 11.3 18.4 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 91 71 88 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 72 94 90 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 90 87 61 Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) 95 97 94 41 77 52 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 27 64 42 Rural (% of rural population) 69 87 67 Urban (% of urban population) **Environment and health** 19 44 58 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 98 97 99 2 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) .. 16 Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 53 17 53 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 43.9 39.127.6 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 2.7 20.7 9.7 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 2.9 2.7 3.0 0.0 0.3 0.8 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.2 0.3 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.0 0.4 2.3 0.5 2.1 CO2 damage (% of GNI) 0.6 0.3 0.9 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 18.1 16.1 Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

Togo

Population (millions) 7.3 Land area (1,000 sq. km) 54	GDP (\$ billion	s) 4.1
	Counti data	Sub- Saharan y Africa group	Low- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	54 35 40.	7 1,239	619 497 30.7
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area)	7	0 42	39
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (201 Cereal yield (kg per hectare)			504 1,486
Forests and biodiversity	2	F 0F 7	27.4
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	3. 6.		27.4 0.5
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	25.		15.2
Threatened species, mammals	1	2 918	619
Threatened species, birds		1 876	
Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants		5 2,023 2 3,740	1,156 1,962
Oceans			
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	21. 5) -0.		
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	7.		
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	2.		3.5
Coral reef area (sq. km)		17,980	
Mangroves area (sq. km)	10.	.9 28,061	15,778
Energy and emissions	4.0	4 704	
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total	46) 79.		79.1
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	15		75.1
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	12.		
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)	84. 0.		0.3
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	0.	.5 0.6	0.5
Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	1,61	6 3,986	4,629
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)			3.3
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	4	5 81	90
Access to improved water source (% of total population		3 68 4 56	66
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)		4 56 1 87	56 87
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population		2 30	28
Rural (% of rural population)		3 23	23
Urban (% of urban population)	2	15 40	40
Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	2	3 36	39
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline lev			99
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under	r five)	3 5	6
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		5 14 8 83	16 76
National accounting aggregates—savings, d	enletion a	nd degrada	tion
Gross savings (% of GNI)	2.		14.7
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	7.		10.6
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	5. 0.		3.2 0.4
Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	13.		
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	9.	.2 2.3	6.6
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	2.		
Air pollution damage (% of GNI) Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	2. -23.		1.7 -3.8
Augustea net savings (70 of arti)	20.	_ 0.0	0.0

Population (thousands) 106 Land area (sq. km) 720 GDP (\$ millions) 435.1 Lower East Asia middle-Country & Pacific income group group data 4.280 9.771 GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 2.029 7,546 1,767 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 3,791 23.7 56.6 39.0 Urban population (% of total) Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area) 46 49 44 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) 6.465 1.657 1.614 Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare) 4,958 3,185 Forests and biodiversity 12.5 26.3 24.3 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 0.0 -0.2 0.4 12.0 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 15.9 15.6 1,134 2 918 Threatened species, mammals 5 1.097 1,199 Threatened species, birds 14 1,549 2,011 Threatened species, fish (

Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	9.6	17.0	5.0
Coral reef area (sq. km)	1,500	203,050	128,580
Mangroves area (sq. km)	3.4	67,121	68,563
Energy and emissions			
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)		2,137	651
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)		7.7	28.5
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)		3,682	777
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)		76.4	74.9
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)		15.0	14.9
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	2.0	6.3	1.4
Water and sanitation			
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)		4,529	3,003
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)		11.3	18.4

Threatened species, higher plants	4	3,515	3,971
Oceans			
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	1.8	132,587	58,665
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	-5.4	0.9	2.4
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	-18.8	6.5	12.0
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	9.6	17.0	5.0
Coral reef area (sq. km)	1,500	203,050	128,580
Mangroves area (sq. km)	3.4	67,121	68,563
Energy and emissions		0.407	054
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)		2,137	651 28.5
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)		7.7	28.5 777
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)		3,682 76.4	74.9
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)		15.0	14.9
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	2.0	6.3	1.4
	2.0	0.5	1.4
Water and sanitation		4 520	2 002
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)		4,529 11.3	3,003 18.4
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)		71	88
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	100	94	90
Rural (% of rural population)	100	90	87
Urban (% of urban population)	100	97	94
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	91	77	52
Rural (% of rural population)	89	64	42
Urban (% of urban population)	98	87	67
Environment and health			
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	4	44	58
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	0	97	99
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five)			
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)			
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	17	17	53
National accounting aggregates—savings, deplet	ion and	degradat	ion
Gross savings (% of GNI)	22.6	39.1	27.6
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	8.4	20.7	9.7
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	2.9	2.7	3.0
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.3	0.8
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.2	0.3
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.0	0.4
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	1.6	2.1	2.3
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	0.3 15.4	0.3 18.1	0.9 16.1
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	13.4	10.1	10.1
The Little Green Data	Book 2	2017	211

Trinidad and Tobago

Population (millions) 1.4 Land area (1,000 sq. km) 5.1 GDP (\$ billions) 23.6 Latin America & High-Country Caribbean income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 17.640 8.968 41.932 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 11,801 7,249 33,454 79.9 Urban population (% of total) 8.4 81.1 Agriculture 38 36 Agricultural land (% land area) 11 93 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) 2.277 7.188 30.017 Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 1.320 4.169 5.919 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity 46.3 28.9 45 7 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -0.00.4 -0.032.5 23.3 15.7 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 2 622 527 Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds 1.011 923 2,263 35 1.642 Threatened species, fish 5,108 2,176 Threatened species, higher plants **Oceans** 14.416 33.549 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 12.7 -1.5 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -0.8-3.5Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -9.47.7 2.6 3.0 15.5 23.7 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) <100 20.320 83 900 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 65.7 41.330 15.283 **Energy and emissions** Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 14,447 1.337 4.745 17.1 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 0.1 5.3 7.134 9.066 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 2.122 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 100.0 43.1 60.7 0.0 46.5 12.0 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 34.5 3.0 11.0 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 2,835 22.160 8.733 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 10.0 2.4 9.8 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Δ 71 41 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 95 100 95 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 95 84 99 Rural (% of rural population) 97 100 95 Urban (% of urban population) 92 83 99 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 92 64 99 Rural (% of rural population) 92 88 100 Urban (% of urban population) **Environment and health** 14 18 17 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 85 62 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 20 18 6 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 28.2 22.2 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 23 2 10 2 16.6 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 29 4.9 48 6.2 0.9 0.3 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.9 0.1 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.1 0.0 6.3 1.1 0.8 CO2 damage (% of GNI) 0.1 0.2 0.1 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) -88 94 9.1 Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

Tunisia

Population (millions) 11.3 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	155 GD	P (\$ billions	s) 43.0
	Country data	Middle East & N. Africa group	Lower middle- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$)	3,930	8,229	2,029
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	2,940 66.8	6,251 64.2	1,767 39.0
Agriculture			
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	65 3.9	33	44
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$)	5,244	6,275	1,614
Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	1,756	2,299	3,185
Forests and biodiversity	0.7	0.4	040
Forest area (% land area)	6.7 -1.5	2.1 -0.8	24.3 0.4
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	5.4	11.7	12.0
Threatened species, mammals	14	224	1,134
Threatened species, birds	10	279	1,199
Threatened species, fish	39	610	2,011
Threatened species, higher plants	7	290	3,971
Oceans Total fishering production (thousand matrix tops)	133	4,857	58,665
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	1.5	2.0	2.4
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	16.0	9.4	12.0
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	2.7	3.8	5.0
Coral reef area (sq. km)		15,470	128,580
Mangroves area (sq. km)		513	68,563
Energy and emissions	0.45	2.205	CE 1
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)	945 10.2	2,365 0.6	651 28.5
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	1,446	2,906	777
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	96.0	96.3	74.9
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)	0.3	2.6	14.9
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	2.5	6.0	1.4
Water and sanitation	277		2.002
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	377 78.8	555 138.4	3,003 18.4
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	80	85	88
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	98	93	90
Rural (% of rural population)	93	89	87
Urban (% of urban population)	100	96	94
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	92	91	52
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	80 97	87 93	42 67
Environment and health			
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	45	61	58
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	100	100	99
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five)		
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	 14	23	 53
	tion and	l dogradai	lon
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple Gross savings (% of GNI)	12.4	24.7	27.6
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	18.3	9.9	9.7
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	5.9	5.2	3.0
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	1.5	4.7	0.8
	0.4	0.0	0.3
	0.3	Λ1	
Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI) CO. damage (% of GNI)	0.3	0.1	
	0.3 2.1 0.3	0.1 2.1 0.2	0.4 2.3 0.9

Turkey

	9,950 8,375 73.4 50 13.5 9,735 2,832 15.2 -0.9 0.2 18 20 131 104 671 -1.0 7.7 0.4 	Europe & Central Asia group 24,275 18,328 70.9 29 14,018 3,910 38.0 -0.1 12.6 350 638 1,220 1,032 18,438 -0.9 2.9 13.0 3,157 5.9 5,369 49.8	6,302 64.1 35 2,208 4,104 34.9 0.0 15.2 1,056 1,511 2,315 6,808 103,240 -0.5 5.3 9,9 48,880 50,774
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total) Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds Threatened species, figher plants Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) Water and sanitation	8,375 73.4 50 13.5 9,735 2,832 15.2 -0.9 0.2 18 20 131 104 671 -1.0 7.7 0.4 	18,328 70.9 29 14,018 3,910 38.0 -0.1 12.6 350 638 1,220 1,032 18,438 -0.9 2.9 9 13.0 	8,263 6,302 64.1 35 2,208 4,104 34.9 0.0 15.2 1,056 1,511 2,315 6,808 103,240 -0.5 5.3 9,9 48,880 50,774
Urban population (% of total) Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds Threatened species, higher plants Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	73.4 50 13.5 9,735 2,832 15.2 -0.9 0.2 18 20 131 104 671 -1.0 7.7 0.4 1,568 2.9 2,836 79.0	70.9 29 14,018 3,910 38.0 -0.1 12.6 350 638 1,220 1,032 18,438 -0.9 2.9 13.0 3,157 5,9 5,369	64.1 35 2,208 4,104 34.9 0.0 15.2 1,056 6,808 103,240 -0.5 5.3 9,9 48,880 50,774 2,192 7.3
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) Water and sanitation	13.5 9,735 2,832 15.2 -0.9 0.2 18 20 131 104 671 -1.0 7.7 0.4 	14,018 3,910 38.0 -0.1 12.6 350 638 1,220 1,032 18,438 -0.9 2.9 13.0 	2,208 4,104 34.9 0.0 15.2 1,056 1,511 2,315 6,808 103,240 -0.5 5.3 9,9 48,880 50,774 2,192 7.3
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation	13.5 9,735 2,832 15.2 -0.9 0.2 18 20 131 104 671 -1.0 7.7 0.4 	14,018 3,910 38.0 -0.1 12.6 350 638 1,220 1,032 18,438 -0.9 2.9 13.0 	2,208 4,104 34.9 0.0 15.2 1,056 1,511 2,315 6,808 103,240 -0.5 5.3 9,9 48,880 50,774
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) Threatened species, birds Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation	9,735 2,832 15.2 -0.9 0.2 18 20 131 104 671 -1.0 7.7 0.4 	3,910 38.0 -0.1 12.6 3500 638 1,220 1,032 18,438 -0.9 13.0 3,157 5.9 5,369	4,104 34.9 0.0 15.2 1,056 1,511 2,315 6,808 103,240 -0.5 5.3 9.9 48,880 50,774 2,192 7.3
Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, fish Threatened species, fish Threatened species, fish Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) Water and sanitation	2,832 15.2 -0.9 0.2 18 20 131 104 671 -1.0 7.7 0.4 1,568 2.9 2,836 79.0	3,910 38.0 -0.1 12.6 3500 638 1,220 1,032 18,438 -0.9 13.0 3,157 5.9 5,369	4,104 34.9 0.0 15.2 1,056 1,511 2,315 6,808 103,240 -0.5 5.3 9.9 48,880 50,774 2,192 7.3
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation	-0.9 0.2 18 20 131 104 -1.0 7.7 0.4 1,568 2.9 2,836 79.0	-0.1 12.6 3500 638 1,220 1,032 18,438 -0.9 2.9 13.0 	0.0 15.2 1,056 1,511 2,315 6,808 103,240 -0.5 5.3 9.9 48,880 50,774 2,192 7.3
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) Water and sanitation	-0.9 0.2 18 20 131 104 -1.0 7.7 0.4 1,568 2.9 2,836 79.0	-0.1 12.6 3500 638 1,220 1,032 18,438 -0.9 2.9 13.0 	0.0 15.2 1,056 1,511 2,315 6,808 103,240 -0.5 5.3 9.9 48,880 50,774 2,192 7.3
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds Threatened species, fish Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation	0.2 18 20 131 104 671 -1.0 7.7 0.4 	12.6 350 6388 1,220 1,032 18,438 -0.9 2.9 13.0 	15.2 1,056 1,511 2,315 6,808 103,240 -0.5 5.3 9.9 48,880 50,774 2,192 7.3
Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation	18 20 131 104 671 -1.0 7.7 0.4 1,568 2.9 2,836 79.0	350 638 1,220 1,032 18,438 -0.9 2.9 13.0 3,157 5.9 5,369	1,056 1,511 2,315 6,808 103,240 -0.5 5.3 9,9 48,880 50,774 2,192 7.3
Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation	131 104 671 -1.0 7.7 0.4 1,568 2.9 2,836 79.0	1,220 1,032 18,438 -0.9 2.9 13.0 3,157 5.9 5,369	2,315 6,808 103,240 -0.5 5.3 9.9 48,880 50,774 2,192 7.3
Threatened species, higher plants Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation	104 671 -1.0 7.7 0.4 1,568 2.9 2,836 79.0	1,032 18,438 -0.9 2.9 13.0 3,157 5.9 5,369	6,808 103,240 -0.5 5.3 9.9 48,880 50,774 2,192 7.3
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation	671 -1.0 7.7 0.4 1,568 2.9 2,836 79.0	18,438 -0.9 2.9 13.0 3,157 5.9 5,369	103,240 -0.5 5.3 9.9 48,880 50,774 2,192 7.3
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation	-1.0 7.7 0.4 1,568 2.9 2,836 79.0	-0.9 2.9 13.0 3,157 5.9 5,369	-0.5 5.3 9.9 48,880 50,774 2,192 7.3
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation	-1.0 7.7 0.4 1,568 2.9 2,836 79.0	-0.9 2.9 13.0 3,157 5.9 5,369	-0.5 5.3 9.9 48,880 50,774 2,192 7.3
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reaf area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation	0.4 1,568 2.9 2,836 79.0	3,157 5.9 5,369	9.9 48,880 50,774 2,192 7.3
Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation	1,568 2.9 2,836 79.0	3,157 5.9 5,369	48,880 50,774 2,192 7.3
Mangroves area (sq. km) Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation	1,568 2.9 2,836 79.0	3,157 5.9 5,369	2,192 7.3
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation	2.9 2,836 79.0	5.9 5,369	7.3
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation	2.9 2,836 79.0	5.9 5,369	7.3
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation	2,836 79.0	5,369	
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation	79.0		
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation			71.1
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation	10.1	16.6	21.0
	4.2	7.3	6.6
Internal treshwater resources per capita (cii m)	0.000	7.050	0.004
	2,928 18.5	7,850 7.4	8,261 6.3
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	81	47	68
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	100	98	95
Rural (% of rural population)	100	96	91
Urban (% of urban population)	100	99	97
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	95 86	93 89	80 67
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	98	95	87
Environment and health			
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	36	19	42
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	100	89	95
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)			
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	14	11	19
National accounting aggregates—savings, depleti			
Gross savings (% of GNI)	14.3 6.8	22.5 16.1	36.6 18.0
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI)	2.6	4.8	3.0
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.6	1.1
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.1	0.1	0.4
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.0	0.0
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	1.5	1.0	2.6 0.3
Air pollution damage (% of GNI) Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	0.2	0.1	

Turkmenistan

470 GDP (\$ billions) 35.9 Population (millions) **5.4** Land area (1,000 sq. km) Europe & Upper Central middle-Country Asia income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 7.380 24.275 8.263 18,328 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 3.662 6,302 Urban population (% of total) 50.0 70.9 64.1 Agriculture 29 Agricultural land (% land area) 72 35 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) 2,208 Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 3.633 14.018 2.627 3.910 4.104 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity 34.9 88 38.0 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 0.0 -0.10.0 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 3.2 12.6 15.2 10 350 1.056 Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds 20 638 1.511 2,315 11 1,220 Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants 1,032 6.808 **Oceans** 18.438 103.240 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 15.0 -0.5 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 1 4 -0.9Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -5.32.9 5.3 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 0.0 13.0 9.9 48 880 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 50.774 **Energy and emissions** 2,192 Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 5.040 3.157 5.9 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 0.0 7.3 2.759 5.369 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 3.495 49.8 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 100.0 71.1 0.0 16.6 21.0 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 12.8 7.3 6.6 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 7.850 8.261 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 265 1.989.3 7.4 6.3 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 94 47 68 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 95 98 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 96 91 Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) 99 97 93 80 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 89 67 Rural (% of rural population) 95 87 Urban (% of urban population) **Environment and health** 19 42 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 89 95 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 51 11 19 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 36.6 16.6 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 161 18.0 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 23 4.8 3.0 5.1 0.6 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 1.1 0.0 0.4 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.10.0 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.0 6.1 1.0 2.6 CO2 damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.5 0.1 0.3 17.2 9.5 Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

Turks and Caicos Islands

Population (thousands) **34** Land area (sq. km) **950** GDP (\$ millions)

Adjusted net national income per capita (\$)		Country data	Latin America & Caribbean group	High- income group
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area) 1 38 36 36 36 36 36 36 36	GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$)			41,932
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area) 1 38 36 Agricultural inrigated land (% of total agricultural land) 7,188 30,017 Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 4,169 5,915 Forests and biodiversity Forests area (% land area) 36.2 46.3 28.8 Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 0.0 0.4 -0.0 Inreatened species, mammals 2 622 527 Threatened species, birds 2 1,011 92 Threatened species, higher plants 9 5,108 2,176 Oceans Copal species, higher plants 9 5,108 2,176 Oceans Copal species, higher plants 9 5,108 2,176 Oceans Copal species, higher plants 2.8 14,416 33,548 Capation species, higher plants 2.8 14,416 33,548 Capation species, higher plants		92.2		33,454 81 1
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Forests and biodiversity Forest area (% land area) Beforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Forests and protected areas (% of total land area) Threatened species, mammals 2 622 Forests area (% land area) 1 1 2 2 622 5 2 527 Threatened species, pirds 2 1,011 9 2 1,642 2,265 Threatened species, fish 2 9 1,642 2,265 Threatened species, fish 2 9 1,642 2,265 Threatened species, higher plants 9 5,108 2,176 Coeans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Foreign and a fish and				
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) . 7,188 30,017 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) . 4,169 5,915 Forests and blodiversity Forest area (% land area) . 36.2 46.3 28.5 Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) . 0.0 0.4 -0.0 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) . 44.4 23.3 15.7 Threatened species, mammals . 2 6622 527 Threatened species, birds . 29 1,011 923 Threatened species, birds . 29 1,642 2,263 Threatened species, higher plants . 9 5,108 2,176 Oceans Oceans Oceans Otal fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 2.8 14,416 33,549 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) - 4.7 - 3.5 - 1.5 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) . 7.7 2.6 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 1.0 15.5 23.7 Coral reef area (sq. km) . 730 20,320 83,900 Mangroves area (sq. km) . 730 20,320 83,900 Mangroves area (sq. km) . 236 41,330 15,283 Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) . 1,337 4,745 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) . 17.1 5.3 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) . 2,122 9,066 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) . 46.5 12.0 CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) . 6.0 3.0 11.0 Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) . 95 100 Rural (% of total freshwater withdrawal) . 71 44 Access to improved smirtation (% of internal resources) . 2.4 9.8 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) . 71 44 Access to improved smirtation (% of fotal population) . 84 95 Rural (% of rural population) . 95 100 Rural (% of rural population) . 97 100 Access to improved smirtation (% of fotal population) . 84 95 Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)		1	38	36
Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)			
Forest area (% land area) 36.2 46.3 28.5			,	30,01 <i>7</i> 5,919
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	Forests and biodiversity			
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)				
Threatened species, mammals 2 622 527				
Threatened species, birds				527
Threatened species, higher plants 9 5,108 2,176				923
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 2.8 14,416 33,548 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) -4.7 -3.5 -1.5 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) .7 2.6 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 1.0 15.5 23.7 Coral reef area (sq. km) 730 20,320 83,900 Mangroves area (sq. km) 236 41,330 15,283 Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 1,337 4,745 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 17.1 5.3 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 2,122 9,066 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 43.1 60.7 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 46.5 12.0 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) 6.0 3.0 11.0 Water and sanitation Internal freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 2,4 9.8 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 71 41 <				2,263
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 2.8 14,416 33,545 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) -4.7 -3.5 -1.5 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) 7.7 2.6 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 1.0 15.5 23.7 Coral reef area (sq. km) 730 20,320 83,900 Mangroves area (sq. km) 236 41,330 15,283 Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 1,337 4,745 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 17.1 5.3 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 2,122 9,066 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 43.1 60.7 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 43.1 60.7 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 43.1 60.7 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 22,160 8,733 Total freshwater withdrawal 22,160 </td <td>Threatened species, higher plants</td> <td>9</td> <td>5,108</td> <td>2,176</td>	Threatened species, higher plants	9	5,108	2,176
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)		2.0	14 410	22 540
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)				
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 1.0 15.5 23.7 Coral reef area (sq. km) 730 20,320 83,900 Mangroves area (sq. km) 236 41,330 15,283 Energy and emissions Energy guse per capita (kg oil equivalent) 1,337 4,745 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 17.1 5.3 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 2,122 9,066 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 43.1 60.7 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 46.5 12.0 CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) 6.0 3.0 11.0 Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 22,160 8,733 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 24 9.8 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 71 41 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 84 99 Rural (% of ru				
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 1,337 4,745	Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)			23.7
Energy and emissions				83,900
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)	Mangroves area (sq. km)	236	41,330	15,283
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 17.1 5.3 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 2,122 9,066 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 43.1 60.7 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 46.5 12.0 CO₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) 22,160 8,733 Total freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 22,160 8,733 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 2.4 9.8 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 71 41 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 84 95 Urban (% of urban population) 84 95 Urban (% of urban population) 83 95 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 64 95 Urban (% of urban population) 64 95 Urban (% of urban population) 88 100 Urban (%			4 007	4 745
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 2,122 9,066 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 43.1 60.7 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 46.5 12.0 CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) 6.0 3.0 11.0 Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 22,160 8,733 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 2.4 9.8 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 71 41 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 84 99 Urban (% of rural population) 84 99 Urban (% of urban population) 83 99 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 83 99 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 84 99 Urban (% of urban population) 84 99 Urban (% of of urban population) 84 99 Urban (% of of urban population) 84 99 Urban (% of urban population) 84 100 Environment and health PM2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (μg/cu. m) 18 17 PM2.5 exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 85 62 About resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five)				
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 43.1 60.7 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 46.5 12.0 CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons) 6.0 3.0 11.0 Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 22,160 8,733 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 24, 9.8 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 71 41 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 95 100 Rural (% of rural population) 84 99 Urban (% of urban population) 84 99 Urban (% of rural population) 83 99 Rural (% of rural population) 64 99 Urban (% of rural population) 88 100 Urban (% of urban population)				9,066
CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) 6.0 3.0 11.0 Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)			43.1	60.7
Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) .22,160 8,733 Total freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) .22,160 8,733 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 2.4 9.8 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 71 41 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 84 95 Rural (% of rural population) 84 95 Lorban (% of urban population) 83 95 Rural (% of rural population) 64 95 Urban (% of urban population) 88 100 Environment and health 88 100 Environment and health 88 100 Environment and health 85 62 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)				12.0
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	6.0	3.0	11.0
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)			00.400	0.700
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 71 41 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 95 100 Rural (% of rural population) 84 99 Urban (% of urban population) 97 100 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 83 99 Rural (% of rural population) 64 99 Urban (% of urban population) 64 99 Urban (% of urban population) 88 100 Environment and health 85 60 Environment and health 85 62 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) 85 62 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five)				
Access to improved water source (% of total population) 95 100 Rural (% of rural population) 84 99 Urban (% of urban population) 97 100 Necess to improved sanitation (% of total population) 97 100 Necess to improved sanitation (% of total population) 83 99 Rural (% of rural population) 88 100 Necess to improved sanitation (% of total population) 88 100 Necess to improved sanitation (% of total population) 88 100 Necess to improved sanitation (% of urban population) 88 100 Necess to improved sanitation (% of urban population) 88 100 Necess to improve the population 18 17 Necess pollution, mean annual exposure (μg/cu. m) 18 17 Necess pollution, mean annual exposure (μg/cu. m) 18 60 Necess pollution, mean annual exposure (μg/cu. m) 18 17 Necess pollution prevalence (% of children under five)				41
Urban (% of urban population) 97 100 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 83 95 Rural (% of rural population) 64 95 Rural (% of urban population) 88 100 Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 18 17 PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 85 62 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 18 6 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 17.7 22.2 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 10.2 16.6 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 4.9 4.8 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.9 0.3 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.9 0.3 Met forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.9 0.3 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.1 0.0 C0 ₂ damage (% of GNI) 1.1 0.8 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 1.1 0.8				100
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 83 99 Rural (% of rural population) 64 99 Urban (% of rural population) 88 100 Environment and health PM2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 85 62 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five)				99
Rural (% of rural population) 64 99 Urban (% of urban population) 88 100 Environment and health 18 17 PM2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (μg/cu. m) <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				
Urban (% of urban population) 88 100 Environment and health PM2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (μg/cu. m) 18 17 PM2.5 exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 18 6 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation 17.7 22.2 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 10.2 16.6 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 4.9 4.8 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.9 0.3 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.9 0.3 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.1 0.0 CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) 1.1 0.8 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.2 0.3				
PM2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 18 17 PM2.5 exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) .85 62 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 18 6 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation 17.7 22.2 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 10.2 16.6 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 4.9 4.8 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.9 0.3 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.9 0.3 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.1 0.0 C0 ₂ damage (% of GNI) 1.1 0.8 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.2 0.3				100
PM2.5 pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 18 17 PM2.5 exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) .85 62 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 18 6 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation 17.7 22.2 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 10.2 16.6 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 4.9 4.8 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.9 0.3 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.9 0.3 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.1 0.0 C0 ₂ damage (% of GNI) 1.1 0.8 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.2 0.3	Environment and health			
PM2.5 exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 85 62 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 18 6 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation 17.7 22.2 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 10.2 16.6 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 4.9 4.8 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.9 0.3 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.9 0.3 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.1 0.0 C0 ₂ damage (% of GNI) 1.1 0.8 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.2 0.3			18	17
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) <td>PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)</td> <td></td> <td>85</td> <td>62</td>	PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)		85	62
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)				
Gross savings (% of GNI) 17.7 22.2 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 10.2 16.6 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 4.9 4.8 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.9 0.3 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.9 0.1 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.1 0.0 CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) 1.1 0.8 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.2 0.1			18	6
Gross savings (% of GNI) 17.7 22.2 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 10.2 16.6 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 4.9 4.8 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.9 0.3 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.9 0.1 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.1 0.0 CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) 1.1 0.8 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.2 0.1	National accounting aggregates—savings denle	tion and	l degradat	ion
Education expenditure (% of GNI) 4.9 4.8 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.9 0.3 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.9 0.1 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.1 0.0 CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) 1.1 0.6 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.2 0.1	Gross savings (% of GNI)		17.7	22.2
Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.9 0.3 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.9 0.1 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.1 0.0 CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) 1.1 0.6 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.2 0.1				16.6
Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.9 0.1 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.1 0.0 CO2 damage (% of GNI) 1.1 0.8 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.2 0.1				
Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.1 0.0 CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) 1.1 0.8 Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.2 0.1				0.3
$ \begin{array}{cccc} \text{CO}_2 \text{ damage (\% of GNI)} & & 1.1 & 0.8 \\ \text{Air pollution damage (\% of GNI)} & & 0.2 & 0.1 \\ \end{array} $				0.0
	CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)			0.8
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI) 9.4 9.1	Air pollution damage (% of GNI) Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)		0.2 9.4	0.1 9.1



30 GDP (\$ millions) 32 7 Population (thousands) 10 Land area (sq. km) Upper East Asia middle-Country & Pacific income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 6.230 9.771 8.263 7,546 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 6,302 59.7 56.6 Urban population (% of total) 64.1 Agriculture 60 49 35 Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) 2,208 Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 6.966 1.657 4.958 4.104 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity 34.9 333 26.3 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 0.0 -0.20.0 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 2.4 15.6 15.2 918 1.056 1 Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds 1 1.097 1.511 2,315 12 1,549 Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants 0 3,515 6.808 **Oceans** 132.587 103.240 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 6.1 0.9 -0.5 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 18.2 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 6.5 5.3 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 0.3 17.0 9.9 710 203.050 48 880 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 0.40 67.121 50.774 **Energy and emissions** 2,192 Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 2,137 7.7 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 7.3 3.682 3.495 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 76.4 71.1 15.0 21.0 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 6.3 6.6 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 4.529 8.261 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 11.3 6.3 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 71 68 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 95 98 94 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 97 90 91 Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) 98 97 97 83 77 80 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 80 64 67 Rural (% of rural population) 86 87 87 Urban (% of urban population) **Environment and health** 44 42 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 97 95 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 27 17 19 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 39.136.6 4.7 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 20.7 18.0 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 2.7 3.0 .. 0.3 1.1 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.2 0.4 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.0 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 2.1 2.6 CO2 damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.3 0.3 17.2 18.1 Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

Uganda

Population (millions) 39.0 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	201 GD	P (\$ billions	s) 27.5
	Country data	Sub- Saharan Africa group	Low- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$)	700	1,631	619
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$)	<i>4</i> 90	1,239	497
Urban population (% of total)	16.1	37.7	30.7
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$)	72	42	39
	0.1		
	469	1,219	504
Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	2,019	1,452	1,486
Forests and biodiversity Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	10.4	25.7	27.4
	4.1	0.5	0.5
	16.0	15.3	15.2
	29	918	619
	25	876	599
	57	2,023	1,156
	52	3,740	1,962
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km)	514 4.0 39.2 0.0	7,416 1.8 17.0 6.1 17,980 28,061	3,954 2.2 3.1 3.5 12,520 15,778
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	 0.1	701 57.4 497 64.3 21.2 0.8	79.1 0.3
Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	1,032	3,986	4,629
	1.6	3.2	3.3
	41	81	90
	79	68	66
	76	56	56
	96	87	87
	19	30	28
	17	23	23
	29	40	40
Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	60	36	39
	100	99	99
) 15	5	6
	23	14	16
	55	83	76
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple Gross savings (% of GNI)	tion and	degradat	tion 14.7
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI) CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	14.3	13.8	10.6
	2.0	3.3	3.2
	0.0	1.7	0.4
	0.0	0.9	1.5
	13.6	2.3	6.6
	0.6	1.6	1.2
Air pollution damage (% of GNI) Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	1.7	1.2	1.7
	-5.2	-3.9	-3.8

Ukraine

579 GDP (\$ billions) Population (millions) 45.2 Land area (1,000 sq. km) 90.6 Europe & Lower Central middle-Country Asia income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 2.640 24.275 2.029 18,328 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 1,805 1.767 Urban population (% of total) 69.7 70.9 39.0 Agriculture 44 Agricultural land (% land area) 71 29 0.8 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 6.310 14.018 1.614 4.399 3.910 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) 3.185 Forests and biodiversity 24.3 16.7 38.0 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -0.1-0.10.4 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 4.0 12.6 12.0 10 350 1.134 Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds 18 638 1.199 24 1,220 2,011 Threatened species, fish 1.032 Threatened species, higher plants 18 3,971 **Oceans** 18.438 58.665 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 142 -7.6 24 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -0.9Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -2.32.9 12.0 10.7 13.0 5.0 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 128 580 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 68.563 **Energy and emissions** Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 2,334 3.157 651 5.9 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 18 28.5 3.419 5.369 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 777 74.9 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 45.8 49.8 4.7 16.6 14.9 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 6.0 7.3 1.4 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 7.850 3.003 1.217 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 27.0 7.4 18.4 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 30 47 88 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 90 96 98 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 87 98 96 Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) 96 99 94 96 93 52 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 93 89 42 Rural (% of rural population) 97 95 67 Urban (% of urban population) **Environment and health** 19 58 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 19 PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 89 99 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) a 11 53 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 15.1 276 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 12.5 16.1 9.7 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 6.6 4.8 3.0 0.9 0.6 0.8 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.3 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.1 0.1Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.0 0.4 2.3 7.2 1.0 CO2 damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.40.1 0.9 9.5 0.6 16.1 Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

United Arab Emirates

Population (millions) 9.2 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	84 GD	84 GDP (\$ billions)		84 GDP (\$ billions) 3 7	370.3
	Country data	Middle East & N. Africa group	High- income group		
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$)	43,090	8,229	41,932		
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	35,848 85.5	6,251 64.2	33,454 81.1		
Agriculture					
Agricultural land (% land area)	5 12.5	33	36		
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$		6,275	30,017		
Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	41,908	2,299	5,919		
Forests and biodiversity	2.0	0.4	00.0		
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	3.9 -0.3	2.1 -0.8	28.9 -0.0		
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	18.6	11.7	15.7		
Threatened species, mammals	8	224	527		
Threatened species, birds	12	279	923		
Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	17 0	610 290	2,263 2,176		
Oceans					
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	73.8	4,857	33,549		
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	-2.4	2.0	-1.5		
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	21.0	9.4 3.8	2.6 23.7		
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km)	1,190	15,470	83,900		
Mangroves area (sq. km)	68.2	513	15,283		
Energy and emissions					
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)	7,756	2,365	4,745		
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	0.1 11,245	0.6 2,906	5.3 9.066		
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	99.7	96.3	60.7		
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)	0.0	2.6	12.0		
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	18.7	6.0	11.0		
Water and sanitation	17	555	8,733		
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	2,665.3	138.4	9.8		
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	83	85	41		
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	100	93	100		
Rural (% of rural population)	100 100	89 96	99 100		
Urban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	98	91	99		
Rural (% of rural population)	95	87	99		
Urban (% of urban population)	98	93	100		
Environment and health	0.4	04	4.7		
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	64 100	61 100	17 62		
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five		100			
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)	.,				
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	7	23	6		
National accounting aggregates—savings, deplo	etion and				
Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	8.2	24.7 9.9	22.2 16.6		
Education expenditure (% of GNI)		5.2	4.8		
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	3.2	4.7	0.3		
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.0	0.1		
Net forest depletion (% of GNI) CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	0.0 1.5	0.1 2.1	0.0 0.8		
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	0.3	0.2	0.5		
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)		12.9	9.1		

United Kingdom

Population (millions) **65.1** Land area (1,000 sq. km) **242** GDP (\$ billions) **2,861.1**

	Country data	Europe & Central Asia group	High- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$)	43,700	24,275	41,932
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$)	37,441	18,328	33,454
Urban population (% of total)	82.6	70.9	81.1
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$)		29 14,018	36 30,017
Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	7,697	3,910	5,919
Forests and biodiversity Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	13.0	38.0	28.9
	-0.4	-0.1	-0.0
	28.4	12.6	15.7
	5	350	527
	8	638	923
	47	1,220	2,263
	16	1,032	2,176
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km)	912 -0.4 2.1 17.2	18,438 -0.9 2.9 13.0	33,549 -1.5 2.6 23.7 83,900 15,283
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	2,777	3,157	4,745
	5.1	5.9	5.3
	5,130	5,369	9,066
	60.8	49.8	60.7
	1.8	16.6	12.0
	7.1	7.3	11.0
Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	2,244 5.7 13 100 100 100 99 100 99	7,850 7.4 47 98 96 99 93 89	8,733 9.8 41 100 99 100 99 99
Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (μg/cu. m) PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	12	19	17
	90	89	62
)		
	4		6
National accounting aggregates—savings, deplet Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI) CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	13.1	22.5	22.2
	13.3	16.1	16.6
	5.4	4.8	4.8
	0.3	0.6	0.3
	0.0	0.1	0.1
	0.0	0.0	0.0
	0.5	1.0	0.8
	0.1	0.1	0.1
	4.3	9.5	9.1

United States

Population (millions) **321.4** Land area (1,000 sq. km) **9,147** GDP (\$ billions) **18,036.6**

	Country data	North America group	High- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$)	55,980	55,117	41,932
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$)	48,683	47,319	33,454
Urban population (% of total)	81.6	81.6	81.1
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area)	45	26	36
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	5.5 78,224 7,638	78,898 6,867	30,017 5,919
Forests and biodiversity Forest area (% land area)	33.9	36.0	28.9
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) Threatened species, mammals	-0.1	-0.1	-0.0
	13.9	11.6	15.7
	35	53	527
Threatened species, birds Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	77	93	923
	249	318	2,263
	462	480	2,176
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	5,471	6,522	33,549
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	0.4	0.1	-1.5
	-0.5	0.3	2.6
	31.7	16.4	23.7
Coral reef area (sq. km)	1,250	1,620	83,900
Mangroves area (sq. km)	3,030	3,030	15,283
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	6,949	7,042	4,745
	4.7	4.8	5.3
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	12,973	13,230	9,066
	67.5	61.2	60.7
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	6.1	12.9	12.0
	16.4	16.1	11.0
Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	8,836	15,991	8,733
	17.2	9.3	9.8
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population)	36	34	41
	99	99	100
	98	98	99
Urban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	99 100	99 100	100 99 99
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	100 100	100 100	100
Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	8 9	8	17 62
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)) 7	 6	6
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple Gross savings (% of GNI)	tion and	degradat	tion 22.2
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI)	15.3	15.5	16.6
	5.1	5.0	4.8
Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.1	0.1	0.3
	0.0	0.1	0.1
	0.0	0.0	0.0
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI) Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	0.8	0.9	0.8
	0.1	0.1	0.1
	7.4	7.3	9.1

Uruguay

Latin

Population (millions) 3.4 Land area (1,000 sq. km) 175 GDP (\$ billions) 53.4

	Country data	Latin America & Caribbean group	
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	15,720 12,612 95.3	7,249	41,932 33,454 81.1
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	83 1.4		36
Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	18,471 4,003		30,017 5,919
Forests and biodiversity Forest area (% land area)	10.5	46.3	28.9
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	-2.0		-0.0
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	2.7	23.3	15.7
Threatened species, mammals	10		527
Threatened species, birds	22	1,011	923
Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	40 22	, -	2,263 2,176
Oceans	F0.7	44440	00.540
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	59.7 -4.2		33,549 -1.5
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	6.0		2.6
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	1.8		23.7
Coral reef area (sq. km)		00 000	83,900
Mangroves area (sq. km)		41,330	15,283
Energy and emissions	1,378	1,337	1715
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)	36.5		4,745 5.3
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	3,068		9,066
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	9.1		60.7
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)	74.2		12.0
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	2.2	3.0	11.0
Water and sanitation	26,963	22,160	8,733
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	4.0		9.8
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	87		41
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	100		100
Rural (% of rural population)	94		99
Urban (% of urban population)	100		100
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	96 93		99 99
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	93	64 88	100
Environment and health			
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	11	18	17
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	. 86		62
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five))		
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	10		6
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple			
Gross savings (% of GNI)	16.4		22.2
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	14.5 4.3		16.6 4.8
Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.0		0.3
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.0		0.3
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	1.1		0.0
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	0.5		0.8
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)	0.1		0.1
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	4.5	9.4	9.1

Uzbekistan

Population (millions) 31.3 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	425 GE	GDP (\$ billions) 6	
	Country data	Europe & Central Asia group	Lower middle- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	2,160 1,962 36.4	24,275 18,328 70.9	2,029 1,767 39.0
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area)	63	29	44
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	3,777 4,831	14,018 3,910	1,614 3,185
Forests and biodiversity			
Forest area (% land area)	7.6	38.0	24.3
Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	-0.0 3.4	-0.1 12.6	0.4 12.0
Threatened species, mammals	10	350	1,134
Threatened species, manimals Threatened species, birds	20	638	1,199
Threatened species, fish	7	1,220	2,011
Threatened species, higher plants	17	1,032	3,971
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	59.9	18,438	58,665
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	13.8	-0.9	2.4
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	13.3	2.9	12.0
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	0.0	13.0	5.0
Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km)			128,580 68,563
Energy and emissions			
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)	1,419	3,157	651
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	0.0	5.9	28.5
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	1,645	5,369	777
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	78.6	49.8	74.9 14.9
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	21.4 3.4	16.6 7.3	1.4
Water and sanitation			
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	531	7,850	3,003
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	342.7	7.4	18.4
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	90 87	47 98	88 90
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	81	96	90 87
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	99	99	94
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	100	93	52
Rural (% of rural population)	100	89	42
Urban (% of urban population)	100	95	67
Environment and health	40	19	58
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	100	89	99
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five)			
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)			
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	39	11	53
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple	tion and	l degradat	ion
Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	4.2	22.5 16.1	27.6 9.7
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	9.4	4.8	3.0
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	2.9	0.6	0.8
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	2.6	0.1	0.3
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.0	0.4
iver intest depletion (% of divi)			
CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	4.5	1.0	2.3
	4.5 0.6	0.1 9.5	2.3 0.9 16.1

Vanuatu

12 GDP (\$ millions) 742.4 Population (thousands) 265 Land area (1,000 sq. km) Lower East Asia middle-Country & Pacific income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 3.170 9.771 2.029 7,546 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 2.881 1.767 Urban population (% of total) 26.1 56.6 39.0 Agriculture 49 44 Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) 4.299 Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 1.657 1.614 4.958 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) 614 3.185Forests and biodiversity 24.3 36.1 26.3 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 0.0 -0.20.4 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 4.2 15.6 12.0 7 1.134 918 Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds 9 1.097 1.199 17 1,549 2,011 Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants 10 3,515 3,971 **Oceans** 132.587 58.665 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 75.6 0.9 24 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 0.5 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 6.5 12.0 0.0 17.0 5.0 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 4 110 203.050 128 580 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 20.5 67.121 68.563 **Energy and emissions** Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 2,137 651 7.7 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 28.5 3.682 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 777 74.9 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 76.4 15.0 14.9 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 0.4 6.3 1.4 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 3,003 38.627 4.529 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 11.3 18.4 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 71 88 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 95 94 90 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 93 87 90 Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) 99 97 94 58 77 52 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 55 64 42 Rural (% of rural population) 65 87 67 Urban (% of urban population) **Environment and health** q 44 58 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 97 99 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 28 17 53 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 29.5 39.127.6 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 8.5 20.7 9.7 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 5.0 2.7 3.0 0.0 0.3 0.8 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.2 0.3 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.0 0.4 0.4 2.1 2.3 CO2 damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 1.4 0.3 0.9 24.3 18.1 16.1 Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

Venezuela, RB

Population (millions) 31.1 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	882 GI	OP (\$ billions	371.3
	Country data	Latin America & Caribbean group	
GNI per capita, <i>World Bank Atlas</i> method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	11,780 10,987 89.0	8,968 7,249 79.9	8,263 6,302 64.1
Agriculture	24	38	25
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$)		7,188 4,169	35 2,208 4,104
Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	4,014	4,109	4,104
Forests and biodiversity Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) Threatened species, mammals	52.9 0.3 53.9 35	46.3 0.4 23.3 622	34.9 0.0 15.2 1,056
Threatened species, birds Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	44 43 82	1,011 1,642 5,108	1,511 2,315 6,808
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km)	260 -2.6 2.3 16.8 480 3,569	-3.5 7.7 15.5 20,320	103,240 -0.5 5.3 9.9 48,880 50,774
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	2,271 1.1 2,661 31.7 68.3 6.1	1,337 17.1 2,122 43.1 46.5 3.0	2,192 7.3 3,495 71.1 21.0 6.6
Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	26,227 2.8 74 93 78 95 94 70 98	22,160 2.4 71 95 84 97 83 64 88	8,261 6.3 68 95 91 97 80 67 87
Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	24 100) 15	18 85 18	42 95 19
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple			
Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI) Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Not forcet depletion (% of CNI)	19.6 6.2 6.5 1.2 0.1 0.0	17.7 10.2 4.9 0.9 0.9 0.1	36.6 18.0 3.0 1.1 0.4 0.0
Net forest depletion (% of GNI) CO ₂ damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI) Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	0.0 1.4 0.2 17.1		2.6 0.3 17.2

Population (millions) 91.7 Land area (1,000 sq. km) 310 GDP (\$ billions) 193.6 Lower East Asia middle-Country & Pacific income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 1.990 9.771 2.029 7,546 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 1,736 1.767 56.6 Urban population (% of total) 33.6 39.0 Agriculture 35 49 44 Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) 806 Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 1.657 1.614 5.578 4.958 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) 3.185Forests and biodiversity 24.3 476 26.3 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -1.6-0.20.4 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 6.5 15.6 12.0 55 1.134 918 Threatened species, mammals 46 Threatened species, birds 1.097 1.199 80 1,549 2,011 Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants 204 3,515 3,971 **Oceans** 132.587 58.665 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 6.208 24 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 3.6 0.9 Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 13.5 6.5 12.0 1.8 17.0 5.0 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 1 270 203.050 128 580 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 1.056 67.121 68.563 **Energy and emissions** Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 668 2,137 651 7.7 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 25.3 28.5 3.682 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 1.439 74.9 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 58.4 76.4 41.5 15.0 14.9 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 1.7 6.3 1.4 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 4.529 3.003 3.961 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) 22.8 11.3 18.4 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 95 71 88 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 98 94 90 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 97 90 87 Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population) 99 97 94 78 77 52 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 70 64 42 Rural (% of rural population) 94 87 67 Urban (% of urban population) **Environment and health** 28 44 58 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 97 99 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 22 17 53 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 28.8 39.127.6 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 12.3 20.7 9.7 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 5.4 2.7 3.0 0.9 0.3 0.8 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.2 0.3 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.1 Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.0 0.0 0.4 2.3 2.9 2.1 CO2 damage (% of GNI) Air pollution damage (% of GNI) 0.3 0.3 0.9 17.7 18.1 16.1

Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

Virgin Islands (U.S.)

Population (thousands) 104 Land area (sq. km) 350 GDP (\$ millions) 3.8 Latin America & High-Country Caribbean income data group group GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) 8.968 41.932 7,249 Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) 33 454 95.3 79.9 Urban population (% of total) 81.1 Agriculture 36 Agricultural land (% land area) 11 38 Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) 7.188 30.017 Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) 4.169 5.919 Cereal yield (kg per hectare) Forests and biodiversity 28.9 50.3 463 Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 1.0 0.4 -0.015.3 23.3 15.7 Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area) 622 527 Threatened species, mammals 1 923 Threatened species, birds 1 1.011 27 2,263 1.642 Threatened species, fish 12 5.108 2.176 Threatened species, higher plants **Oceans** 14.416 33.549 Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons) 0.39-1.5 Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) -9.4 -3.5Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) 7.7 2.6 2.0 15.5 23.7 Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters) 200 20.320 83 900 Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km) 2.6 41.330 15.283 **Energy and emissions** Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) 1.337 4.745 5.3 Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) 17.1 Electric power consumption per capita (kWh) 2.122 9.066 Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) 43.1 60.7 46.5 12.0 Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) 3.0 11.0 CO2 emissions per capita (metric tons) Water and sanitation 22.160 8.733 Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m) .. 2.4 9.8 Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) 71 41 Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) 100 100 95 Access to improved water source (% of total population) 100 84 99 Rural (% of rural population) 97 100 100 Urban (% of urban population) 96 83 99 Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) 96 64 99 Rural (% of rural population) 96 88 100 Urban (% of urban population) **Environment and health** 18 17 PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) 16 PM_{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) 100 85 62 Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five) Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 18 6 National accounting aggregates—savings, depletion and degradation Gross savings (% of GNI) 222 Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI) 10.2 16.6 Education expenditure (% of GNI) 9.4 4.9 48 0.9 0.3 Energy depletion (% of GNI) 0.9 Mineral depletion (% of GNI) 0.1 .. Net forest depletion (% of GNI) 0.1 .. 1.1 0.8 CO2 damage (% of GNI) 0.2 0.1

Air pollution damage (% of GNI)

Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)

..

94

9.1

West Bank and Gaza

Population (millions) 4.4 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	6.0 GDP (\$ billion		6.0 GDP (\$ billions) 12.7
	Country data	Middle East & N. Africa group	Lower middle- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$)	3,090	8,229	2,029
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	75.3	6,251 64.2	1,767 39.0
Agriculture			
Agricultural land (% land area) Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land)	50 5.6	33	44
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$)		6,275	1,614
Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	1,851	2,299	3,185
Forests and biodiversity	1.5	2.1	242
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	1.5 -0.1	2.1 -0.8	24.3 0.4
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	0.1	11.7	12.0
Threatened species, mammals	3	224	1,134
Threatened species, birds	13	279	1,199
Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	2	610 290	2,011 3,971
Oceans			
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	3.5	4,857	58,665
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	1.4	2.0 9.4	2.4 12.0
Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)		3.8	5.0
Coral reef area (sq. km)		15,470	128,580
Mangroves area (sq. km)		513	68,563
Energy and emissions		2.265	651
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)		2,365 0.6	28.5
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)		2,906	777
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)		96.3	74.9
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	0.6	2.6 6.0	14.9 1.4
Water and sanitation			
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	189	555	3,003
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	51.5	138.4	18.4
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	45 58	85 93	88 90
Access to improved water source (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population)	82	89	87
Urban (% of urban population)	51	96	94
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	92	91	52
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	90 93	87 93	42 67
Environment and health			
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	21	61	58
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	100	100	99
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five))		
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	21	23	53
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple			tion
Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	1.9 9.9	24.7 9.9	27.6 9.7
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	3.3	5.2	3.0
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	4.7	0.8
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.0	0.3
		0.1	0.4
Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.4		
	0.4	2.1 0.2	2.3

Yemen, Rep.

Population (millions) 26.8 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	528 GDP (\$ billions		is) 37.7
	Country data	Middle East & N. Africa group	Lower middle- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$)	1,140	8,229	2,029
Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	1,284 34.6	6,251 64.2	1,767 39.0
Agriculture			
Agricultural land (% land area)	45	33	44
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$)	1,090	6,275	1,614
Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	963	2,299	3,185
Forests and biodiversity	1.0	2.1	24.3
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	0.0	-0.8	0.4
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	0.8	11.7	12.0
Threatened species, mammals	9	224	1,134
Threatened species, birds	18 32	279 610	1,199 2,011
Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	162	290	3,971
Oceans			
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	160 2.2	4,857 2.0	58,665 2.4
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000–15)	2.2	9.4	12.0
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	3.6	3.8	5.0
Coral reef area (sq. km)	700	15,470	128,580
Mangroves area (sq. km)	9.3	513	68,563
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent)	324	2,365	651
Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	1.3	0.6	28.5
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	217	2,906	777
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	100.0	96.3 2.6	74.9 14.9
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	1.0	6.0	1.4
Water and sanitation			
Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	80	555	3,003
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	169.8 91	138.4 85	18.4 88
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal) Access to improved water source (% of total population)	55	93	90
Rural (% of rural population)	47	89	87
Urban (% of urban population)	72	96	94
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population) Rural (% of rural population)	53 34	91 87	52 42
Urban (% of urban population)	93	93	67
Environment and health			
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m)	53	61	58
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five	100	100	99
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)	31		
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	42	23	53
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple	tion and	degradat	tion 27.6
Gross savings (% of GNI) Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	4.9	9.9	9.7
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	3.6	5.2	3.0
Energy depletion (% of GNI)	0.4	4.7	0.8
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	0.0 0.1	0.3 0.4
Net forest depletion (% of GNI) CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	1.5	2.1	2.3
Air pollution damage (% of GNI)		0.2	0.9
Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)		12.9	16.1

Zambia

Population (millions) 16.2 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	743 GD	P (\$ billions) 21.2
	Country data	Sub- Saharan Africa group	Lower middle- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	1,490 960 40.9	1,631 1,239 37.7	2,029 1,767 39.0
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area)	32	42	44
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	517 2,755	1,219 1,452	1,614 3,185
Forests and biodiversity	05.4	05.7	04.0
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	65.4 0.3	25.7 0.5	24.3 0.4
Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	37.9	15.3	12.0
Threatened species, mammals	12	918	1,134
Threatened species, birds	18 20	876 2,023	1,199 2,011
Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	20	3,740	3,971
Oceans			
Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	106 1.5	7,416 1.8	58,665 2.4
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15)	11.9	17.0	12.0
Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	0.0	6.1	5.0
Coral reef area (sq. km)		17,980	128,580
Mangroves area (sq. km)		28,061	68,563
Energy and emissions	631	701	651
Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total)	78.9	57.4	28.5
Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	703	497	777
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total)	2.8	64.3	74.9
Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total)	97.2 0.3	21.2 0.8	14.9 1.4
CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	0.3	0.6	1.4
Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	5,101	3,986	3,003
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources)	2.0	3.2	18.4
Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	73	81	88
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	65	68	90
Rural (% of rural population)	51 86	56 87	87 94
Urban (% of urban population) Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	44	30	52
Rural (% of rural population)	36	23	42
Urban (% of urban population)	56	40	67
Environment and health	27	36	58
PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (µg/cu. m) PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	100	99	99
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five		5	
Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five)	16	14	
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	64	83	53
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple Gross savings (% of GNI)	tion and	degradat	ion 27.6
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	16.8	13.8	9.7
Education expenditure (% of GNI)	1.1	3.3	3.0
	0.0	1.7	0.8
Energy depletion (% of GNI)			
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	5.7	0.9	
Mineral depletion (% of GNI) Net forest depletion (% of GNI)	0.0	2.3	0.3 0.4 2.3
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)			

Zimbabwe

Population (millions) 15.6 Land area (1,000 sq. km)	387 GDP (\$ billions		1. km) 387 GDP (\$ billions) 14. 4
	Country data	Sub- Saharan Africa group	Low- income group
GNI per capita, World Bank Atlas method (\$) Adjusted net national income per capita (\$) Urban population (% of total)	860 755 32.4	1,631 1,239 37.7	619 497 30.7
Agriculture Agricultural land (% land area)	42	42	39
Agricultural irrigated land (% of total agricultural land) Agricultural productivity, value added per worker (2010 \$) Cereal yield (kg per hectare)	422 541	1,219 1,452	504 1,486
Forests and biodiversity		, -	
Forest area (% land area) Deforestation (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area)	36.4 1.9 26.6 9	25.7 0.5 15.3 918	27.4 0.5 15.2 619
Threatened species, mammals Threatened species, birds Threatened species, fish Threatened species, higher plants	17 3 17	876 2,023 3,740	599 1,156 1,962
Oceans Total fisheries production (thousand metric tons)	21.1	7,416	3,954
Capture fisheries growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Aquaculture growth (avg. annual %, 2000-15) Marine protected areas (% of territorial waters)	-1.5 11.2 0.0	1.8 17.0 6.1	2.2 3.1 3.5
Coral reef area (sq. km) Mangroves area (sq. km)		17,980 28,061	12,520 15,778
Energy and emissions Energy use per capita (kg oil equivalent) Energy from biomass products and waste (% of total) Electric power consumption per capita (kWh)	758 63.1 543	701 57.4 497	79.1
Electricity generated using fossil fuel (% of total) Electricity generated by hydropower (% of total) CO ₂ emissions per capita (metric tons)	44.4 54.2 0.9	64.3 21.2 0.8	0.3
Water and sanitation Internal freshwater resources per capita (cu. m)	804	3,986	4,629
Total freshwater withdrawal (% of internal resources) Agriculture (% of total freshwater withdrawal)	29.1 82	3.2 81	3.3 90
Access to improved water source (% of total population)	77	68	66
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	67 97	56 87	56 87
Access to improved sanitation (% of total population)	37 31	30	28 23
Rural (% of rural population) Urban (% of urban population)	49	23 40	40
Environment and health PM _{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure (μg/cu. m)	23	36	39
PM _{2.5} exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level)	100	99	99
Acute resp. infection prevalence (% of children under five Diarrhea prevalence (% of children under five) Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)) 4 17 71	5 14 83	6 16 76
National accounting aggregates—savings, deple Gross savings (% of GNI)	tion and	degradat	tion 14.7
Consumption of fixed capital (% of GNI)	12.1	13.8	10.6
Education expenditure (% of GNI) Energy depletion (% of GNI)	1.9 0.2	3.3 1.7	3.2 0.4
Mineral depletion (% of GNI)	2.6	0.9	1.5
Net forest depletion (% of GNI) CO ₂ damage (% of GNI)	0.0 3.3	2.3 1.6	6.6 1.2
Air pollution damage (% of GNI) Adjusted net savings (% of GNI)	0.9 -16.1	1.2 -3.9	1.7 -3.8

Notes

- a. Refers to area free from ice.
- b. Includes South Sudan.

Glossary

Access to improved sanitation facilities refers to the percentage of the population using improved sanitation facilities. Improved sanitation facilities are likely to ensure hygienic separation of human excreta from human contact. They include flush/pour flush (to piped sewer system, septic tank, pit latrine), ventilated improved pit (VIP) latrine, pit latrine with slab, and composting toilet. (WHO/UNICEF Joint Monitoring Programme for Water Supply and Sanitation; data are for 2015)

Access to improved water source refers to the percentage of the population using an improved drinking water source. An improved drinking water source includes piped water on premises (piped household water connection located inside the user's dwelling, plot or yard), and other improved drinking water sources (public taps or standpipes, tube wells or boreholes, protected dug wells, protected springs, and rainwater collection). (WHO/UNICEF Joint Monitoring Programme for Water Supply and Sanitation; data are for 2015)

Acute respiratory infection prevalence is the percentage of children under age five with acute respiratory infection in the two weeks prior to the survey. (ICF International; data are for the most recent year available during 2008–14)

Adjusted net national income per capita equals gross national income minus consumption of fixed capital, energy depletion, mineral depletion, and net forest depletion, divided by midyear population. (World Bank; data are for 2015)

Adjusted net savings equal gross savings minus consumption of fixed capital, plus education expenditures, minus energy depletion, mineral depletion, net forest depletion, and carbon dioxide and air pollution damage. (World Bank: data are for 2015)

Agricultural irrigated land refers to agricultural areas purposely provided with water, including land irrigated by controlled flooding. (Food and Agriculture Organization; data are for 2014)

Agricultural land is arable land, land under permanent crops, and permanent pastures. Arable land includes land defined by the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations as land under temporary crops (double-cropped areas are counted once), temporary meadows for mowing or for pasture, land under market or kitchen gardens, and land temporarily fallow. Land abandoned as a result of shifting cultivation is excluded. Land under permanent crops is land cultivated with crops that occupy the land for long periods and need not be replanted after each harvest, such as cocoa, coffee, and rubber. This category includes land under flowering shrubs, fruit trees, nut trees, and vines but excludes land under trees grown for wood or timber. Permanent pasture is land used for five or more years for forage, including natural and cultivated crops. (Food and Agriculture Organization; data are for 2014)

Agricultural productivity is the ratio of agricultural value added, measured in 2010 U.S. dollars, to the number of workers in agriculture. Agricultural productivity is measured by value added per unit of input. Agricultural value added includes that from forestry and fishing. Thus interpretations of land

productivity should be made with caution. (Food and Agriculture Organization and World Bank; data are for 2014)

Air pollution damage is the damage due to exposure of a country's population to ambient concentrations of particulates measuring less than 2.5 microns in diameter ($PM_{2.5}$), ambient ozone pollution, and indoor concentrations of $PM_{2.5}$ in households cooking with solid fuels. Damages are calculated as foregone labor income due to premature death. (Data on health impacts from pollution exposure are from the Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation's Global Burden of Disease Study 2015; data are for 2015)

Aquaculture growth is the exponential change in aquaculture fisheries production for the period indicated. Aquaculture is understood to mean the farming of aquatic organisms including fish, molluscs, crustaceans, and aquatic plants. Aquaculture production specifically refers to output from aquaculture activities, which are designated for final harvest for consumption. (Food and Agriculture Organization; data are for 2000–2015)

Capture fisheries growth is the exponential change in capture fisheries production for the period indicated. Capture fisheries production measures the volume of fish catches landed by a country for all commercial, industrial, recreational, and subsistence purposes. (Food and Agriculture Organization; data are for 2000–2015)

Carbon dioxide (CO₂) damage, following the World Bank guidelines for the social cost of carbon, is estimated at \$30 per tCO2e emitted in 2015 (in 2014 U.S. dollars) times the number of tons of carbon emitted. (World Bank estimates; data are for 2015)

Carbon dioxide (CO₂) emissions per capita are carbon dioxide emissions divided by midyear population. (Carbon Dioxide Information Analysis Center, World Bank, and United Nations; data are for 2013)

Cereal yield measured as kilograms per hectare of harvested land, includes wheat, rice, maize, barley, oats, rye, millet, sorghum, buckwheat, and mixed grains. Production data on cereals relate to crops harvested for dry grain only. Cereal crops harvested for hay or harvested green for food, feed, or silage and those used for grazing are excluded. The FAO allocates production data to the calendar year in which the bulk of the harvest took place. Most of a crop harvested near the end of a year will be used in the following year. (Food and Agriculture Organization; data are for 2014)

Consumption of fixed capital is the replacement value of capital used up in the process of production. (United Nations, Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development, and the Penn World Table (Feenstra, Inklaar, and Timmler 2015), with missing data estimated by World Bank staff; data are for 2015)

Coral reef area is a country's area of coral reefs, which are shallow marine habitats defined both by a physical structure (corals) and by the organisms found on them. (See *The World Atlas of Coral Reefs* (2001), UNEP-World Conservation Monitoring Centre)

Glossary

Deforestation is the permanent conversion of natural forest area to other uses, including shifting cultivation, permanent agriculture, ranching, settlements, and infrastructure development. Deforested areas do not include areas logged but intended for regeneration or areas degraded by fuel-wood gathering, acid precipitation, or forest fires. Negative numbers indicate an increase in forest areas. (Food and Agriculture Organization; data are for 2000–2015)

Diarrhea prevalence is the percentage of children under age five who had diarrhea in the two weeks prior to the survey. (ICF International; data are for the most recent year available during 2008–14)

Education expenditure is public current operating expenditures in education, including wages and salaries and excluding capital investments in buildings and equipment. (United Nations; data are extrapolated to 2015 from the most recent year available)

Electric power consumption per capita is the production of power plants and combined heat and power plants, minus transmission, distribution, and transformation losses and own use by heat and power plants plus imports minus exports divided by midyear population. (International Energy Agency; data are for 2014)

Electricity generated by hydropower is use of hydropower as a percentage of total inputs to the generation of electricity. (International Energy Agency; data are for 2014)

Electricity generated using fossil fuel is use of coal, oil, and gas as a percentage of total inputs to the generation of electricity. (International Energy Agency; data are for 2014)

Energy depletion is the ratio of the value of the stock of energy resources to the remaining reserve lifetime. It covers crude oil, natural gas, and coal. (See World Bank 2011 for details; data are for 2015)

Energy from biomass products and waste is energy from solid biomass, liquid biomass, biogas, industrial waste, and municipal waste as a percentage of total energy use. (International Energy Agency; data are for 2014)

Energy use per capita refers to apparent consumption, which is equal to indigenous production plus imports and stock changes, minus exports and fuels supplied to ships and aircraft engaged in international transport. (International Energy Agency; data are for 2014)

Fisheries production, total, measures the volume of aquatic species caught by a country for all commercial, industrial, recreational and subsistence purposes. The harvest from mariculture, aquaculture and other types of fish farming is also included. (Food and Agriculture Organization; data are for 2015)

Forest area is land under natural or planted stands of trees, whether productive or not. (Food and Agriculture Organization; data are for 2015)

Freshwater withdrawal, agriculture, is withdrawals for irrigation and livestock production as a percentage of total freshwater withdrawal. (World Resources Institute; data are for various years; for details see *World Development Indicators* 2017, *Primary data documentation*.)

Freshwater withdrawal, total, is total water withdrawal, excluding evaporation losses from storage basins and including water from desalination plants in countries where they are a significant source. Withdrawals can exceed 100 percent of internal renewable resources because river flows from other countries are not included, because extraction from nonrenewable aquifers or desalination plants is considerable, or because there is significant water reuse. (Food and Agriculture Organization and World Resources Institute; data are for various years; for details see World Development Indicators 2017, Sources and methods.)

GDP is gross domestic product and measures the total output of goods and services for final use occurring within the domestic territory of a given country, regardless of the allocation to domestic and foreign claims. GDP at purchaser values (market prices) is the sum of gross value added by all resident and nonresident producers in the economy plus any taxes and minus any subsidies not included in the value of the products. It is calculated without deductions for depreciation of fabricated assets or for depletion and degradation of natural resources. (World Bank, Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development, and United Nations; data are for 2015)

GNI is gross domestic product plus net receipts of primary income (employee compensation and property income) from abroad. GNI per capita is in current U.S. dollars, converted using the World Bank Atlas method (see *World Development Indicators 2017, Sources and methods*). (World Bank, Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development, and United Nations; data are for 2015)

GNI per capita is gross national income (GNI) divided by midyear population.

Gross savings are calculated as gross national income less total consumption, plus net transfers. (World Bank and Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; data are for 2015)

Internal freshwater resources per capita are internal renewable resources, which include flows of rivers and groundwater from rainfall in the country but excludes river flows from other countries, divided by midyear population. (Refers to data reported to the Food and Agriculture Organization as of 2014)

Land area is a country's total land area, excluding area under inland water bodies, national claims to continental shelf, and exclusive economic zones. In most cases the definition of inland water bodies includes major rivers and lakes. (Food and Agriculture Organization; data are for 2015)

Mangroves area is a country's total area of mangroves, which are plants of a variety of different species, including trees, shrubs, palms, and ferns, that grow in the tropics and subtropics in saline inter-tidal coastal habitats,

Glossary

such as estuaries and shorelines. (See *The World Atlas of Mangroves* (2010), International Society for Mangrove Ecosystems, The Nature Conservancy, Food and Agriculture Organization, UNEP-World Conservation Monitoring Centre)

Marine protected areas are areas of intertidal or subtidal terrain—and overlying water and associated flora and fauna and historical and cultural features—that have been reserved by law or other effective means to protect part or all of the enclosed environment. (United Nations Environmental Program and the World Conservation Monitoring Centre, as compiled by the World Resources Institute: data are for 2014)

Mineral depletion is the ratio of the value of the stock of mineral resources to the remaining reserve lifetime. It covers bauxite, copper, iron, lead, nickel, phosphate, tin, gold, silver, and zinc. (See World Bank 2011 for details; data are for 2015)

Net forest depletion is the product of unit resource rents and the excess of round-wood harvest over natural growth. If growth exceeds harvest, this figure is zero. (Food and Agriculture Organization and World Bank estimates of natural growth; data are for 2015)

 $PM_{2.5}$ exposure (% pop. exceeding WHO guideline level) is the portion of a country's population living in places where mean annual concentrations of $PM_{2.5}$ are greater than 10 micrograms per cubic meter, the guideline value recommended by the World Health Organization as the lower end of the range of concentrations over which adverse health effects due to $PM_{2.5}$ exposure have been observed. (For data sources, see van Donkelaar et al (2016), GBD 2015 (2016), and Shaddick et al (2016); data are for 2015)

PM_{2.5} pollution, mean annual exposure, is the average level of exposure of a nation's population to concentrations of suspended particulates measuring less than 2.5 microns in diameter, which are capable of penetrating deep into the respiratory tract and causing severe health damage. Exposure is calculated by weighting mean annual concentrations of PM_{2.5} by population in both urban and rural areas. (For data sources, see van Donkelaar et al (2016), GBD 2015 (2016), and Shaddick et al (2016); data are for 2015)

Population is the midyear estimate of all residents regardless of legal status citizenship, except for refugees not permanently settled in the country of asylum who are generally considered part of the population of their country of origin. (United Nations Population Division, national statistical offices, Eurostat, United Nations Statistical Division, United States Census Bureau, and World Bank; data are midyear estimates for 2015)

Terrestrial protected areas are totally or partially protected areas of at least 1,000 hectares that are designated as national parks, natural monuments, nature reserves or wildlife sanctuaries; protected landscapes and seascapes; and scientific reserves. It includes World Conservation Union–protected area categories I–VI. (United Nations Environmental Program and the World Conservation Monitoring Centre, as compiled by the World Resources Institute; data are for 2014)

Glossary

Threatened species, birds, are the number of species of birds classified by the International Union for Conservation of Nature (IUCN) as endangered, vulnerable, rare, indeterminate, out of danger, or insufficiently known. Birds are listed for countries included within their breeding or wintering ranges. (World Conservation Monitoring Centre and IUCN; data are for 2016)

Threatened species, fish, are the number of species of fish—cold-blooded aquatic vertebrates of the superclass Pisces—classified by the IUCN as endangered, vulnerable, rare, indeterminate, out of danger, or insufficiently known. (World Conservation Monitoring Centre and IUCN; data are for 2016)

Threatened species, higher plants, are the number of native vascular plant species classified by the IUCN as endangered, vulnerable, rare, indeterminate, out of danger, or insufficiently known. (World Conservation Monitoring Centre and IUCN; data are for 2016)

Threatened species, mammals, are the number of species of mammals—excluding whales and porpoises—classified by the IUCN as endangered, vulnerable, rare, indeterminate, out of danger, or insufficiently known. (World Conservation Monitoring Centre and IUCN; data are for 2016)

Under-five mortality rate is the probability per 1,000 that a newborn baby will die before age five if subject to age-specific mortality rates of the specified year. (United Nations Inter-agency Group for Child Mortality Estimation; data are for 2015)

Urban population is the share of the midyear population living in areas defined as urban in each country. (United Nations; data are for 2015)

References

FAO (Food and Agriculture Organization of the UN). 2016. The State of World Fisheries and Aquaculture 2016 (SOFIA). Rome: FAO.

Feenstra, Robert C., Robert Inklaar, and Marcel P. Timmer. 2015. "The Next Generation of the Penn World Table." [www.ggdc.net/pwt].

GBD 2015 Risk Factors Collaborators, "Global, regional, and national comparative risk assessment of 79 behavioural, environmental and occupational, and metabolic risks or clusters of risks, 1990–2015: a systematic analysis for the Global Burden of Disease Study 2015," *Lancet* 388 (2016): 1659–724.

Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation. 2016. Global Burden of Disease Study 2015 data. University of Washington, Seattle. [https://www.healthdata.org/gbd/data].

Mele, Gianluca. 2014. "Mauritania: Counting on Natural Wealth for a Sustainable Future." Policy Research Working Paper; No. 6887. World Bank, Washington, DC. https://openknowledge.worldbank.org/handle/10986/18798

Shaddick, G., M.L. Thomas, A. Jobling, M. Brauer, A. van Donkelaar, R. Burnett, H.H. Chang, A. Cohen, R. Van Dingenen, C. Dora, S. Gumy, Y. Liu, R.V. Martin, L.A. Waller, J. West, J.V. Zidek, A. Prüss-Ustün, "Data Integration Model for Air Quality: A Hierarchical Approach to the Global Estimation of Exposures to Ambient Air Pollution," submitted to *Journal of the Royal Statistical Society*, 26 September 2016.

van Donkelaar, A., R.V. Martin, M. Brauer, N.C. Hsu, R.A. Kahn, R.C. Levy, A. Lyapustin, A.M. Sayer, D.M. Winker, "Global Estimates of Fine Particulate Matter using a Combined Geophysical-Statistical Method with Information from Satellites, Models, and Monitors," *Environ. Sci. Technol* 50, no. 7 (2016): 3762–3772.

World Bank; Food and Agriculture Organization. 2009. The Sunken Billions: The Economic Justification for Fisheries Reform. Agriculture and Rural Development. World Bank. https://openknowledge.worldbank.org/handle/10986/2596

World Bank. 2011. The Changing Wealth of Nations: Measuring Sustainable Development in the New Millennium. Washington, D.C.: World Bank.

World Bank. 2017a. The Sunken Billions Revisited: Progress and Challenges in Global Marine Fisheries. Environment and Development. Washington, DC: World Bank. https://openknowledge.worldbank.org/handle/10986/24056

World Bank. 2017b. World Development Indicators 2017. Washington, D.C.: World Bank.

World Bank. Forthcoming. The Changing Wealth of Nations 2017. Washington, D.C.: World Bank.

Web site: data.worldbank.org Email: data@worldbank.org

ISBN 978-1-4648-1034-3



211034



ARGENTINA ARMENIA ARUBA AUSTRALIA AUSTRIA AZERBAIJAN THE BAHAMAS BAHRAIP Bangladesh Barbados belarus belgium belize benin bermuda bhutan bolivia bosni/

IND HERZEGOVINA BOTSWANA BRAZIL BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS BRUNEI DARUSSALA Bulgaria Burkina faso burundi cabo verde cambodia cameroon canada cayma

ULGARIA BURKINA FASO BURUNDI CABO VERDE CAMBODIA CAMEROON CANADA CAYMA Slands Central African Republic Chad Channel Islands Chile China Colomb Panadaga Penagantia Republic de Canada Penaga at Banga Gasti Righ (1977)

ROATIA CUBA CURAÇAO CYPRUS CZECH REPUBLIC DENMARK DJIBOUTI DOMINICA DOMINICA Bepublic Ecuador Arab Republic of Egypt el Salvador Equatorial Guinea Eritre Catonia Ethiopia Farot Islando el II elmand Edange Edengu, dolynegia Garon el

AMBIA GEORGIA GERMANY GHANA GIBRALTAR GREECE GREENLAND GRENADA GUAM GUATEMAL Buinea Guinea-Bissau Guyana haiti honduras hong kong sar, china hungary icelan Ndia indonesia islamic republic of Iran Iraq ireland isle of Man Israel Italy Jamaic

IAPAN JORDAN KAZAKHSTAN KENYA KIRIBATI DEMOCRATIC PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF KORE Republic of Korea Kosovo Kuwait Kyrgyz Republic IAO People's Democratic Republi Atvia Lebanon Lesotho Liberia Libya Liechtenstein Lithuania Luxembourg Maca

SAK, CHINA FUKMEK YUGUSIAV KEPUBLIG UF MACEUUNIA MADAGASCAK MALAWI MALAYSI Maldives mali malta marshall islands mauritania mauritius mexico federatei States of Micronesia moldova monaco mongolia montenegro morocco mozambiqu Wyanmar namiria najirii nedal netherianns new calenonia new zealand nicaracii.

NIGER NIGERIA NORTHERN MARIANA ISLANDS NORWAY OMAN PAKISTAN PALAU PANAMA PAPU New Guinea Paraguay Peru Philippines Poland Portugal Puerto Rico Qatar Romani Russian Federation Rwanda Samoa san Marino São Tomé and Príncipe Saudi Arabi Senegai Serria Seychelles Sierra Leone Singapore Sint Maarten Slovak Republi

SLOVENIA SOLOMON ISLANDS SOMALIA SOUTH AFRICA SOUTH SUDAN SPAIN SRI LANKA ST Kitts and Nevis St. Lucia St. Martin St. Vincent and the Grenadines Sudan Surinam Swaziland Sweden Switzerland Syrian Arab Republic Tajikistan Tanzania Thailani

AND CAICOS ISLANDS TUVALU UGANDA UKRAINE UNITED ARAB EMIRATES UNITED KINGDON United States uruguay uzbekistan vanuatu república bolivariana de venezuel Vietnam II.s. vircin islands west rank and caza redurilo de vemen zamria zimrarw